# COURSE STRUCTURE AND DETAILED SYLLABUS

## DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

(Applicable for batches admitted from 2020-2021)



VASIREDDY VENKATADRI INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

VASIREDDY VENKATADRI INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY (Autonomous)

Approved by AICTE, Permanently Affiliated to JNTUK, NAAC Accredited with 'A' Grade, ISO 9001:2015 Certified Nambur (V), Pedakakani (M), Guntur (Dt.), Andhra Pradesh – 522 508

## **COURSE STRUCTURE**

# **Definition of Credit (C)**

1 Hour Lecture (L) per week	1 Credit
1 Hour Tutorial (T) per week	1 Credit
1 Hour Practical (P) per week	0.5 Credit

## Structure of B. Tech program Regulation R20

S.No.	Category	Code	Suggested Breakup of Credits by AICTE	Suggested Breakup of Credits by APSCHE	Breakup of Credits
1	HumanitiesandSocialSciencesincludingManagement courses	HS	12	10.5	10.5
2	Basic Science courses	BS	25	21	21
3	EngineeringSciencecourses including workshop,drawing,basicsbasicsofelectrical/mechanical/computer etc	ES	24	24	22.5
4	Professional core courses	PC	48	51	52.5
5	ProfessionalElectivecoursesrelevanttospecialization/branch	PE	18	15	15
6	Open subjects – Electives from other technical and /or emerging subjects	OE	18 12		12
7	Project work, seminar and internship in industry or elsewhere	PR	15	16.5	16.5
8	MandatoryCourses[EnvironmentalSciences,Inductiontraining,Inductiontraining,IndianTraditionalKnowledge]	NC	Non-Credit	Non-Credit Non-Credit	
9	Skill Oriented Courses	SC		10	10
	Total		160	160	160

## SEMESTER-WISE STRUCTURE OF CURRICULUM

S.No.	<b>Course Code</b>	Course Name	L	Т	P	С
1	BS1101	Mathematics-I	2	1	0	3
2	BS1102	Applied Chemistry	3	0	0	3
3	ES1101	Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering	2	1	0	3
4	ES1102	Computer Engineering Workshop	1	0	4	3
5	ES1103	Problem Solving Using C	2	1	0	3
6	BS1101L	Applied Chemistry Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	ES1101L	Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	ES1102L	Problem Solving Using C	0	0	3	1.5
Total Credits 1						

Course structure for eight semesters during four years of study is as follows I Year I Semester (Semester-1)

	Category	Credits
BS	Basic Science Courses	3+3+1.5=7.5
ES	Engineering Science Courses	3+3+3+1.5+1.5=12
HS	Humanities and Social Sciences including Management courses	0
	Total Credits	19.5

## I Year II Semester (Semester-2)

S.No.	<b>Course Code</b>	Course Name	L	Τ	Р	С
1	BS1201	Mathematics - II	2	1	0	3
2	BS1202	Applied Physics	2	1	0	3
3	HS1201	Communicative English	3	0	0	3
4	ES1201	Problem solving using Python	3	0	0	3
5	ES1202	Digital Logic Design	2	1	0	3
6	BS1201L	Applied Physics Lab & Virtual Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	HS1201L	Communicative English Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	ES1201L	Problem solving using Python Lab	0	0	3	1.5
9	MC1201	Environmental Science	2	0	0	0
Total 19						

	Category	Credits
BS	Basic Science Courses	3+3+1.5=7.5
ES	Engineering Science Courses	3+3+1.5=7.5
HS	Humanities and Social Sciences	3+1.5=4.5
	Total Credits	19.5

S.No	Course Code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	С
1	BS2101	Mathematics – III	2	1	0	3
2	PC2101	Mathematical Foundations of Computer Science	2	1	0	3
3	PC2102	Data Structures	3	0	0	3
4	PC2103	Java Programming	3	0	0	3
5	PC2104	Software Engineering	3	0	0	3
6	PC2101L	Data Structures Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	PC2102L	Java Programming Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	PC2103L	UML Lab	0	0	3	1.5
9	SOC2101	Skill Oriented Course-1 (Advanced Python Programming)	0	0	4	2
10	MC2101	Essence of Indian Tradition and Knowledge	2	0	0	0
				То	tal	21. 5

#### II Year I Semester (Semester-3)

	Category	Credits
BS	Basic Science Courses	3
PC	Professional core courses	3+3+3+3+1.5+1.5+1.5=16.5
SOC	Skill Oriented Course	2
	Total Credits	21.5

# II Year II Semester (Semester-4)

S.No.	Course Code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	С
1	BS2201	Probability and Statistics	2	1	0	3
2	ES2201	Computer Organization	3	0	0	3
3	PC2201	Operating Systems	3	0	0	3
4	PC2202	Database Management Systems	3	0	0	3
5	PC2203	Advanced Java Programming	3	0	0	3
6	PC2201L	R Programming Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	PC2202L	Database Management Systems Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	PC2203L	Advanced Java Programming Lab	0	0	3	1.5
9	SOC2201	Skill Oriented Course-2 (Mobile App Development)	0	0	4	2
			То	tal	21.5	
		Internship/Community Service Project				
		2 Months (Mandatory) during summer vacation				
	Minor	Data Structures/Data Base Management Systems	3	1	0	4
	Honors	Any Course from the Pool as per the Opted Track	4	0	0	4

	Category	Credits
BS	Basic Science Courses	3
ES	Engineering Science Courses	3
PC	Professional core courses	3+3+3++1.5+1.5+1.5=13.5
SOC	Skill Oriented Course	2
	Total Credits	21.5

S.No.	Course Code	Course Name	L	Τ	P	С
1	Professional Elective 1	**Can be contemporary Online Certification Courses which are conducted under standard technical bodies or higher learning institutions such as SWAYAM/ NPTEL with 12 weeks duration	0	0	0	3

\*\* A candidate shall complete at least one MOOC course as Professional Elective course 2 of 12 weeks duration.

Enrollment of MOOC course will be initiated from the date of commencement of class work for the second year second semester.

MOOC Course completion certificate must be submitted on or before the completion of fourth year first semester to consider it for regular evaluation, otherwise it will be considered as supplementary.

Student has to pursue and acquire a certificate for a MOOC course only from SWAYAM/NPTEL through online with the approval of Head of the Department concerned in order to earn the 3 credits. List of courses will be announced by the respective board of studies at the time of commencement of classwork for second year second semester.

S.No	Course Code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	С
1	PC3101	Computer Networks	3	0	0	3
2	PC3102	Artificial Intelligence	3	0	0	3
3	PC3103	Automata Theory and Compiler Design	3	0	0	3
4	PE3101	<ul> <li>Professional Elective-II</li> <li>A. Data Warehousing and Data Mining</li> <li>B. Software Project Management</li> <li>C. Computer Graphics</li> <li>D. E-Commerce</li> </ul>	3	0	0	3
5	OE3101	Open Elective-I /Job Oriented Course I Open Electives offered by other departments/Job Oriented Course : Front End Development	3	0	3	3
6	PC3102 L	Unix and Network Programming Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	PC3103 L	Front End Development Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	SAC310 1	Skill Advanced Course: .Net Eco Systems	0	0	4	2
9	MC3101	Indian Constitution	2	0	0	0
10	PR	Summer Internship / Community Service Project 2 Months (Mandatory) after second year (to be evaluated during V semester)	0	0	0	1.5
	-			То	tal	21. 5
	Minor	Operating Systems/ Java Programming	3	1	0	4
	Honors	Any Course from the Pool as per the Opted Track	4	0	0	4

## III Year I Semester (Semester-5)

Category	Credits

HS	Humanities and Social Science Courses	0
PC	Professional Core Courses	3+3+3+1.5+1.5=12
PE	Professional Elective Courses	3
OE	Open Elective Courses/Job Oriented Elective Courses	3
SAC	Skill Advanced Course/Soft Skills Course	2
PR	Summer Internship	1.5
MC	Mandatory course (AICTE)	0
	Total Credits	21.5

## III Year II Semester (Semester-6)

S.N	Course	Course Name			Р	С
0.	Code	Course Nume		-	•	
1	HS3201	Engineering Economics and Management	3	0	0	3
2	PC3202	Design and Analysis of Algorithms	3	0	0	3
3	PC3203	Cryptography and Network Security	3	0	0	3
5	OE3201	Open Elective-II /Job Oriented Course II Open Electives offered by other departments/Job Oriented Course: Machine Learning	3	0	0	3
6	PC3201L	Design and Analysis of Algorithms Lab 0 0 3				1.5
7	PC3202L	Artificial Intelligence & Machine Learning Lab 0 0 3 1				1.5
8	PC3203L	Cryptography Lab 0 0 3 1				1.5
9	SAC3201	Skill Advanced Course-2 (Soft Skills)004				2
	Mc	Entrepreneurial Skill Development	2	0	0	0
				Tot	al	18. 5
		ndustrial/Research Internship				
		2 Months (Mandatory) during summer vacation				
	Minor	Computer Networks/ Data Base Management Systems302				4
	Honors	Any Course from the Pool as per the Opted Track400				4

	Category	Credits
HS	Humanities and Social Science Courses	3
PC	Professional Core Courses	3+3+1.5+1.5+1.5=10.5
OE	Open Elective Courses/Job Oriented Elective Courses	3
SAC	Skill Advanced Course/Soft Skills Course	2
	Total Credits	18.5

S.N 0.	Course Code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	С
1	HSE4101	Universal Human Values-2: Understanding Harmony	3	0	0	3
2	PE4101	Professional Elective-III A. Big Data Analytics B. Software Testing Methodologies C. Image Processing D. Devops	3	0	0	3
3	PE4102	<ul> <li>Professional Elective-IV</li> <li>A. Mobile Computing</li> <li>B. Deep Learning</li> <li>C. Multimedia and Animation</li> <li>D. Cyber Security and Forensics</li> </ul>	3	0	0	3
4	PE4103	Professional Elective-V A. Ui/Ux Design B. No SQL Databases C. Human Computer Interaction D. Network Programming	3	0	0	3
5	OE4101	Open Elective-III /Job Oriented Course III Open Electives offered by other departments/Job Oriented Course: Data Science	3	0	0	3
6	OE4102	Open Elective-1V /Job Oriented Course IV Open Electives offered by other departments/Job Oriented Course : Blockchain Applications using Solidity		0	0	3
7	SAC4101	Selenium/Salesforce Automation /PowerBI	Selenium/Salesforce Automation /PowerBI 0 0 4			
8	PR	Industrial/Research Internship 2 Months (Mandatory) after third year (to be evaluated during VII semester)		0	6	3
			_	Tot	al	2 3
	Minor	Software Engineering / Object Oriented Software Engineering	3	0	2	4
	Honors	Any Course from the Pool as per the Opted Track	4	0	0	4

## IV Year I Semester (Semester-7)

	Category				
PC	Humanities and Social Sciences	3			
PE	Professional Elective Courses	3+3+3=9			
OE	Open Elective Courses/Job Oriented Elective Courses	3+3=6			
SAC	Skill Advanced Course/Soft Skills Course	2			
PR	Summer Internship	3			
	Total Credits	23			

## IV Year II Semester (Semester-8)

S. No	Subject code	Course Name	L	Τ	P	С
1	PROJ4201	Major Project Project work, seminar, and Internship in industry	0	0	0	12
		Internship (6 months)				
		Т	otal	Crec	lits	12

# **Open Elective Courses/Job Oriented Courses**

<b>Open Elective I (3-1)</b>	<b>Open Elective2 (3-2)</b>	<b>Open Elective3 (4-1)</b>	<b>Open Elective4(4-1)</b>
Internet of Things	Machine Learning (Job	Data Science (Job	Blockchain
	Oriented Course)	Oriented Course)	Technologies (Job
			Oriented Course)
E-Waste Management	Environment Pollution	Supply Chain	Optimization
	and Control	Management	Techniques
Green Buildings	Robotics	Disaster Management	Wireless Sensor
			Networks
Full stack (Job	Mobile Adhoc	Cyber Security	Enterprise Resource
Oriented Course)	Networks		Planning

## **Professional Elective Courses**

Professional	Professional	Professional	Professional	Professional
Elective- I (3-1)	Elective- II(3-2)	Elective- III(4-1)	Elective- IV(4-1)	Elective- V(4-1)
Software Project		Software Testing	Agile	Ui/Ux Design
Management		Methodologies	Technologies	
Data warehousing		Big Data	Deep Learning	No SQL
and Data Mining	MOOCS	Analytics		Databases
Computer	WICOCD/	Image Processing	Multimedia &	Human Computer
Graphics	NPTEL/		Application	Interaction
			Development	
E-Commerce	SWAYAM	Devops	Mobile	.Net Frameworks
			Computing	

# **Courses for Honors degree**

Pool 1 (Software Design)	Pool 2 (Software Development)	Pool 3 (Artificial Intelligence & Machine Learning Pool)	Pool4 (Edge Computing)	Pool 5 (Networks & Cyber Security)
Object Oriented	J2EE and J2ME	Natural Language	High	Advanced
Analysis and		Processing	Performance	Database
Design			Computing	Management
				Systmes
Software	SAS (Statistical	Sentiment	Distributed	TCP/IP Protocol
Architecture &	Analysis System)	Analysis	Computing	Suite
Design Patterns				
Software	Fog Computing	Semantic Web	Multi Agent	Bitcoin and
Design and			Systems	Cryptocurrency
System				Technologies

Integration						
Software	Advanced	Data	Information	Quantum	Cyber Laws	
Quality	Mining Tools		Retrieval Systems	Computing		
Assurance	(Industry specif	řic)				
Data Modelling	Testing Tools		Bio Imaging	Grid and Cluster	Ethical Hacking	
and	-			Computing	_	
Visualization	Visualization					
MOOC-1*(NPTEL/SWAYAM) Duration: 12 Weeks minimum						
MOOC-2*(NPTEL/SWAYAM) Duration: 12 Weeks minimum						

\*Course/subject title can't be repeated

Note:

- 1. Students has to acquire 16 credits with minimum one subject from each pool
- 2. Compulsory MOOC/NPTEL course for 4 credits (2 course, each 2 credited)

#### **Minor Courses Offered By IT Department:**

- 1. Java Programming
- 2. Advanced Java Programming
- 3. Operating Systems
- 4. Database Management Systems
- 5. Computer Networks
- 6. Web Technologies
- 7. Free Open Source Software
- 8. .Net Framework
- 9. Full stack Development
- 10. Data Mining

## **VVIT Life skill courses**

The following courses are admitted to be the courses beyond curriculum to improve individual

life skills. These courses and will be demonstrated in the class room and will be having an internal

assessment for satisfactory.

S. No	Year and Semester	Course Name
1	I Year I Semester (Semester-1)	Quantitative Aptitude
2	I Year II Semester (Semester-2)	Verbal Ability
3	II Year I Semester (Semester-3)	Understanding Self for Effectiveness
4	II Year II Semester (Semester-4)	Design Thinking
5	III Year I Semester (Semester-5)	Stress and Coping Strategies
6	III Years II Semester (Semester-6)	Research Skills

I- Year I - Semester	Name of the Course		Т	Р	С
BS1101	Mathematics -I	2	1	0	3

#### **Course Objectives**

- 1. This course will illuminate the students in the concepts of calculus.
- 2. To enlighten the learners in the concept of differential equations and multivariable calculus.
- 3. To equip the students with standard concepts and tools at an intermediate to advanced level mathematics to develop the confidence and ability among the students to handle various real-world problems and their applications.

#### Unit-1

#### Differential equations of first order and first degree

Linear differential equations-Bernoulli's equations - Exact equations and equations reducible to exact form.

**Applications**: Newton's Law of cooling – Law of natural growth and decay – Orthogonal trajectories – Electrical circuits.

#### Unit-2

#### Linear differential equations of higher order

Non-homogeneous equations of higher order with constant coefficients – with non-homogeneous term of the type  $e^{ax}$ , sin ax, cos ax, polynomials in  $x^n$ ,  $e^{ax}V(x)$  and  $x^nV(x)$  - Method of Variation of Parameters.

Applications: LCR circuit – Simple harmonic motion

## Unit-3

#### Mean value theorems

Mean value theorems (without proofs): Rolle's Theorem – Lagrange's mean value theorem – Cauchy's mean value theorem – Taylor's and Maclaurin's theorems with remainders.

## Unit-4

#### **Partial differentiation**

Introduction – Homogeneous function – Euler's theorem - Total derivative – Chain rule – Jacobian – Functional dependence – Taylor's and Mc Laurent's series expansion of functions of two variables. **Applications**: Maxima and Minima of functions of two variables without constraints and Lagrange's method (with constraints).

#### Unit-5

#### Multiple integrals

Double integrals (Cartesian and Polar) – Change of order of integration – Change of variables (Cartesian to Polar) – Triple integrals.

Applications: Areas by double integrals and Volumes by triple integrals.

## **TEXT BOOKS**

1. **B.S. Grewal,** Higher Engineering Mathematics, 44<sup>th</sup> Edition, Khanna Publishers.

2. **B.V. Ramana,** Higher Engineering Mathematics, 2007 Edition, Tata Mc. Graw Hill Education. **REFERENCE BOOKS** 

- 1. **H. K. Das,** Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 22<sup>nd</sup> Edition, S. Chand & Company Ltd.
- 2. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 10<sup>th</sup> Edition, Wiley-India.

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course, the student will be able to

- **CO1.** Solve the differential equations related to various engineering fields.
- **CO2.** Utilize mean value theorems to real life problems.
- **CO3.** Familiarize with functions of several variables which is useful in optimization.
- **CO4.** Apply double integration techniques in evaluating areas bounded by region.
- **CO5.** Learn important tools of calculus in higher dimensions. Students will become familiar with 2-dimensional and 3 dimensional coordinate systems.

## CO – PO MAPPING

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2										1
CO2	3	2										1
CO3	3	2										1
CO4	3	2										1
CO5	3	2										1

## Micro-Syllabus of MATHEMATICS – I (Calculus)

## Unit-1: Differential equations of first order and first degree:

Linear differential equations-Bernoulli's equations - Exact equations and equations reducible to exact form.

**Applications**: Newton's Law of cooling – Law of natural growth and decay – Orthogonal trajectories – Electrical circuits.

Unit	Module		Micro content
	Lincor differen	differential	Solution of Linear differential equations in 'y'
	equations		Solution of Linear differential equations in $'x'$
	equations		Initial value problem
1a. & 2a. Differential	Non-Linear differential equations		Bernoulli's equations
			Equations reducible to Linear differential equations
	Exact different equations	ntial	Solution of Exact differential equations
			Equations reducible to Exact equations
			Integrating factor found by inspection
equations of first			Integrating factor of a Homogeneous equation
dogroo			Integrating factor for an equation of the type
uegree	Non-Exact differen	ntial	$f_1(xy) y dx + f_2(xy) x dy = 0$
	equations		$\partial M = \partial N$
			Integrating factor, if $\frac{\partial y}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial x}$ be a function of 'x'
			$\partial N = \partial M$
			Integrating factor, if $\frac{\partial x  \partial y}{M}$ be a function of 'y'
1h & 2h	Application	of	Newton's Law of cooling
Annlications	differential equati	ons	Law of natural growth and decay
	of first order and f	first	Orthogonal trajectories

	degree El	Electrical circuits			
Unit-2: Linear diff	erential equations of higher	order:			
Non-homogeneous	equations of higher order w	ith constant coefficients - with non-homogeneous			
term of the type $e^{a}$	<sup><i>x</i></sup> , sin <i>ax</i> , cos <i>ax</i> , polynomials	in $x^n$ , $e^{ax}V(x)$ and $x^nV(x)$ - Method of Variation			
of Parameters.					
Applications: LCR	circuit – Simple harmonic mo	otion			
Unit	Module	Micro content			
	Homogeneous equations				
	of higher order with	Finding the Complementary function			
3a. & 4a.	constant coefficients				
Linear		Particular integral of the type $e^{ax}$			
differential	Non-homogeneous	Particular integral of the type 'sinax' ( $or$ ) 'cos $ax$ '			
equations of	equations of higher order	Particular integral of the type $x^n$			
ingher order	with constant coefficients	Particular integral of the type $e^{ax} V(x)$			
		Particular integral of the type $'x^nv(x)'$			
	Applications of Non-	Method of variation of parameters			
3b. & 4b.	homogeneous equations of	LCR circuit			
Applications	higher order with constant coefficients	Basic problems on simple harmonic motion			
Unit-3: Mean valu	e theorems:				
Mean value theore	ems (without proofs): Rolle?	s theorem – Lagrange's mean value theorem –			
Cauchy's mean value theorem – Taylor's and Maclaurin's theorems with remainders					
Caucity S mean van	ie theorem – raylor s and Ma	claurin's theorems with remainders.			
Unit	Module	Micro content			
Unit 5a. & 6a.	Module	Micro content         Rolle's theorem			
Unit 5a. & 6a. Mean value theorems	Module Mean value theorems	Micro content         Rolle's theorem         Lagrange's mean value theorem			
Unit 5a. & 6a. Mean value theorems	Module Mean value theorems	Micro content         Rolle's theorem         Lagrange's mean value theorem         Cauchy's mean value theorem			
Unit 5a. & 6a. Mean value theorems 5b. & 6b. Mean value	Mean value theorems	Claurin's theorems with remainders.Micro contentRolle's theoremLagrange's mean value theoremCauchy's mean value theoremTaylor's expansions of $f(x)$			
Unit 5a. & 6a. Mean value theorems 5b. & 6b. Mean value theorems	Mean value theorems Mean value theorems	Micro contentRolle's theoremLagrange's mean value theoremCauchy's mean value theoremTaylor's expansions of $f(x)$ Maclaurin's expansions of $f(x)$			
Unit 5a. & 6a. Mean value theorems 5b. & 6b. Mean value theorems Unit-4: Partial diff	Mean value theorems Mean value theorems	Claurin's theorems with remainders.Micro contentRolle's theoremLagrange's mean value theoremCauchy's mean value theoremTaylor's expansions of $f(x)$ Maclaurin's expansions of $f(x)$			
Unit 5a. & 6a. Mean value theorems 5b. & 6b. Mean value theorems Unit-4: Partial diff Introduction – Hom	Module         Mean value theorems         Mean value theorems         ferentiation:         ogeneous function – Euler's theorem	Micro content         Rolle's theorem         Lagrange's mean value theorem         Cauchy's mean value theorem         Taylor's expansions of $f(x)$ Maclaurin's expansions of $f(x)$ neorem - Total derivative – Chain rule – Jacobians –			
Unit 5a. & 6a. Mean value theorems 5b. & 6b. Mean value theorems Unit-4: Partial diff Introduction – Hom Functional depende	Module         Mean value theorems         Mean value theorems         Gerentiation:         ogeneous function – Euler's theorem         nce – Taylor's and Mc Lauren	Micro contentRolle's theoremLagrange's mean value theoremCauchy's mean value theoremTaylor's expansions of $f(x)$ Maclaurin's expansions of $f(x)$ heorem - Total derivative – Chain rule – Jacobians – t's series expansion of functions of two variables.			
Unit5a. & 6a.Meanvaluetheorems5b. & 6b.MeanvaluetheoremsUnit-4: Partial diffIntroduction – HomFunctional dependeApplications: Maximum	Module         Mean value theorems         Mean value theorems         ferentiation:         ogeneous function – Euler's theorem         ince – Taylor's and Mc Lauren         ima and Minima of functions	Micro contentRolle's theoremLagrange's mean value theoremCauchy's mean value theoremTaylor's expansions of $f(x)$ Maclaurin's expansions of $f(x)$ heorem - Total derivative – Chain rule – Jacobians – t's series expansion of functions of two variables. of two variables without constraints and Lagrange's			
Catchy's mean valueUnit5a. & 6a.Meanvaluetheorems5b. & 6b.MeanvaluetheoremsUnit-4: Partial diffIntroduction – HomFunctional dependeApplications: Maximethod (with constr	Mean value theorems         Mean value theorems         Gerentiation:         ogeneous function – Euler's theorem         ima and Minima of functions         raints).	Micro contentRolle's theoremLagrange's mean value theoremCauchy's mean value theoremTaylor's expansions of $f(x)$ Maclaurin's expansions of $f(x)$ heorem - Total derivative – Chain rule – Jacobians – t's series expansion of functions of two variables. of two variables without constraints and Lagrange's			
Unit 5a. & 6a. Mean value theorems 5b. & 6b. Mean value theorems Unit-4: Partial diff Introduction – Hom Functional depende Applications: Maximethod (with constru-	Module         Mean value theorems         Mean value theorems         Gerentiation:         ogeneous function – Euler's theorem         ima and Minima of functions         raints).         Module	Micro contentRolle's theoremLagrange's mean value theoremCauchy's mean value theoremTaylor's expansions of $f(x)$ Maclaurin's expansions of $f(x)$ heorem - Total derivative – Chain rule – Jacobians – t's series expansion of functions of two variables. of two variables without constraints and Lagrange'sMicro content			
Unit 5a. & 6a. Mean value theorems 5b. & 6b. Mean value theorems Unit-4: Partial diff Introduction – Hom Functional depende Applications: Maximethod (with constri Unit	Mean value theorems         Mean value theorems         Mean value theorems         Gerentiation:         togeneous function – Euler's theorem         ima and Minima of functions         raints).         Module	Micro contentRolle's theoremLagrange's mean value theoremCauchy's mean value theoremTaylor's expansions of $f(x)$ Maclaurin's expansions of $f(x)$ heorem - Total derivative – Chain rule – Jacobians – tt's series expansion of functions of two variables. of two variables without constraints and Lagrange'sMicro contentEuler's theorem			
Catchy sincal valueUnit5a. & 6a.Meanvaluetheorems5b. & 6b.MeanvaluetheoremsUnit-4: Partial diffIntroduction – HomFunctional dependeApplications: Maximethod (with construction of the construction o	Mean value theorems         Mean value theorems         Mean value theorems         ferentiation:         ogeneous function – Euler's theorem         ima and Minima of functions         raints).         Module         Partial Differentiation	Micro contentRolle's theoremLagrange's mean value theoremCauchy's mean value theoremTaylor's expansions of $f(x)$ Maclaurin's expansions of $f(x)$ heorem - Total derivative – Chain rule – Jacobians – t's series expansion of functions of two variables. of two variables without constraints and Lagrange'sMicro contentEuler's theoremTotal derivative			
Unit 5a. & 6a. Mean value theorems 5b. & 6b. Mean value theorems Unit-4: Partial diff Introduction – Hom Functional depende Applications: Maximethod (with construction) Unit 7a. & 8a. Partial differentiation	Mean value theorems         Mean value theorems         Mean value theorems         Gerentiation:         ogeneous function – Euler's theorem         ima and Minima of functions         raints).         Module         Partial Differentiation	Micro contentRolle's theoremLagrange's mean value theoremCauchy's mean value theoremTaylor's expansions of $f(x)$ Maclaurin's expansions of $f(x)$ heorem - Total derivative – Chain rule – Jacobians – t's series expansion of functions of two variables. of two variables without constraints and Lagrange'sMicro contentEuler's theoremTotal derivativeChain rule			
Cauchy's mean valueUnit5a. & 6a.Meanvaluetheorems5b. & 6b.MeanvaluetheoremsUnit-4: Partial diffIntroduction – HomFunctional dependeApplications: Maximethod (with construction)Unit7a. & 8a.Partialdifferentiation	Mean value theorems         Mean value theorems         Mean value theorems         Gerentiation:         togeneous function – Euler's theorem         ima and Minima of functions         raints).         Module         Partial Differentiation	Micro contentRolle's theoremLagrange's mean value theoremCauchy's mean value theoremTaylor's expansions of $f(x)$ Maclaurin's expansions of $f(x)$ heorem - Total derivative – Chain rule – Jacobians – t's series expansion of functions of two variables. of two variables without constraints and Lagrange'sMicro contentEuler's theoremTotal derivativeChain ruleJacobians			
Catchy sincal valueUnit5a. & 6a.Meanvaluetheorems5b. & 6b.MeanvaluetheoremsUnit-4: Partial diffIntroduction – HomFunctional dependeApplications: Maximethod (with construction)Unit7a. & 8a.Partialdifferentiation	Mean value theorems         Mean value theorems         Mean value theorems         Gerentiation:         ogeneous function – Euler's theorem         ima and Minima of functions         raints).         Module         Partial Differentiation	Micro contentRolle's theoremLagrange's mean value theoremCauchy's mean value theoremTaylor's expansions of $f(x)$ Maclaurin's expansions of $f(x)$ heorem - Total derivative – Chain rule – Jacobians – t's series expansion of functions of two variables. of two variables without constraints and Lagrange'sMicro contentEuler's theoremTotal derivativeChain ruleJacobiansTaylor's and Mc Laurent's series expansion of			
Catchy's mean valueUnit5a. & 6a.Mean valuetheorems5b. & 6b.Mean valuetheoremsUnit-4: Partial diffIntroduction – HomFunctional dependeApplications: Maximethod (with construint)7a. & 8a.Partialdifferentiation7b. & 8b.	Mean value theorems         Mean value theorems         Mean value theorems         Gerentiation:         ogeneous function – Euler's theorem         ima and Minima of functions         raints).         Module         Partial Differentiation         Applications of Partial	Micro contentRolle's theoremLagrange's mean value theoremCauchy's mean value theoremTaylor's expansions of $f(x)$ Maclaurin's expansions of $f(x)$ heorem - Total derivative – Chain rule – Jacobians – t's series expansion of functions of two variables. of two variables without constraints and Lagrange'sMicro contentEuler's theoremTotal derivativeChain ruleJacobiansTaylor's and Mc Laurent's series expansion of functions of two variables			
Catchy's mean valueUnit5a. & 6a.Mean valuetheorems5b. & 6b.Mean valuetheoremsUnit-4: Partial diffIntroduction – HomFunctional dependeApplications: Maximethod (with construint)Ta. & 8a.Partialdifferentiation7b. & 8b.Applications	Mean value theorems         Mean value theorems         Mean value theorems         Gerentiation:         ogeneous function – Euler's theorem         ima and Minima of functions         raints).         Module         Partial Differentiation         Applications of Partial         Differentiation	Micro contentRolle's theoremLagrange's mean value theoremCauchy's mean value theoremTaylor's expansions of $f(x)$ Maclaurin's expansions of $f(x)$ meorem - Total derivative – Chain rule – Jacobians – tt's series expansion of functions of two variables. of two variables without constraints and Lagrange'sMicro contentEuler's theoremTotal derivativeChain ruleJacobiansTaylor's and Mc Laurent's series expansion of functions of two variablesMacobiansMacobiansTaylor's and Mc Laurent's series expansion of functions of two variablesMaxima and Minima of functions of two variables			

## **Unit-5: Multiple integrals:**

Double integrals (Cartesian and Polar) – Change of order of integration – Change of variables (Cartesian to Polar) – Triple integrals.

**Applications**: Areas by double integrals and Volumes by triple integrals.

Unit	Module	Micro content
0. 8 10.		Double integrals
9a. & 10a. Multiple	Evaluation of Double	Change of order of integration
integrals	Integrals	Double integrals in Polar co-ordinates
integrais		Change of variables
	Evaluation of Triple	Triple integrals
9b. & 10b.	Integrals	Thple integrais
Applications	Applications of Multiple	Areas by double integrals
	Integrals	Volumes by triple integrals

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I- Year I - Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
BS1102	Applied Chemistry	3	0	0	3

## **Pre-Requisites:**

Knowledge of basic concepts of chemistry for Engineering students will help them as professional engineers later in design and material selection as well as utilizing the available resources.

## **Course Objectives**

- 1. Significance of various types of plastic materials in household appliances and composites (FRP) in aerospace and automotive industries.
- Understand the basic concepts of electrochemistry, which are useful to construct the electrochemical cells, batteries and fuel cells.
   Understand the theories and mechanism of correction and its prevention.

Illustrate the theories and mechanism of corrosion and its prevention.

- 3. Importance of advanced materials and their engineering applications.
- 4. Make use of molecular machines in supramolecular chemistry and need of green chemistry.
- 5. Design and construction of advanced instrumental techniques and recall their importance.

## Unit-1

## POLYMER TECHNOLOGY

**Polymerisation**: Introduction-Methods of polymerisation-(emulsion and suspension)-Physical and mechanical properties.

**Plastics**: Compounding-Fabrication (compression, injection, blown film, extrusion)-Preparation, properties and applications of PVC, ploycarbonates and Bakelite-Mention some examples of plastic materials used in electronic gadgets, recycling of e-plastic waste.

**Elastomers**: Natural rubber-Drawbacks-Vulcanization-Preparation-Properties and applications of synthetic rubbers (Buna S, thiokol and polyurethanes)

Composite Materials: Fiber reinforced plastics-CFRP and GFRP

**Conducting polymers**: Polyacetylene, doped conducting polymers -p-type and n-type doping.

Bio degradable polymers: Biopolymers and biomedical polymers.

## Unit-2

## ELECTROCHEMICAL CELLS AND CORROSION

Single electrode potential-Electrochemical series and uses of series-Standard hydrogen electrode, calomel electrode, concentration cell, construction of glass electrode, Batteries: Dry cell, Ni-Cd cells, Ni-Metal hydride cells, Li-ion battery, Zinc air cells, Fuel cells-H<sub>2</sub>–O<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>OH-O<sub>2</sub>, phosphoric acid, molten carbonate.

**Corrosion**: Definition-theories of corrosion (chemical and electrochemical)-galvanic corrosion, differential aeration corrosion, stress corrosion, water-line corrosion- passivity of metals-galvanic series-factors influencing rate of corrosion-corrosion control: (proper designing, cathodic protection)-protective coatings: cathodic and anodic coatings, electroplating, electroless plating (nickel), paints (constituents and its functions).

## Unit-3 MATERIAL CHEMISTRY

**Non-elemental semiconducting materails**: Stoichiometric, controlled valency & chalcogen photo/semiconductors-preparation of semiconductors (distillation, zone refining, Czochralski crystal pulling technique) – Semiconductor devices (p-n junction diode as rectifier, junction transistor)

**Nano materials**: Introduction, sol-gel method, characterization by BET, SEM and TEM methods, applications of graphene-carbon nanotubes and fullerenes: Types, preparation of carbon nanomaterials by carbon-arc, laser abalation methods.

Liquid crystals: Introduction-types-applications.

**Superconductors**: Meissner effect, type- I and type- II superconductors, characteristics and applications.

## Unit-4

## ADVANCED CONCEPTS AND GREEEN CHEMISTRY

**Molecular switches and machines**: Introduction to supramolecular chemistry, characteristics of molecular motors and machines. Rotaxanes and Catenanes as artificial molecular machines. Protypes linear motions in Rotaxanes, and acid-base controlled molecular shuttle, a molecular elevator, an autonomous light –powered molecular motors, natural molecular motors and machine.

**Green chemistry:** Principles of green chemistry, green synthesis – aqueous phase, microwave assisted chemical reactions and phase transfer catalysis (PTC).

## Unit-5

## SPECTROSCOPIC TECHNIQUES & NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES

**Spectroscopic Techniques:** Electromagneticspectrum-types of molecular spectra and their absorption criteria.

**UV**-visible spectroscopy (electronic spectroscopy), Frank-Condon principle, Beer-Lambert's law and its limitations, chromophores and auxochromes – \*applications of UV visible spectroscopy.

**IR** spectroscopy – functional group and finger print region – molecular vibrations – stretching and bending vibrations – \*applications of IR.

**NMR** (Nuclear magnetic resonance): Working principle and instrumentation of NMR – chemical  $shift(\delta) - applications of NMR$ .

(\*only general applications – without any spectroscopic problems regarding quantitative and qualitative analysis.)

**Non-conventional energy sources**: Design, working, schematic diagram, advantages and disadvantages of photovoltaic cell, organic photo-voltaic, hydropower, geothermal power, tidal, ocean thermal energy conversion (OTEC) – open cycle OTEC, closed cycle OTEC and hybrid cycle OTEC.

## **REFERENCE BOOKS**

1. A text book of Engineering Chemistry by S.S. Dara, S. S. Umare; S. Chand & Co., Ltd., Latest Edition.

2. Engineering Chemistry by Shashi Chawla; Dhanpat Rai Publicating Co., Latest Edition.

## **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Engineering Chemistry by Jain & Jain; Dhanpat Rai Publicating Co., Latest Edition
- 2. Engineering Chemistry by Shikha Agarwal; Cambridge University Press, 2019 Edition.
- 3. Engineering Chemistry by Prasanth Rath, B. Ramadevi, Ch. Venkata Ramana Reddy, Subendu Chakravarthy; Cengage Publications, 2019 Edition.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the students will be able to

- **CO1. explain** the preparation, properties and applications of thermoplastics, thermosettings, elastomers and conducting polymers.
- **CO2. know** the importance of various materials and their uses in the construction of batteries and fuel cells.
- CO3. know the applications of advanced materials in various industries.
- **CO4. apply** the principles of supramolecular chemistry in the applications of molecular machines, need of green chemistry.
- **CO5.** explain the principles of spectrometry such as UV, IR, and NMR.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	2					3					
CO2	2	2					2					
CO3	2	2					2					
CO4	2	2					3					
CO5	2	2					3					

## CO PO MAPPING

(Strong - 3; Moderate - 2; Weak - 1)

## **Micro-Syllabus of Applied Chemistry**

## **<u>UNIT-I:</u>** POLYMER TECHNOLOGY

*Polymerisation*:Introduction-Methods of polymerisation-(emulsion and suspension)-Physical and mechanical properties.

*Plastics:* Compounding-Fabrication (compression, injection, blown film, extrusion)-Preparation, properties and applications of PVC, ploycarbonates and Bakelite-Mention some examples of plastic materials used in electronic gadgets, recycling of e-plastic waste.

*Elastomers:* Natural rubber-Drawbacks-Vulcanization-Preparation-Properties and applications of synthetic rubbers (Buna S, thiokol and polyurethanes)

*Composite Materials*: Fiber reinforced plastics-CFRP and GFRP.

*Conducting polymers:* Polyacetylene, doped conducting polymers- p-type and n-type doping.

*Bio degradable polymers*: Biopolymers and biomedical polymers.

Unit	Module	Micro content
Polymerization	Introduction, Methods of Polymerization And Properties of Polymers	Introduction - Polymer, monomer, functionality and polymerization. Methods of polymerisation - Emulsion and suspension Physical and mechanical properties of polymers.
Plastics	Compounding of plastics, fabrication of polymer articles, preparation, properties and applications of some polymers,	Compounding of plastics Fabrication of polymer articles – compression, injection, blowing, extrusion Preparation, properties and applications of PVC, ploycarbonates and Bakelite Mention some examples of plastic materials used in

## 14 HRS

	e-plastic and disposal of e-plastic waste.	electronic gadgets, recycling of e-plastic waste.			
Elastomers	Natural Rubber, vulcanization, synthetic rubbers	Natural rubber – Drawbacks – Vulcanization Preparation – Properties and applications of synthetic rubbers – Buna S, thiokol and polyurethane rubbers.			
Composite materials	Fiber reinforced plastics	Fiber Reinforced Plastics (FRP) – CFRP and GFRP.			
Conducting polymers	Polyacetylene polymer, p-type and n-type doping	Polyacetylene, doped conducting polymers- p-type and n-type doping.			
Biodegradable polymers	Biopolymers and biomedical polymers	Biopolymers and biomedical polymers – polylactic acid polyglycolic acid polymers			

# **<u>UNIT-II:</u>** ELECTROCHEMICAL CELLS AND CORROSION 12 HRS

Single electrode potential - Electrochemical series and uses of series - Standard hydrogen electrode, calomel electrode, concentration cell, construction of glass electrode, Batteries: Dry cell, Ni-Cd cells, Ni-Metal hydride cells, Li-ion battery, Zinc air cells, Fuel cells-H<sub>2</sub>–O<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>OH-O<sub>2</sub>, phosphoric acid, molten carbonate.

*Corrosion:* Definition - theories of corrosion (chemical and electrochemical)-galvanic corrosion, differential aeration corrosion, stress corrosion, water-line corrosion- passivity of metals-galvanic series-factors influencing rate of corrosion-corrosion control: (proper designing, cathodic protection)-protective coatings: cathodic and anodic coatings, electroplating, electroless plating (nickel), paints (constituents and its functions).

Unit	Module	Micro content				
Introduction	Single electrode notential	Oxidation potential				
Introduction	Single electrode potential	Reduction potential				
Concentration cells	Electrode concentration cell and electrolyte concentration cell	Electrode concentration cell and electrolyte concentration cell				
		Definition – Electro chemical series				
Electro chemical	Flectro chemical series	Significances of Electro chemical series				
series	Liceu o chemical series	Differences between Electro chemical series and				
	Standard Hydrogen	Working Principle and Construction of a				
Reference	Electrode	– Standard Hydrogen Electrode				
electrodes	Calomel Electrode	– Calomel Electrode				
	Glass Electrode	– Glass Electrode				
	Introduction	Definition – Corrosion				
		Chemical Theory of Corrosion / Dry Corrosion				
	Theories of Corrosion	Electro Chemical Theory of Corrosion /				
Corrosion		Wet Corrosion				
	Types of Corrosion	Galvanic corrosion, Differential aeration corrosion, Stress corrosion, Water-line corrosion				
	Passivity of metals	Passivity, Examples for passive metals				
Factors affecting	(a) Nature of metal	(a) Nature of metal: (i) Position of metal in the				

rate of Corrosion		Galvanic series (ii) Purity of metal (iii) Relative
		surface area of anodic and cathodic metal (iv)
		Nature of oxide film (v) Physical state of metal
		(vi) Solubility and volatility of corrosion products
		(b) Nature of environment: (i) Temperature
		(ii) Humidity (iii) pH of the medium (iv)
	(b) Nature of environment	Establishment of oxygen concentration cell (v)
		Impurities of the atmosphere (vi) Polarization of
		electrodes
<b>Corrosion control</b>	Cathodia protection	Sacrificial anodic protection, impressed cathodic
methods		current
	Cathodic and Anodic	Galvanizing and Tinning
	coatings	Garvanizing and Thinnig
	Electroplating	Electroplating with example
	Electroless plating	Nickel Electroless plating
	Paints	Constituents of paints and its functions

## **UNIT-III: MATERIAL CHEMISTRY**

## 12 HRS

*Non-elemental semiconducting materails*: Stoichiometric, controlled valency & chalcogen photo / semiconductors - Preparation of semiconductors (distillation, zone refining, Czochralski crystal pulling technique) – Semiconductor devices (p-n junction diode as rectifier, junction transistor) Nano materials: Introduction, sol-gel method, characterization by BET, SEM and TEM methods,

applications of graphene-carbon nanotubes and fullerenes: Types, preparation of carbon nanomaterials by carbon-arc, laser abalation methods.

*Liquid crystals*: Introduction – types-applications.

*Superconductors*: Meissner effect, type- I and type- II superconductors, characteristics and applications.

Unit	Module	Micro content		
	Non elemental	Stoichiometric, controlled valency & chalcogen		
	semiconductors	photo / semiconductors		
Non elemental semiconducting	Preparation, purification and fabrication of	Preperation – Distillation, zone refining, Czochralski crystal pulling technique		
materials	Applications of			
	semiconducting devices	p-n junction diode as rectifier, junction transistor		
Nano materials	Introduction, sol-gel method, characterization of nano materials Applications of graphene	Introduction to Nano materials, Sol-gel method, characterization by BET, SEM and TEM methods,		
	Preparation of carbon nanomaterials	Carbon-arc, laser abalation methods.		
Liquid crystals	Introduction, Types, Applications	Introduction, Thermotropic and Lyotropic liquid crystals, nematic and smectic liquid crystals, Applications of liquid crystals		
Superconductors	Introduction, Characteristics and Applications	Introiduction, Meissner effect, type-I and type-II superconductors, characteristics and applications.		

## **<u>UNIT-IV</u>**: ADVANCED CONCEPTS AND GREEEN CHEMISTRY 10 HRS

*Molecular motors/ machines*: Introduction to supramolecular chemistry, characteristics of molecular motors. Rotaxanes and Catenanes as artificial molecular machines. molecular shuttle, a molecular elevator, an autonomous light –powered molecular motors.

*Green chemistry:* Principles of green chemistry, green synthesis – aqueous phase, microwave assisted chemical reactions and phase transfer catalysis (PTC).

Unit	Module	Micro content
Malaaslas	Introduction to supramolecular chemistry Moleculatr Motors.	Introduction to supramolecular chemistry, characteristics of molecular motors.
motors/ machines	Natural Molecular Motors and Artificial Molecular Motors	Natural Molecular Motors, Artificial Molecular Machines: Rotaxanes and Catenanes. Molecular shuttle, a molecular elevator, an autonomous light –powered molecular motors
Green chemistry	Principles of Green Chemistry Green Synthetic Methods	<ul> <li>12 Principles of green chemistry, green synthesis</li> <li>– aqueous phase, microwave assisted chemical reactions and phase transfer catalysis (PTC).</li> </ul>

# <u>UNIT-V</u>: SPECTROSCOPIC TECHNIQUES & NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES 12 HRS

*Spectroscopic Techniques:*Electromagneticspectrum-types of molecular spectra and their absorption criteria.

*UV*-visible spectroscopy (electronic spectroscopy), Frank-Condon principle, Beer-Lambert's law and its limitations, chromophores and auxochromes – \*applications of UV visible spectroscopy.

*IR* spectroscopy – functional group and finger print region – molecular vibrations – stretching and bending vibrations – \*applications of IR.

*NMR* (Nuclear magnetic resonance): Working principle and instrumentation of NMR – chemical  $shift(\delta) - sapplications of NMR$ .

(\*only general applications – without any spectroscopic problems regarding quantitative and qualitative analysis.)

*Non-conventional energy sources*: Design, working, schematic diagram, advantages and disadvantages of photovoltaic cell, organic photo-voltaic, hydropower, geothermal power, tidal, ocean thermal energy conversion (OTEC) – open cycle OTEC, closed cycle OTEC and hybrid cycle OTEC.

Unit	Module	Micro content				
Spectroscopic	Introduction to	Electromagneticspectrum-types of molecular				
Techniques	Electromagneticspectrum	spectra and their absorption criteria.				
UV	UV Visible Spectroscopy Applications	UV – Visible spectroscopy (electronic spectroscopy), Frank-Condon principle, Beer- Lambert's law and its limitations, chromophores and auxochromes – *applications of UV visible spectroscopy.				
IR	IR Spectroscopy, Applications	<i>IR</i> spectroscopy – functional group and finger print region – molecular vibrations – stretching and bending vibrations – *applications of IR.				
NMR	NMR Spectroscopy,	NMR (Nuclear magnetic resonance): Working				

	Applications	principle and instrumentation of NMR -			
		chemical shift( $\delta$ ) – *applications of NMR.			
		(Note: *only general applications – without any			
		spectroscopic problems regarding quantitative			
		and qualitative analysis.)			
Non-conventional energy sources	Photovoltaic cells, Organic Photovoltaic cells, hydropower, geo thermal power, tidal and ocean thermal energy conversion	Design, working, schematic diagram, advantages and disadvantages of photovoltaic cell, organic photo-voltaic cell, hydropower, geothermal power, tidal, ocean thermal energy conversion (OTEC) – open cycle OTEC, closed cycle OTEC and hybrid cycle OTEC.			

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I- Year I - Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
ES1101	<b>Basic Electrical &amp; Electronics Engineering</b>	2	1	0	3

#### **Course Objectives**

- To introduce basics of electric circuits and to teach DC and AC electrical circuit analysis.
- To explain the working principles DC machines and speed control of various DC motors.
- To explain the working principles of transformers and AC machines and its applications.
- To introduce the basics of semiconductor physics and operation and applications of Diodes.
- To introduce the basics of transistors and explain the transistor configurations

#### Unit-1

#### DC & AC Circuits

**DC Circuits:** Electrical circuit elements (R - L and C) - Kirchhoff's laws -Voltage and Current division rules-series, parallel circuits and star-delta and delta-star transformations- [Elementary treatment only]

**AC Circuits:** Representation of sinusoidal waveforms - Peak and RMS values - phasor representation - real power - reactive power - apparent power - power factor. [Elementary treatment only]

#### Unit-2

#### **DC Machines**

**DC Generator:** Construction-Principle and operation of DC Generator - EMF equation -Types– Applications [Elementary treatment only]

**DC Motor**: Principle and operation of DC Motor – types-Torque equation - Speed control of DC Motor-Brake test- Swinburne's test-Applications. [Elementary treatment only]

#### Unit-3

#### AC Machines

**Single Phase Transformer:** Construction, Principle and operation of Single-Phase Transformer – EMF Equation-Losses-Efficiency. [Elementary treatment only]

**Three Phase Induction Motor**: Construction- Principle and operation of three phase Induction Motor-Types- Applications. [Elementary treatment only].

#### Unit-4

#### **Semiconductor Devices**

Semiconductor Physics, PN Junction Diode & Zener Diode-characteristics- Applications: Rectifiers (Half Wave Rectifier & Full Wave Rectifier) [Elementary treatment only], Clippers and Clampers.

#### Unit-5

#### **Bipolar Junction Transistors**

Construction and working of bipolar junction transistor, CB, CE and CC Configurations and characteristics. [Elementary treatment only], Transistors as amplifiers, op-amp basics.

#### **Text Books**

- 1. D. P. Kothari and I. J. Nagrath- "Basic Electrical Engineering" Tata McGraw Hill 2010.
- 2. Electronic Devices and Circuits, R. L. Boylestad and Louis Nashelsky, 9<sup>th</sup> edition, PEI/PHI 2006.

#### References

- 1. L. S. Bobrow- "Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering" Oxford University Press 2011.
- 2. E. Hughes "Electrical and Electronics Technology" Pearson 2010.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to

- **CO1.** Apply concepts of KVL/KCL in solving DC circuits.(Apply, Find, Solve)
- CO2. Choose correct machine for a specific application. (Understand, Apply)
- **CO3.** Illustrate working principles of DC and AC Machines. (Understand, Apply)
- CO4. Describe working principles of diodes and transistors. (Understand, Apply)
- CO5. Understand the applications of diodes and transistors. (Understand, Analyze)

## **CO PO MAPPING**

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2										1
CO2	3	2										1
CO3	3											1
<b>CO4</b>	3	2										1
CO5	3											1

(Strong – 3; Moderate – 2; Weak – 1)

## Micro-Syllabus of Basic Electrical & Electronics Engineering

## UNIT-I: DC & AC Circuits:

## **DC Circuits:**

Electrical circuit elements (R - L and C) – Kirchhoff's laws -Voltage and Current division rulesseries, parallel circuits and star-delta and delta-star transformations- [Elementary treatment only] AC Circuits:

Representation of sinusoidal waveforms - Peak and RMS values - phasor representation - real power - reactive power - apparent power - power factor.[Elementary treatment only]

Unit	Module	Micro content							
		Definitions of Voltage, Current, Power & Energy							
	Definitions & circuit	Types and Classification of circuit elements: R, L, C							
	elements	elements Active, Passive; unilateral, bilateral; linear,							
		nonlinear; lumped, distributed elements							
		Ohm's Law. Active elements -Representation of							
1 o or 2 o		Voltage and current sources in ideal and Practical cases							
La UI 2.a DC Circuits	Ohm's law,	and Passive elements -Voltage & Current relationship							
DC Circuits	KCL, KVL, Voltage &	of R - L and C elements							
	Current Division rules	Kirchhoff's Voltage and current laws -series and							
		parallel circuits of R, L & C elements, Voltage and							
		Current division rules for resistive circuit only							
	STAR-DELTA	star-delta and delta-star transformations of resistive							
	transformation	circuit only [Elementary treatment only]							

1.b or 2.b AC Circuits	Phasor representation & AC fundamentals	Representationofsinusoidalwaveforms-Phasedifferenceandphasorrepresentationofsinusoidalwaveforms </th
	AC circuits & Power	Definitions of reactance and Impedance, real power - reactive power - apparent power - power factor. [Elementary treatment only]

## UNIT-II: DC Machines:

## DC Generator:

Construction-Principle and operation of DC Generator - EMF equation -Types- Applications [Elementary treatment only]

## **DC Motor**:

Principle and operation of DC Motor – types-Torque equation - Speed control of DC Motor-Brake test- Swinburne's test-Applications. [Elementary treatment only]

Unit	Module	Micro content					
		Construction details of dc generator-Field System,					
		Armature					
		Principle and operation of DC generator					
3 a or 4 a	DC generator principle of	derivation of generated EMF-Simple problems on					
DC generators	operation & applications	generated EMF					
	operation & applications	Types of dc generators- Separately and Self					
		excited (Shunt and series generators equivalent					
		circuit [Elementary treatment only]) and					
		applications.					
		Principle operation of DC Motor					
	DC Motor principle of operation & Back EMF	Significance of Back EMF-Simple problems on					
		Back EMF					
		Derivation of Torque Equation-Simple problems					
3.h or 4.h		on Torque Equation Torque equation of DC motor					
DC Motors	Types of DC motors &	Types of DC Motors (Shunt and series motors					
	Applications	equivalent circuit) and Applications					
	DC motor Speed control	speed control (armature and field control methods)					
	tecnniques						
	Testing of DC machines	Brake test procedure-Swinburne's test procedure					
	C	[Elementary treatment only]					

## **UNIT-III: AC Machines:**

## Single Phase Transformer:

Construction, Principle and operation of Single-Phase Transformer –EMF Equation-Losses-Efficiency. [Elementary treatment only]

**Three Phase Induction Motor**: Construction- Principle and operation of three phase Induction Motor-Types- Applications. [Elementary treatment only].

Unit Module	Micro content
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5.a or 6.a Single Phase transformer	Basics of transformer	Construction, principle of operation of single-phase transformer, Types of single-phase transformer				
	EMF equation &	EMF Equation of a transformer and simple problems on EMF equation of single-phase transformer				
	Phasor diagram	Ideal Transformer on NO load with phasor diagram				
	Transformer performance	Losses, Efficiency. [Elementary treatment only]				
	Basics of 3-phase induction motor	Construction and principles of 3-phase induction motor				
5.b. or 6.b Three Phase Induction Motor	Types and applications	Types (Squirrel Cage and slip ring induction motor construction)- Applications				

# **UNIT – IV: Semiconductor Devices**

Semiconductor Physics, PN Junction Diode & Zener Diode-characteristics- Applications: Rectifiers (Half Wave Rectifier & Full Wave Rectifier) [Elementary treatment only], Clippers and Clampers.

Unit	Module	Micro content						
	Semiconductor Physics PN Junction Diode & Zener Diode	Classification of materials based on energy band diagram						
		Current density in conductor, Intrinsic semiconductor & properties of silicon and germanium						
7.a. or 8.a Semiconductor physics & Diodes		Extrinsic semiconductor: P-type and N-type, Conductivity of extrinsic semiconductor and law of mass action, Diffusion & Drift currents-N junction formation.						
		Working principle of PN junction diode: forward bias, reverse bias						
		Diode current equation (Expression only), Basic problems on usage of diode current equation.						
		Diode circuit models: Ideal Diode Model, Ideal Diode Model with $V_{\gamma}$ . Reverse breakdown phenomena, Zener diode characteristics						
	Voltage regulator	Zener Diode as Voltage Regulator						
7.b or 8.b Diode Applications	Diode Rectifier Circuits	PN junction Diode Rectifiers (Working principle Input and Output Waveforms and Expressions of output DC voltage for each) PN junction Diode Rectifiers (Working principle, Input and Output Waveforms and Expressions of output DC voltage for each)						
	Clipper circuits	Bridge. Basics of Clippers: Series Positive, Series						

	negative,	Shunt	Positive,	Shunt	negative,	Dual
	clipping (v	vithout	bias voltag	e).		

# **UNIT V: Bipolar Junction Transistors**

Construction and working of bipolar junction transistor, CB, CE and CC Configurations and characteristics. [Elementary treatment only], Transistors as amplifiers, op-amp basics.

Unit	Module	Micro content			
	BJT construction &	Periodic functions Construction, Configuration and models			
9.a or 10.a	working	Working of BJT, Definitions of $\alpha$ , $\beta$ and $\gamma$			
BJT		CB characteristics: Input, output characteristics,			
		current relation, dynamic input and output			
	BJT CB, CE	resistances and base-width modulation			
	characteristics	CE characteristics: Input, output characteristics,			
		current relation, dynamic input and output			
		resistances			
	BJT Amplifier	Transistor as an amplifier			
	Pasias of OD amp &	Block diagram of OP-AMP (Qualitative			
0 h or 10 h	Basics of OP-amp &	treatment)			
9.0 of 10.0	characteristics	Ideal characteristics of OP-AMP			
OI -Amp Dasic	Basic OP amp circuits	Inverting amplifier circuit			
	Dasic OF-amp circuits	Non-inverting amplifier circuit			

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I- Year I - Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
ES1102	Computer Engineering Workshop	1	0	4	3

#### **Course Objectives**

- 1. To make the students aware of the basic hardware components of a computer and installation of operating system.
- 2. To introduce Raptor Tool for flowchart creation.
- 3. Each student will familiar with Productivity tool: LaTeX and Microsoft (MS) office
- 4. To get knowledge in awareness of cyber hygiene that is protecting the personal computer from getting infected with the viruses, worms and other cyber-attacks.
- 5. To introduce the usage of Productivity tools in crafting professional word documents, excel spreadsheets and power point presentations using open office tools.

#### Unit-1

Simple Computer System: Central processing unit, the further need of secondary storage, Types of memory, Hardware, Software and people. Peripheral Devices: Input, Output and storage, Data Preparation, Factors affecting input, Input devices, Output devices, Secondary devices, Communication between the CPU and Input/ Output devices.

#### Unit-2

Problem Solving and Programming: Algorithm development, Flowcharts, Looping, some programming features, Pseudo code, the one-zero game, some structured programming concepts, documents. Programming Languages: Machine Language and assembly language, high -level and low level languages, Assemblers, Compilers, and Interpreters

#### Unit-3

Operating systems: Introduction, Evolution of operating systems, Command Interpreter, Popular operating systems- Microsoft DOS, Microsoft Windows, UNIX and Linux.

Introduction to Unix Shell Commands, directory management commands, file operations, users commands, Time and Date commands.

## Unit-4

Computer Networks: Introduction to computer Networks, Network topologies-Bus topology, star topology, Ring topology, Mesh topology, Hybrid topology, Types of Networks: Local area Network, Wide Area Networks, Metropolitan Networks, Campus/ Corporate Area Network, Personal Area Network, Network Devices- Hub, Repeater, Switch, Bridge, Router, Gateway, Network interface Card, Basic Networking Commands.

## Unit-5

Introduction to HTML : Basics in Web Design, Brief History of Internet ,World Wide Web Why create a web site ,Web Standards, HTML Documents ,Basic structure of an HTML document Creating an HTML document ,Mark up Tags ,Heading-Paragraphs ,Line Breaks ,HTML Tags. Elements of HTML: Introduction to elements of HTML, Working with Text, Working with Lists, Tables and Frames, Working with Hyperlinks, Images and Multimedia, Working with Forms and controls.

## List of Tasks

**TASK 1: PC Hardware:** PC Hardware introduces the students to a personal computer and its basic peripherals, the process of assembling a personal computer, installation of system software like MS

Windows, Linux and the required device drivers. In addition hardware and software level troubleshooting process, tips and tricks would be covered.

Every student should identify the peripherals of a computer, components in a CPU and its functions. Draw the block diagram of the CPU along with the configuration of each peripheral and submit to your instructor. Every student should disassemble and assemble the PC back to working condition.

**TASK 2: Hardware Troubleshooting**: Students have to be given a PC which does not boot due to improper assembly or defective peripherals. They should identify the problem and fix it to get the computer back to working condition.

**Software Troubleshooting:** Students have to be given a malfunctioning CPU due to system software problems. They should identify the problem and fix it to get the computer back to working condition.

## **TASK 3: Drawing flowcharts (Raptor Tool)**

- 1. Create flowcharts for take-off landing of an Aeroplane.
- 2. Create a flowchart to validate an email id entered by user.
- 3. Create flowchart to print first 50 prime numbers.

**TASK 4: Productivity tool: LaTeX and Microsoft (MS) office:** Importance of MS office, Details of the three tasks and features that should be covered in each, MS word, Power Point, Excel.

**TASK 5: Operating System Installation:** Every student should individually install operating system like Linux or MS windows on the personal computer. The system should be configured as dual boot with both windows and Linux.

**TASK 6: Basic Commands:** Unix Shell Commands, directory management commands, file operations, users commands, Time and Date commands.

**TASK 7: Orientation & Connectivity Boot Camp:** Students should get connected to their Local Area Network and access the Internet. In the process they configure the TCP/IP setting. Finally students should demonstrate how to access the websites and email.

**TASK 8:** Networking Commands:

ping, ssh, ifconfig, scp, netstat, ipstat, nslookup, traceroute, telnet, host, ftp, arp, wget, route

## **TASK 9: Basic HTML tags**

- 1. Head Section and Elements of Head Section, Paragraphs, Formatting Styles.
- 2. Colour tags, Creating Hyperlinks, Images, Tables, lists
- 3. HTML Forms, Form Attributes, Form Elements.

**TASK 10:** Web Browsers, Surfing the Web: Students customize their web browsers with the LAN proxy settings, bookmarks, search toolbars and pop up blockers. Also, plug-ins like Macromedia Flash and JRE for applets should be configured. Search Engines & Netiquette: Students should know what search engines are and how to use the search engines. Usage of search engines like Google, Yahoo, ask.com and others should be demonstrated by student.

**TASK 11: Cyber Hygiene:** Students should learn about viruses on the internet and install antivirus software. Student should learn to customize the browsers to block pop ups, block active x downloads to avoid viruses and/or worms.

#### **Text Books**

- 1. Fundamentals of Computers –Reema Thareja-Oxford higher education
- 2. Computer Fundamentals, Anita Goel, Pearson Education, 2017
- 3. PC Hardware Trouble Shooting Made Easy, TMH
- 4. Programming the World Wide Web, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, Robet W Sebesta, Pearson, 2013.

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. An Introduction to Web Design, Programming, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Paul S Wang, Sanda S Katila, Cengage Learning, 2003.
- 2. An Introduction to Computer studies –Noel Kalicharan-Cambridge.

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- **CO1.** Identify various hardware components of a system and apply their knowledge about computer peripherals to identify / rectify problems onboard.
- **CO2.** Assemble the computer.
- **CO3.** Use various Microsoft tools.
- **CO4.** Integrate the PCs into local area network and re-install operating system and various application programs.
- **CO5.** Manage data backup and restore operations on computer and update application software.

	<b>PO1</b>	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	
CO1	3	2				
CO2	3		2			
<b>CO3</b>			3		3	
<b>CO4</b>	2		2			
CO5				3		
(0) $(0)$ $(1)$ $(0)$ $(1)$ $(1)$						

## **CO-PO MAPPING**

(Strong – 3; Moderate – 2; Weak – 1)

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I- Year I - Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
ES1103	Problem Solving Using C	2	1	0	3

#### **Course Objectives**

- 1) To learn about the computer systems, computing environments, developing of a computer program and Structure of a C Program
- 2) To gain knowledge of the operators, selection, control statements and repetition in C
- 3) To learn about the design concepts of arrays, strings, enumerated structure and union types. To learn about their usage.
- 4) To assimilate about pointers, dynamic memory allocation and know the significance of Preprocessor.
- 5) To assimilate about File I/O and significance of functions

## Unit-1

**Introduction to Computers:** Creating and running Programs, Computer Numbering System, Storing Integers, Storing Real Numbers

**Introduction to the C Language:** Background, C Programs, Identifiers, Types, Variable, Constants, Input/output, Programming Examples, Scope, Storage Classes and Type Qualifiers.

**Structure of a C Program:** Expressions Precedence and Associativity, Side Effects, Evaluating Expressions, Type Conversion Statements, Simple Programs, Command Line Arguments.

## Unit-2

Bitwise Operators: Exact Size Integer Types, Logical Bitwise Operators, Shift Operators.

Selection & Making Decisions: Logical Data and Operators, Two Way Selection, Multiway Selection, More Standard Functions

**Repetition:** Concept of Loop, Pretest and Post-test Loops, Initialization and Updating, Event and Counter Controlled Loops, Loops in C, Other Statements Related to Looping, Looping Applications, Programming Examples

## Unit-3

**Arrays:** Concepts, Using Array in C, Array Application, Two Dimensional Arrays, Multidimensional Arrays, Programming Example – Calculate Averages

**Strings:** String Concepts, C String, String Input / Output Functions, Arrays of Strings, String Manipulation Functions String/ Data Conversion, A Programming Example – Morse Code

**Enumerated, Structure, and Union:** The Type Definition (Type def), Enumerated Types, Structure, Unions, and Programming Application

## Unit-4

Pointers: Introduction, Pointers to pointers, Compatibility, L value and R value

**Pointer Applications:** Arrays, and Pointers, Pointer Arithmetic and Arrays, Memory Allocation Function, Array of Pointers, Programming Application **Processor Commands**: Processor Commands

## Unit-5

**Functions:** Designing, Structured Programs, Function in C, User Defined Functions, Inter-Function Communication, Standard Functions, Passing Array to Functions, Passing Pointers to Functions, Recursion

**Text Input / Output:** Files, Streams, Standard Library Input / Output Functions, Formatting Input / Output Functions, Character Input / Output Functions **Binary Input / Output:** Text versus Binary Streams, Standard Library, Functions for Files, Converting File Type.

## **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Programming for Problem Solving, Behrouz A. Forouzan, Richard F.Gilberg, CENGAGE
- 2. The C Programming Language, Brian W.Kernighan, Dennis M. Ritchie, 2e, Pearson

## REFERENCES

- 1. Computer Fundamentals and Programming, Sumithabha Das, Mc Graw Hill
- 2. Programming in C, Ashok N. Kamthane, Amit Kamthane, Pearson
- 3. Computer Fundamentals and Programming in C, Pradip Dey, Manas Ghosh, OXFORD

Course Outcomes: After completing this course, Students will be able to-

- **CO1.** Understand algorithms and basic terminology of C
- **CO2.** Solve problems using control structures and modular approach
- CO3. Demonstrate 1D and 2D arrays along with strings for linear data handling
- **CO4. Determine** the use of pointers and structures
- **CO5.** Implement various operations on data files.

	PO	PO1	<b>PO1</b>	PO1	PSO	PSO								
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	1	2
CO 1	1	2	3	2	1	-	-	-	3	3	1	2	1	2
CO 2	2	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	2	2	2
CO 3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	2	1	2	2	2	3
CO 4	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	2	1	2	2	2	2
CO 5	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	2	1	2	2	1	2

## **CO-PO MAPPING**

(Strong – 3; Moderate – 2; Weak – 1)

## Micro-Syllabus of Problem Solving in C

## UNIT I

**Introduction to Computers:** Creating and running Programs, Computer Numbering System, Storing Integers, Storing Real Numbers

**Introduction to the C Language:** Background, C Programs, Identifiers, Types, Variable, Constants, Input/output, Programming Examples, Scope, Storage Classes and Type Qualifiers.

**Structure of a C Program:** Expressions Precedence and Associativity, Side Effects, Evaluating Expressions, Type Conversion Statements, Simple Programs, Command Line Arguments.

Unit		Module	Micro content
Introduction	to	Introduction to	Creating and running Programs
Computers,	С	Computers	Computer Numbering System
Language		Computers	Storing Integers, Storing Real Numbers

			C Tokens
Introduction	to	С	I/O Functions
Language			Scope and Storage classes
			Type Qualifiers
			Expressions
Structure of	а	С	Side effects in evaluation of expressions
Program			Precedence and Associativity
			Command Line Arguments

## UNIT - II

Bitwise Operators: Exact Size Integer Types, Logical Bitwise Operators, Shift Operators.

Selection & Making Decisions: Logical Data and Operators, Two Way Selection, Multiway Selection, More Standard Functions

**Repetition:** Concept of Loop, Pretest and Post-test Loops, Initialization and Updating, Event and Counter Controlled Loops, Loops in C, Other Statements Related to Looping, Looping Applications, Programming Examples.

Unit	Module	Micro content
	Rituria Operatora	Exact Size Integer Types
	Ditwise Operators	Logical Bitwise Operators and Shift Operators
		Two Way Selection
Control	Selection Statements	Multi Way Selection
Control Statements		More Standard Functions
Statements		Counter Controlled Loops
	Itarativa Statamanta	Logic Controlled Loops
	nerative Statements	Other Statements related to looping
		Applications of looping and examples

## UNIT III

**Arrays:** Concepts, Using Array in C, Array Application, Two Dimensional Arrays, Multidimensional Arrays, Programming Example – Calculate Averages

**Strings:** String Concepts, C String, String Input / Output Functions, Arrays of Strings, String Manipulation Functions String/ Data Conversion, A Programming Example – Morse Code

**Enumerated, Structure, and Union:** The Type Definition (Type def), Enumerated Types, Structure, Unions, and Programming Application

Unit	Module		Micro	o content				
			One	Dimensional	Arrays:	Theory	and	Practice
			Exerc	ises				
	A ##0310		Two	Dimensional	Arrays:	Theory	and	Practice
	Arrays		Exerc	ises				
Derived and User			Introduction to Multi-Dimensional Arrays					
Derived and User		Some more Example Programs on Arrays						
Defined Data	Strings		Introduction to the concept of a String in C					
types			String I/O Functions					
			Manipulation Functions on Strings					
			String/Data Conversion					
			Programming Example – Morse Code					
	Structures, U	Unions	Introd	luction to the C	oncept of	'typedef'		

	•			
	and Enumeration	Structures: Theory and Practice		
		Unions: Theory and Practice		
		Enumeration Data type		

## UNIT IV

**Pointers:** Introduction, Pointers to pointers, Compatibility, L value and R value, **Pointer Applications:** Arrays, and Pointers, Pointer Arithmetic and Arrays, Memory Allocation Function, Array of Pointers, Programming Application **Processor Commands**: Processor Commands

Unit		Module	Micro content
		Pointers	Introduction to Pointers
			Pointers to pointers
Pointers	and		Compatibility, L-value and R-value
Processor		Applications of Pointers	Pointer Arithmetic
Commands			Dynamic Memory Allocation
			Pointer to Arrays and Array of Pointers
		Processor Commands	Processor Commands

## UNIT V

**Functions:** Designing, Structured Programs, Function in C, User Defined Functions, Inter-Function Communication, Standard Functions, Passing Array to Functions, Passing Pointers to Functions, Recursion, **Text Input / Output:** Files, Streams, Standard Library Input / Output Functions, Formatting Input / Output Functions, Character Input / Output Functions

**Binary Input** / **Output:** Text versus Binary Streams, Standard Library, Functions for Files, Converting File Type.

Unit	Module	Micro content
		Designing, Structured Programs, Function in C
	User Defined	Inter-Function Communication, Standard Functions
	Eurotions	Passing Array to Functions
	Tunctions	Passing Pointers to Functions
		Recursion
		Files, Streams
	Text Input / Output	Standard Library Input / Output Functions
		Formatting Input / Output Functions
		Character Input / Output Functions
Functions and		Text versus Binary Streams
Files	Binary Input/Output	Standard Library
	Binary input/ Output	Functions for files
		Converting File Type

I- Year I - Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
BS1101L	Applied Chemistry Lab	0	0	3	1.5

Introduction to chemistry laboratory – Molarity, Normality, Primary, Secondary standard solutions, Volumetric titrations quantitative analysis .

## **Course Objectives**

- 1. To furnish the students with a solid foundation in Chemistry Laboratory required to solve the Engineering problems.
- 2. To expose the students in practical aspects of the theoritical concepts like pH, hardness of water etc.
- 3. To guide the students on how to handle the instruments like UV-visible spectrophotometer, potentiometer and conductometer.

## **List of Experiments**

Students should do any 10 experiments listed below

- 1. Determination of HCl using standard Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> solution.
- 2. Determination of alkalinity of a sample containing Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> and NaOH.
- 3. Determination of Mn (II) using standard oxalic acid solution.
- 4. Determination of ferrous iron using standard  $K_2Cr_2O_7$  solution.
- 5. Determination of Copper (II) using standard EDTA solution.
- 6. Determination of temporary and permanent hardness of water using standard EDTA solution.
- 7. Determination of Iron (III) by colorimetric method.
- 8. Determination of the concentration of acetic acid using sodium hydroxide (pH-metric method).
- 9. Determination of concentration of strong acid vs strong base (by conductometric method).
- 10. Determination of strong acid vs strong base (by potentiometric method).
- 11. Determination of  $Mg^{+2}$  present in an antacid.
- 12. Determination of CaCO<sub>3</sub> presence in an egg shell.
- 13. Estimation of vitamin- C.
- 14. Determination of phosphoric content in soft drinks.
- 15. Adsorption of acetic acid by charcoal.
- 16. Prepatation of nylon-6, 6 and Bakelite (demonstration only)

### **Reference Books:**

A Text Book of Quantitative Analysis, Arthur J. Vogel.

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course, the students will be able

- **CO1.** To estimate the amount of metal ions present in different solutions (L4 & L3)
- **CO2.** To analyze the quality parameters of water (L4)
- **CO3.** To determine the strength of different solutions by using different instrumentation techniques (L3)

## **CO-PO MAPPING**

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	3							2			
CO2	2	2							2			
CO3	2	3							2			

(Strong - 3; Moderate - 2; Weak - 1)

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I- Year I - Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
ES1102L	<b>Basic Electrical Engineering Lab</b>	0	0	3	1.5

### **Course Objectives**

- To Verify Kirchhoff's laws, Voltage and Current division rules.
- To learn speed control and testing of DC Shunt Motor.
- To learn and understand the operation of induction motor.
- To learn applications of diodes and transistors.

## List of Experiments

## Cycle-1

- 1. Verification of Kirchhoff laws.
- 2. Verification of Voltage division rule and current division rule.
- 3. Speed control of DC Shunt Motor.
- 4. Perform Brake test on DC Shunt Motor.
- 5. Conduct Swinburne's test on DC Shunt Motor.
- 6. Brake test on 3-phase Induction Motor.

## Cycle-1I

- 1. V-I characteristics of P-N Junction Diode.
- 2. Understand Zener Diode Characteristics.
- 3. Understand Half wave rectifier and Full wave rectifier with and without filter.
- 4. Characteristics of BJT in Common Base Configuration.
- 5. Characteristics of BJT in Common Emitter Configuration.
- 6. Zener diode as voltage regulator.

## **Text Books**

1. D. P. Kothari and I. J. Nagrath- "Basic Electrical Engineering" - Tata McGraw Hill - 2010.

2. Electronic Devices and Circuits, R. L. Boylestad and Louis Nashelsky, 9<sup>th</sup> edition, PEI/PHI 2006. **References** 

- 3. L. S. Bobrow- "Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering" Oxford University Press 2011.
- 4. E. Hughes "Electrical and Electronics Technology" Pearson 2010.
#### Course Outcomes: Able to

- **CO1.** Verify Kirchhoff's Laws and voltage and current division rules for DC supply.
- **CO2.** Analyze the performance of AC and DC Machines by testing.
- **CO3.** Perform speed control of DC shunt motor.
- **CO4.** Perform the half wave and full wave rectifier.

# **CO PO MAPPING:**

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2										1
CO2	3	2										1
CO3	3											1
CO4	3	2										1

(Strong – 3; Moderate – 2; Weak – 1)

I- Year I - Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
ES1102L	<b>Problem Solving Using C Lab</b>	0	0	3	1.5

#### **Course Objectives**

- 1. Apply the principles of C language in problem solving.
- 2. To design flowcharts, algorithms and knowing how to debug programs.
- 3. To design & develop of C programs using arrays, strings pointers & functions.
- 4. To review the file operations, pre-processor commands.

#### **Exercise 1**

1. Write a C program to print a block F using hash (#), where the F has a height of six characters and width of five and four characters.

2. Write a C program to compute the perimeter and area of a rectangle with a height of 7 inches and width of 5 inches.

3. Write a C program to display multiple variables.

#### Exercise 2

1. Write a C program to calculate the distance between the two points.

2. Write a C program that accepts 4 integers p, q, r, s from the user where r and s are positive and p is even. If q is greater than r and s is greater than p and if the sum of r and s is greater than the sum of p and q print "Correct values", otherwise print "Wrong values".

#### Exercise 3

1. Write a C program to convert a string to a long integer.

2. Write a program in C which is a Menu-Driven Program to compute the area of the various geometrical shape.

3. Write a C program to calculate the factorial of a given number.

#### Exercise 4

1 .Write a program in C to display the n terms of even natural number and their sum.

2. Write a program in C to display the n terms of harmonic series and their sum.

 $1 + 1/2 + 1/3 + 1/4 + 1/5 \dots 1/n$  terms.

3. Write a C program to check whether a given number is an Armstrong number or not.

#### Exercise 5

- 1. Write a program in C to print all unique elements in an array.
- 2. Write a program in C to separate odd and even integers in separate arrays.
- 3. Write a program in C to sort elements of array in ascending order.

#### Exercise 6

- 1. Write a program in C for multiplication of two square Matrices.
- 2. Write a program in C to find transpose of a given matrix.

#### Exercise 7

- 1. Write a program in C to search an element in a row wise and column wise sorted matrix.
- 2. Write a program in C to print individual characters of string in reverse order.

#### **Exercise 8**

- 1. Write a program in C to compare two strings without using string library functions.
- 2. Write a program in C to copy one string to another string.

#### Exercise 9

- 1. Write a C Program to Store Information Using Structures with Dynamically Memory Allocation
- 2. Write a program in C to demonstrate how to handle the pointers in the program.

# **Exercise 10**

1. Write a program in C to demonstrate the use of & (address of) and \*(value at address) operator.

2. Write a program in C to add two numbers using pointers.

# **Exercise 11**

1. Write a program in C to add numbers using call by reference.

2. Write a program in C to find the largest element using Dynamic Memory Allocation.

# Exercise 12

1. Write a program in C to swap elements using call by reference.

2. Write a program in C to count the number of vowels and consonants in a string using a pointer.

# Exercise 13

1. Write a program in C to show how a function returning pointer.

2. Write a C program to find sum of n elements entered by user. To perform this program, allocate memory dynamically using malloc() function.

# **Exercise 14**

1. Write a C program to find sum of n elements entered by user. To perform this program, allocate memory dynamically using calloc() function. Understand & write the difference.

2. Write a program in C to convert decimal number to binary number using the function.

# Exercise 15

1. Write a program in C to check whether a number is a prime number or not using the function.

2. Write a program in C to get the largest element of an array using the function.

# Exercise 16

- 1. Write a program in C to append multiple lines at the end of a text file.
- 2. Write a program in C to copy a file in another name.
- 3. Write a program in C to remove a file from the disk.

Course Outcomes: By the end of the Lab, the student able to

- CO1. Comprehend the various concepts of a C language
- **CO2. Develop** algorithms and flowcharts
- **CO3.** Design and development of C problem solving skills.
- CO4. Acquire modular programming skills.

# **CO-POS MAPPING**

Correlation of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes and Program Specific Outcomes (PO's & PSO's)

(-			~)											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	1	2	3	2	1	-	-	-	3	3	1	2	1	2
CO2	2	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	2	1	2	2	2	3
CO4	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	2	1	2	2	2	2
					(0)	2	<b>)</b> (7 1		<b>TT</b> 7 1	1				

(Strong – 3; Moderate – 2; Weak – 1)

I- Year II - Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
BS1201	Mathematics-II	2	1	0	3

- > To elucidate the different numerical methods to solve nonlinear algebraic equations
- > To disseminate the use of different numerical techniques for carrying out numerical integration
- > To equip the students with standard concepts and tools at an intermediate to advanced level mathematics to develop the confidence and ability among the students to handle various real world problems and their applications

#### Unit-1

## **Iterative methods**

Introduction-Bisection method-Method of false position-Iteration method-Newton-Raphson method (one variable)-Jacobi and Gauss-Seidel methods for solving system of equations.

# Unit-2

## Interpolation

Introduction-Errors in polynomial interpolation-Finite differences-Forward differences-Backward differences-Central differences -Relations between operators-Newton's forward and backward formulae for interpolation-Gauss's forward and backward formulae for

Interpolation – Interpolation with unequal intervals-Lagrange's interpolation formula-Newton's divide difference formula.

# Unit-3

# Numerical integration and solution of ordinary difference equations

Trapezoidal rule-Simpson's 1/3<sup>rd</sup> and 3/8<sup>th</sup> rule-Solution of ordinary differential equations by Taylor's series-Picard's method of successive approximations-Euler's method-Modified Euler's method-Runge-Kutta method (second and fourth order).

# Unit-4

# **Laplace Transforms**

Laplace transforms of standard functions - Shifting theorems - Transforms of derivatives and integrals - Unit step function - Dirac's delta function - Periodic function - Inverse Laplace transforms – Convolution theorem (without proof)

Applications: Evaluation of integrals using Laplace transforms - Solving ordinary differential equations (Initial value problems) using Laplace transforms.

# Unit-5

# **Fourier series and Fourier Transforms**

Fourier series: Introduction – Periodic functions – Fourier series of periodic function – Dirichlet's conditions – Even and odd functions – Change of interval – Half-range sine and cosine series.

Fourier Transforms: Fourier integral theorem (without proof) - Fourier sine and cosine integrals -Sine and cosine transforms – Properties – Inverse transforms – Finite Fourier transforms. **Text Books** 

1. **B.S. Grewal,** Higher Engineering Mathematics, 44<sup>th</sup> Edition, Khanna Publishers. **Reference Books** 

- 1. B.V. Ramana, Higher Engineering Mathematics, 2007 Edition, Tata Mc. Graw Hill Education.
- 2. **H.K.Das,** Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 22<sup>nd</sup> Edition, S. Chand & Company Ltd.
- 3. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 10<sup>th</sup> Edition, Wiley-India.

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course, the student will be able to

**CO1.** Evaluate approximate in the roots of polynomial and transcendental equations by different algorithms (EVALUATE)

- **CO2.** Solve system of linear algebraic equations using Gauss Jacobi, Gauss Seidel and apply Newton's forward and backward interpolation and Lagrange's formulae for equal and unequal intervals (SOLVE, APPLY, FIND)
- **CO3.** Apply different algorithms for approximating the solutions of ordinary differential equations to its analytical computations and also by Laplace the transforms for solving differential equations (SOLVE, APPLY,FIND)
- CO4. Find or compute the Fourier series of periodic signals (SOLVE ,APPLY, FIND, ANALYSE)
- **CO5.** Know and be able to apply integral expressions for the forwards and inverse Fourier transform to range of non-periodic waveforms (SOLVE , APPLY, FIND)

#### **CO – PO MAPPING**

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2										1
CO2	3	2										1
CO3	3	2										1
CO4	3	2										1
CO5	3	2										1

(Strong – 3; Moderate – 2; Weak – 1)

# Micro-Syllabus of MATHEMATICS-II

# **UNIT-1: Iterative methods:**

Introduction–Bisection method–Method of false position–Iteration method–Newton-Raphson method (one variable)–Jacobi and Gauss-Seidel methods for solving system of equations.

Unit		Module	Micro content		
10 8 20		Numerical solution of	Bisection method		
$\begin{array}{c} 1a. \propto 2.a \\ Solving \end{array}$	aivon	algebraic and	Method of false position		
Solving	given	transcendental	Iteration method		
porynomiai		polynomials	Newton-Raphson's method		
1b. & 2b.			Jacobi's method		
Solving	linear	Solving linear system	Cause saidel method		
system			Gauss-seider method		

#### **UNIT-2 : Interpolation:**

Introduction–Errors in polynomial interpolation–Finite differences–Forward differences–Backward differences–Central differences –Relations between operators–Newton's forward and backward formulae for interpolation–Gauss's forward and backward formulae for

Interpolation – Interpolation with unequal intervals–Lagrange's interpolation formula–Newton's divide difference formula.

Unit	Module	Micro content					
	Finite difference tables	Forward, backward & central difference tables					
30 & 10	Finite difference tables	Errors in polynomials					
Ja. & 4a. Fauel-Speced		Newton's forward and backward difference					
difference tables	Finding functional values	interpolation formula					
unier ence tables	for given data	Gauss forward and backward difference					
		interpolation formula					
3b. & 4b.	Unequal spaced data &	Lagrange's interpolation formula					

Ilmograph graphed	notation hotersoon readions						
Unequal spaced	relation between various	Relation between various operators(Shift, forward,					
data & relation	operators	backward, central, average & differential					
between various		operators)					
operators							
UNIT-3: Numerica	l integration and solution o	f ordinary difference equations:					
Trapezoidal rule-Si	mpson's 1/3 <sup>rd</sup> and 3/8 <sup>th</sup> ru	le-Solution of ordinary differential equations by					
Taylor's series-Pica	ard's method of successive	approximations-Euler's method-Modified Euler's					
method-Runge-Kutt	a method (second and fourth	order).					
Unit	Module	Micro content					
		Trapezoidal rule					
5a. & 6a.	Numerical Integration	Simpson's 1/3 <sup>rd</sup> rule					
Numerical		Simpson's 3/8 <sup>th</sup>					
integration		Taylors series method					
		Picard's method					
5b. & 6b.		Euler's method					
Numerical	Numerical solution of						
solution of	ordinary differential						
ordinary	equations for single						
differential	variable	Modified Euler's method					
equations for							
single variable							
UNIT – 4: Laplace	Transforms:						
Laplace transforms	of standard functions – Sk	ifting theorems – Transforms of derivatives and					
Lupidee dumbronnib	of standard functions of	intering incoronis intering of definition and					
l integrals – Unit ste	n function – Dirac's delta	function – Periodic function - Inverse Laplace					
integrals – Unit ste	ep function – Dirac's delta	function – Periodic function - Inverse Laplace					
integrals – Unit ste transforms – Convol Applications: Evalu	ep function – Dirac's delta ution theorem (without proof ation of integrals using L	function –Periodic function - Inverse Laplace ) aplace transforms - Solving ordinary differential					
integrals – Unit sto transforms – Convol Applications: Evalu	ep function – Dirac's delta ution theorem (without proof ation of integrals using Laplace t	a function –Periodic function - Inverse Laplace ) aplace transforms - Solving ordinary differential ransforms					
integrals – Unit ste transforms – Convol Applications: Evalu equations (Initial val	ep function – Dirac's delta ution theorem (without proof ation of integrals using La ue problems) using Laplace t	function –Periodic function - Inverse Laplace ) aplace transforms - Solving ordinary differential ransforms.					
integrals – Unit sto transforms – Convol Applications: Evalu equations (Initial val <b>Unit</b>	ep function – Dirac's delta ution theorem (without proof ation of integrals using La ue problems) using Laplace t Module	function –Periodic function - Inverse Laplace aplace transforms - Solving ordinary differential ransforms. Micro content					
integrals – Unit ste transforms – Convol Applications: Evalu equations (Initial val <b>Unit</b> <b>7a. &amp; 8a.</b>	ep function – Dirac's delta ution theorem (without proof ation of integrals using La ue problems) using Laplace t Module Laplace transforms and	A function –Periodic function - Inverse Laplace aplace transforms - Solving ordinary differential ransforms. Micro content Shifting theorems Derivatives and integrals					
integrals – Unit ste transforms – Convol Applications: Evalu equations (Initial val Unit 7a. & 8a. Laplace	ep function – Dirac's delta ution theorem (without proof ation of integrals using La ue problems) using Laplace t Module Laplace transforms and theorem	A function –Periodic function - Inverse Laplace aplace transforms - Solving ordinary differential ransforms. Micro content Shifting theorems Derivatives and integrals					
integrals – Unit ste transforms – Convol Applications: Evalu equations (Initial val Unit 7a. & 8a. Laplace Transforms	ep function – Dirac's delta ution theorem (without proof ation of integrals using La ue problems) using Laplace t Module Laplace transforms and theorem	<ul> <li>function –Periodic function - Inverse Laplace</li> <li>aplace transforms - Solving ordinary differential ransforms.</li> <li>Micro content</li> <li>Shifting theorems</li> <li>Derivatives and integrals</li> <li>Multiplication and division</li> </ul>					
integrals – Unit ste transforms – Convol Applications: Evalu equations (Initial val Unit 7a. & 8a. Laplace Transforms 7b. & 8b. Inverse	ep function – Dirac's delta ution theorem (without proof ation of integrals using La ue problems) using Laplace t Module Laplace transforms and theorem	<ul> <li>function –Periodic function - Inverse Laplace</li> <li>aplace transforms - Solving ordinary differential ransforms.</li> <li>Micro content</li> <li>Shifting theorems</li> <li>Derivatives and integrals</li> <li>Multiplication and division</li> <li>Periodic functions</li> </ul>					
integrals – Unit sta transforms – Convol Applications: Evalu equations (Initial val Unit 7a. & 8a. Laplace Transforms 7b. & 8b. Inverse Laplace	ep function – Dirac's delta ution theorem (without proof ation of integrals using La ue problems) using Laplace t Module Laplace transforms and theorem	<ul> <li>function –Periodic function - Inverse Laplace</li> <li>aplace transforms - Solving ordinary differential ransforms.</li> <li>Micro content</li> <li>Shifting theorems</li> <li>Derivatives and integrals</li> <li>Multiplication and division</li> <li>Periodic functions</li> <li>Dirac delta functions</li> </ul>					
integrals – Unit sta transforms – Convol Applications: Evalu equations (Initial val Unit 7a. & 8a. Laplace Transforms 7b. & 8b. Inverse Laplace transforms and	ep function – Dirac's delta ution theorem (without proof ation of integrals using La ue problems) using Laplace t Module Laplace transforms and theorem Periodic functions &Inverse Laplace	function –Periodic function - Inverse Laplace aplace transforms - Solving ordinary differential ransforms. Micro content Shifting theorems Derivatives and integrals Multiplication and division Periodic functions Dirac delta functions Evaluation integrals using Laplace Transforms					
integrals – Unit sta transforms – Convol Applications: Evalu equations (Initial val Unit 7a. & 8a. Laplace Transforms 7b. & 8b. Inverse Laplace transforms and Applications	ep function – Dirac's delta ution theorem (without proof ation of integrals using La ue problems) using Laplace t Module Laplace transforms and theorem Periodic functions &Inverse Laplace Transforms	<ul> <li>function –Periodic function - Inverse Laplace</li> <li>aplace transforms - Solving ordinary differential ransforms.</li> <li>Micro content</li> <li>Shifting theorems</li> <li>Derivatives and integrals</li> <li>Multiplication and division</li> <li>Periodic functions</li> <li>Dirac delta functions</li> <li>Evaluation integrals using Laplace Transforms</li> <li>Solving differential equations using Laplace</li> </ul>					
integrals – Unit sta transforms – Convol Applications: Evalu equations (Initial val Unit 7a. & 8a. Laplace Transforms 7b. & 8b. Inverse Laplace transforms and Applications	ep function – Dirac's delta ution theorem (without proof ation of integrals using La ue problems) using Laplace t Module Laplace transforms and theorem Periodic functions &Inverse Laplace Transforms	<ul> <li>function –Periodic function - Inverse Laplace</li> <li>aplace transforms - Solving ordinary differential ransforms.</li> <li>Micro content</li> <li>Shifting theorems</li> <li>Derivatives and integrals</li> <li>Multiplication and division</li> <li>Periodic functions</li> <li>Dirac delta functions</li> <li>Evaluation integrals using Laplace Transforms</li> <li>Solving differential equations using Laplace transforms</li> </ul>					
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integrals – Unit sta transforms – Convol Applications: Evalu equations (Initial val Unit 7a. & 8a. Laplace Transforms 7b. & 8b. Inverse Laplace transforms and Applications UNIT 5: Fourier se Fourier series: Intro conditions – Even ar	ep function – Dirac's delta ution theorem (without proof ation of integrals using La ue problems) using Laplace t Module Laplace transforms and theorem Periodic functions &Inverse Laplace Transforms ries and Fourier Transform duction – Periodic functions id odd functions – Change of	<ul> <li>function –Periodic function - Inverse Laplace</li> <li>aplace transforms - Solving ordinary differential ransforms.</li> <li>Micro content</li> <li>Shifting theorems</li> <li>Derivatives and integrals</li> <li>Multiplication and division</li> <li>Periodic functions</li> <li>Dirac delta functions</li> <li>Evaluation integrals using Laplace Transforms</li> <li>Solving differential equations using Laplace transforms</li> <li>ss:</li> <li>Fourier series of periodic function – Dirichlet's interval – Half-range sine and cosine series.</li> </ul>					
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		Half range sine and cosine series							
		Fourier Sine and Cosine integral							
01 0 101		Properties of Fourier Transforms							
		Fourier and Inverse Fourier Transforms							
90. & 100. Fourier	Fourier Transforms	Fourier cosine and Inverse Fourier cosine							
rourier	Fourier Transforms	Transforms							
1 ransforms		Fourier sine and Inverse Fourier sine Transforms							
		Finite Fourier Transforms							
		Inverse Finite Fourier Transforms							

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I- Year II - Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
BS1202	Applied Physics	2	1	0	3

#### **Course Objectives**

Applied Physics curriculum which is re-oriented to the needs of Circuital branches of graduate engineering courses offered by Vasireddy Venkatadri Institute of Technology, which serves as a transit to understand the branch specific advanced topics. The course is designed to:

- Impart Knowledge of Physical Optics phenomena like Interference and Diffraction required to design instruments with higher resolution.
- Understand the physics of Semiconductors and their working mechanism for their utility in electronic devices.
- ▶ Impart the knowledge of materials with characteristic utility in appliances.

## **Unit-1 Wave Optics**

**Interference:** Principle of Superposition-Interference of light – Conditions for sustained Interference-Interference in thin films (reflected geometry) - Newton's Rings (reflected geometry) **Diffraction:** Fraunhofer Diffraction:- Diffraction due to single slit (quantitative), double slit(qualitative), N –slits(qualitative) and circular aperture (qualitative) – Intensity distribution curves - Diffraction grating – Grating spectrum – missing order– resolving power – Rayleigh's criterion – Resolving powers of Microscope(qualitative), Telescope(qualitative) and grating (qualitative).

#### **Unit-2 LASERs and Holography**

**LASERs:** Interaction of radiation with matter – Spontaneous and Stimulated emission of radiation – population inversion – Einstein's coefficients & Relation between them and their significance - Pumping Mechanisms - Ruby laser – Helium-Neon laser – Applications.

**Holography:** Introduction – principle – differences between photography and holography – construction and reconstruction of hologram – applications of holograms

#### **Unit-3 Magnetism and Dielectrics**

**Magnetism**: Introduction - Magnetic dipole moment - Magnetization-Magnetic susceptibility and permeability- Origin of permanent magnetic moment - Bohr Magneton-Classification of magnetic materials: Dia, para & Ferro – Domain concept of Ferromagnetism - Hysteresis – soft and hard magnetic materials – applications of Ferromagnetic material.

**Dielectrics:** Introduction- Dielectric polarization-Dielectric polarizability, Susceptibility and Dielectric constant- Types of polarizations: Electronic and Ionic (Quantitative), Orientation Polarizations (Qualitative) - Lorentz Internal field- Claussius – Mossotti's equation- Frequency dependence of polarization - Applications of dielectrics.

#### **Unit-4 Quantum Mechanics**

Introduction- matter waves – de Broglie's hypothesis – Davisson-Germer experiment – G. P. Thomson experiment – Heisenberg's Uncertainty Principle–Schrödinger time independent and time dependent wave equations – physical significance of Schrödinger wave function – Particle in a potential box (determination of energy).

Origin of energy bands (qualitative) –Classification of solids based on energy bands–Intrinsic semiconductors-density of charge carriers –Electrical conductivity-Fermi level – extrinsic semiconductors-P-type & N-type – Density of charge carriers- Dependence of Fermi energy on carrier concentration and temperature- Hall effect-Hall coefficient- Applications of Hall effect- Drift and Diffusion currents - Einstein's equation.

# **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. "Engineering Physics" by B. K. Pandey, S. Chaturvedi Cengage Publications, 2012
- 2. "A Text book of Engineering Physics" by M.N. Avadhanulu, P.G.Kshirsagar S.Chand, 2017.
- 3. "Engineering Physics" by D.K.Bhattacharya and Poonam Tandon, Oxford press (2015).
- 4. "Engineering Physics" by R.K Gaur. and S.L Gupta., Dhanpat Rai publishers, 2012.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS**

- 1. "Engineering Physics" by M.R.Srinivasan, New Age international publishers (2009).
- 2. "Optics" by Ajoy Ghatak, 6th Edition McGraw Hill Education, 2017.
- 3. "Solid State Physics" by A.J.Dekker, Mc Millan Publishers (2011).

Course Outcomes: The students will be able to

- **CO1. Understand** the principles such as interference and diffraction to design and enhance the resolving power of various optical instruments.
- CO2. Learn the basic concepts of LASER light Sources and Apply them to holography
- **CO3.** Study the magnetic and dielectric materials to enhance the utility aspects of materials.
- CO4. Learn the fundamental concepts of Quantum behaviour of matter.
- CO5. Identify the type of semiconductors using Hall Effect.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2										1
CO2	3	2										1
CO3	3	2										1
CO4	3	2										1
CO5	3	2										1

# CO PO MAPPING

(Strong – 3; Moderate – 2; Weak – 1)

#### **Micro-Syllabus of Applied Physics**

#### **Unit-I: Wave Optics**

**Interference:** Principle of Superposition-Interference of light – Conditions for sustained Interference-Interference in thin films (reflected geometry) - Newton's Rings (reflected geometry) **Diffraction:** Fraunhofer Diffraction:- Diffraction due to single slit (quantitative), double slit(qualitative), N –slits(qualitative) and circular aperture (qualitative) – Intensity distribution curves - Diffraction grating – Grating spectrum – missing order– resolving power – Rayleigh's criterion – Resolving powers of Microscope(qualitative), Telescope(qualitative) and grating (qualitative).

Unit	Module		Micro content
In Interforma	Principle	of	Introduction to interference
la. Intel lei ence	Superposition	&	Principle of superposition

	Interference of light	Coherence			
		Conditions for sustained Interference			
	Interformen in this	Interference in thin films by reflection (cosine's law)			
	filme	Complementary nature			
	1111115	Colours of thin film			
		Newton's Rings(reflected geometry)			
		Experimental arrangement & conditions for diameters			
	Newton's Rings	Applications: determination of wavelength of			
		monochromatic source and refractive index of the			
		given transparent liquid.			
	Fraunhofer	Differences between Fresnel's and Fraunhofer's diffraction			
	Diffraction -	Differences between interference and diffraction			
	Diffraction due to	Fraunhofer diffraction due to single slit(quantitative)			
	single slit	Fraunhofer diffraction due to circular aperture			
	8	(qualitative)			
		Fraunhofer diffraction due to double slit (qualitative)			
Ib. Diffraction	double slit	Fraunhofer diffraction due to grating			
	(qualitative) & N – slits(qualitative)	(N- slits) (qualitative)			
		Intensity distribution curves			
		Grating spectrum, missing orders and maximum			
	Diffraction grating&	number of orders possible with a grating			
		Rayleigh's criterion for resolving power			
	Resolving powers	Resolving power of grating, Telescope and			
		Microscope (qualitative)			
Unit– II: LASERs a	nd Holography				
LASERs: Interaction	n of radiation with matter	- Spontaneous and Stimulated emission of radiation -			
population inversior	n – Einstein's coefficient	s & Relation between them and their significance -			
Pumping Mechanism	ns - Ruby laser – Helium-I	Neon laser – Applications.			
Holography: Introd	duction – principle – d	lifferences between photography and holography -			
construction and reco	onstruction of hologram –	applications of holograms			
Unit	Module	Micro content			
	Interaction of radiation	Introduction to LASERS			
	with matter	Spontaneous emission			
		Stimulated emission			
		Einstein's coefficients			
IIa. LASERs	Einstein's coefficients	Population inversion			
		Pumping mechanisms			
	LASERS construction	Ruby laser			
	and working	Helium-Neon laser			
		Applications of Lasers			
	Principle of holography	Introduction and Principle of holography			
IIh. Holography	r	Differences between photography and holography			
	construction ar	ad Construction of hologram			
1	reconstruction	of   Reconstruction of hologram			

hologram	Applications of holography
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#### **Unit-III: Magnetism and Dielectrics**

**Magnetism**: Introduction - Magnetic dipole moment - Magnetization-Magnetic susceptibility and permeability- Origin of permanent magnetic moment - Bohr magneton-Classification of magnetic materials: Dia, para & Ferro – Domain concept of Ferromagnetism - Hysteresis – soft and hard magnetic materials – applications of Ferromagnetic material.

**Dielectrics:** Introduction- Dielectric polarization-Dielectric polarizability, Susceptibility and Dielectric constant- Types of polarizations: Electronic and Ionic (Quantitative), Orientation Polarizations (Qualitative) - Lorentz Internal field-Claussius –Mossotti's equation- Frequency dependence of polarization - Applications of dielectrics.

Unit	Module	Micro content			
	Introduction& Origin of permanent magnetic moment	Introduction to Magnetism, Definitions of Magnetic dipole moment, Magnetization, Magnetic susceptibility and Permeability Origin of magnetic moment			
		Bohr magneton			
	Classification of	Dia magnetic materials			
IIIa. Magnetism	magnetic materials	Para magnetic materials			
		Ferro magnetic materials			
		Domain concept of Ferromagnetism			
	Domain concept of	Hysteresis Curve (B-H Curve)			
	Ferromagnetism &	Soft and hard magnetic materials classification			
	Hysteresis	based on Hysteresis Curve			
		Applications of magnetic materials			
		Introduction to dielectrics			
	Introduction& definitions	Dielectric polarization, Dielectric polarizability, susceptibility			
		Dielectric constant			
		Electronic polarization (Quantitative)			
<b>IIIb.Dielectrics</b>	Types of polarizations	Ionic polarization (Quantitative)			
		Orientational polarizations (Qualitative)			
	Internal field 6	Lorentz Internal fields in solids			
	Claussing Magaatti's	Clausius-Mossotti's equation			
	Claussius – wossoul s	Frequency dependence of polarization			
e	cyuanon	Applications of Dielectrics			

#### **Unit-IV: Quantum Mechanics**

Introduction- matter waves – de Broglie's hypothesis – Davisson-Germer experiment – G.P.Thomson experiment – Heisenberg's Uncertainty Principle–Schrödinger time independent and time dependent wave equations – physical significance of Schrödinger wave function – Particle in a potential box (determination of energy).

Unit	Module	Micro content	
	Introduction& de Broglie's hypothesis	Introduction to Matter waves	
IV. Quantum Mechanics		de Broglie's hypothesis	
		Properties of Matter waves	
	Davisson-Germer	Davisson and Germer's experiment	

experiment &	G. P. Thomson experiment
G.P.Thomson experiment	Heisenberg's uncertainty principle
	Schrödinger's wave function and it's physical
Sahrädingar	significance
function & equations	Schrodinger Time Independent wave equation
Tunction & equations	Schrodinger Time Dependent wave equation
	Application to particle in one dimensional box

### **Unit– V: Semiconductor Physics**

Origin of energy bands (qualitative) -Classification of solids based on energy bands –Intrinsic semiconductors – density of charge carriers – Electrical conductivity-Fermi level – extrinsic semiconductors - P-type & N-type – Density of charge carriers -DependenceofFermienergyoncarrierconcentrationand temperature-Halleffect-Hallcoefficient-Applications of Hall effect- Drift and Diffusion currents - Einstein's equation.

Unit	Module	Micro content		
		Introduction to energy bands and Origin of energy		
		bands in crystalline solids		
	Origin of energy bands	Classification of solids into conductors,		
		semiconductors and insulators based on energy		
		bands		
V. Semiconductor		Intrinsic semiconductor and Carrier Concentration		
Physics	Intrinsic & extrinsic semiconductors	Equation for Conductivity		
		Extrinsic Semiconductors (p-type and n-type)and		
		Carrier Concentration		
	Drift and Diffusion &	Drift and Diffusion in semiconductors		
		Einstein's Equation		
		Hall Effect and it's applications		

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I- Year II - Semester	Name of the Course		Т	Р	С
HS1201	Communicative English	3	0	0	3

#### **Course Objectives**

- 1. Adopt activity based teaching-learning methods to ensure that learners would be engaged in use of language both in the classroom and laboratory sessions.
- 2. Facilitate effective listening skills for better comprehension of academic lectures and English spoken by native speakers
- 3. Focus on appropriate reading strategies for comprehension of various academic texts and authentic materials
- 4. Help improve speaking skills through participation in activities such as role plays, discussions and structured talks/oral presentations
- 5. Impart effective strategies for good writing and demonstrate the same in summarizing, writing well organized essays, record and report useful information
- 6. Provide knowledge of grammatical structures and vocabulary and encourage their appropriate use in speech and writing

#### Unit 1

#### Detailed Study: A Proposal to Girdle the Earth (Excerpt) by Nellie Bly

#### **Theme: Exploration**

**Listening:** Identifying the topic, the context and specific pieces of information by listening to short audio texts and answering a series of questions.

**Speaking:** Asking and answering general questions on familiar topics such as home, family, work, studies and interests; introducing oneself and others. **Reading:** Skimming to get the main idea of a text; scanning to look for specific pieces of information.

**Reading for Writing:** Beginnings and endings of paragraphs - introducing the topic, summarizing the main idea and/or providing a transition to the next paragraph.

**Grammar and Vocabulary:** Content words and function words; word forms: verbs, nouns, adjectives and adverbs; nouns: countable and uncountable; singular and plural; basic sentence structures; simple question form - wh-questions; word order in sentences.

#### **Non-Detailed Study:**

#### 1. "How to Fashion Your Own Brand of Success" by Howard Whitman

#### 2. "How to Recognize Your Failure Symptoms" by Dorothea Brande

# Unit 2

Detailed Study: An excerpt from The District School as It Was by One Who Went to It by Warren Burton

## **Theme: On Campus**

**Listening:** Answering a series of questions about main idea and supporting ideas after listening to audio texts.

**Speaking:** Discussion in pairs/ small groups on specific topics followed by short structured talks.

**Reading:** Identifying sequence of ideas; recognizing verbal techniques that help to link the ideas in a paragraph together.

Writing: Paragraph writing (specific topics) using suitable cohesive devices; mechanics of writing - punctuation, capital letters.

**Grammar and Vocabulary:** Cohesive devices - linkers, signposts and transition signals; use of articles and zero article; prepositions.

#### **Non-detailed Study:**

3. "How to Conquer the Ten Most Common Causes of Failure" by Louis Binstock

## 4. "How to Develop Your Strength to Seize Opportunities" by Maxwell Maltz

Unit 3

#### **Detailed Study: The Future of Work?**

#### **Theme: Working Together**

Listening: Listening for global comprehension and summarizing what is listened to.

Speaking:Discussing specific topics in pairs or small groups and reporting what is discussed

**Reading:** Reading a text in detail by making basic inferences - recognizing and interpreting specific context clues; strategies to use text clues for comprehension.

Writing: Summarizing - identifying main idea/s and rephrasing what is read; avoiding redundancies and repetitions.

Grammar and Vocabulary: Verbs - tenses; subject-verb agreement; direct and indirect speech, reporting verbs for academic purposes.

#### **Non-Detailed Study:**

5. "How to Make the Most of Your Abilities" by Kenneth Hildebrand

#### 6. "How to Raise Your Self-Esteem and Develop Self-confidence" by James W Newman

Unit 4

#### Detailed Study: H.G Wells and the Uncertainties of Progress by Peter J. Bowler

#### **Theme: Fabric of Change**

**Listening:** Making predictions while listening to conversations/ transactional dialogues without video; listening with video.

**Speaking:** Role-plays for practice of conversational English in academic contexts (formal and informal) - asking for and giving information/directions.

**Reading:** Studying the use of graphic elements in texts to convey information, reveal trends/patterns/relationships, communicate processes or display complicated data.

**Writing:** Information transfer; describe, compare, contrast, identify significance/trends based on information provided in figures/charts/graphs/tables.

**Grammar and Vocabulary:** Quantifying expressions - adjectives and adverbs; comparing and contrasting; degrees of comparison; use of antonyms

#### **Non-Detailed Study**

7. "How to Win Your War against Negative Feelings" by Dr Maxwell Maltz

#### 8. "How to Find the Courage to Take Risks" by Drs. Tom Rusk and Randy Read

Unit 5

#### Detailed Study: Leaves from the Mental Portfolio of a Eurasian by Sui Sin Far

#### **Theme: Tools for Life**

**Listening:** Identifying key terms, understanding concepts and answering a series of relevant questions that test comprehension.

**Speaking:** Formal oral presentations on topics from academic contexts - without the use of PPT slides.

Reading: Reading for comprehension.

Writing: Writing structured essays on specific topics using suitable claims and evidences

**Grammar and Vocabulary:** Editing short texts – identifying and correcting common errors in grammar and usage (articles, prepositions, tenses, subject verb agreement)

#### **Non-Detailed Study**

#### 9. "How to Become a Self-Motivator" by Charles T Jones

#### 10. "How to Eliminate Your Bad Habits" by OgMandino

#### **Text Books**

- 5. English All Round: Communication Skills for Undergraduate Learners-Volume 1, Orient Black Swan, 2019
- 6. University of Success by OgMandino, Jaico, 2015.

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. Bailey, Stephen. Academic writing: A handbook for international students. Routledge, 2014.
- 2. Chase, Becky Tarver. Pathways: Listening, Speaking and Critical Thinking. Heinley ELT; 2nd Edition, 2018.

- 3. Skillful Level 2 Reading & Writing Student's Book Pack (B1) Macmillan Educational.
- 4. Hewings, Martin. Cambridge Academic English (B2). CUP, 2012.

#### **AICTE Recommended Books**

- 1. Meenakshi Raman and Sangeeta Sharma. Technical Communication. Oxford University Press, 2018.
- 2. Pushplata and Sanjay Kumar. Communication Skills, Oxford University Press, 2018.
- 3. Kulbushan Kumar. Effective Communication Skills. Khanna Publishing House, Delhi

# Sample Web Resources

## Grammar / Listening / Writing

1-language.com

http://www.5minuteenglish.com/

https://www.englishpractice.com/

## **Grammar/Vocabulary**

English Language Learning Online

http://www.bbc.co.uk/learningenglish/

http://www.better-english.com/

http://www.nonstopenglish.com/

https://www.vocabulary.com/

**BBC** Vocabulary Games

Free Rice Vocabulary Game

#### Reading

https://www.usingenglish.com/comprehension/

https://www.englishclub.com/reading/short-stories.htm

https://www.english-online.at/

# Listening

https://learningenglish.voanews.com/z/3613

http://www.englishmedialab.com/listening.html

# Speaking

https://www.talkenglish.com/

BBC Learning English - Pronunciation tips

Merriam-Webster – Perfect pronunciation Exercises All Skills

https://www.englishclub.com/

http://www.world-english.org/

http://learnenglish.britishcouncil.org/

#### **Course Outcomes**

At the end of the course, the learners will be able to

- **CO1.** identify the context, topic, and pieces of specific information from social or transactional dialogues spoken by native speakers of English and formulate sentences using proper grammatical structures and correct word forms (**Describe, relate, tell, find L-3**)
- CO2. speak clearly on a specific topic using suitable discourse markers in informal discussions (Discuss, outline, explain, predict L3)
- CO3. write summaries based on global comprehension of reading/listening texts (Use, categorize, complete, solve L-3)
- CO4. produce a coherent paragraph interpreting a figure/graph/chart/table (Identify, compare, explain, illustrate- L4)
- CO5. take notes while listening to a talk/lecture to answer questions (explain, relate, outline, complete -L3)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1									2	3		1
CO2									2	3		1
CO3									2	3		1
CO4									2	3		1
CO5									2	3		1

#### CO PO Mapping

(Strong - 3; Moderate - 2; Weak - 1)

#### Micro-Syllabus of Communicative English

#### Unit 1

#### Detailed Study: A Proposal to Girdle the Earth (Excerpt) by Nellie Bly

#### **Theme: Exploration**

**Listening:** Identifying the topic, the context and specific pieces of information by listening to short audio texts and answering a series of questions.

**Speaking:**Asking and answering general questions on familiar topics such as home, family, work, studies and interests; introducing oneself and others.

**Reading:** Skimming to get the main idea of a text; scanning to look for specific pieces of information.

**Reading for Writing:** Beginnings and endings of paragraphs - introducing the topic, summarizing the main idea and/or providing a transition to the next paragraph.

**Grammar and Vocabulary:** Content words and function words; word forms: verbs, nouns, adjectives and adverbs; nouns: countable and uncountable; singular and plural; basic sentence structures; simple question form - wh-questions; word order in sentences.

#### **Non-Detailed Study:**

1. "How to Fashion Your Own Brand of Success" by Howard Whitman

# 2. "How to Recognize Your Failure Symptoms" by Dorothea Brande

Unit	Module	Micro content
		Identifying the topic, the context and specific pieces of
	Listening	information by listening to short audio texts and
		answering a series of questions.
		Asking and answering general questions on familiar
	Speaking	topics such as home, family, work, studies and
		interests; introducing oneself and others.
1a.Detailed		Beginnings and endings of paragraphs - introducing the
Study	Reading	topic, summarizing the main idea and/or providing a
		transition to the next paragraph.
	Grammar and Vocabulary	Content words and function words; word forms: verbs,
		nouns, adjectives and adverbs; nouns: countable and
		uncountable; singular and plural; basic sentence
		structures; simple question form - wh-questions; word
		order in sentences.
	"How to Fashion	
	Your Own Brand of	Introduction to Whitman
	Success" by Howard	Summary of the Essay
1b.Non-Detailed	Whitman	
Study	How to Recognize	
	Your Failure	Introduction to Dorothea Brande
	Symptoms" by	Summary of the Essay
	Dorothea Brande	

## Unit 2

# Detailed Study: The District School As It Was by One Who Went to It by Warren Burton Theme: On Campus

**Listening:** Answering a series of questions about main idea and supporting ideas after listening to audio texts.

**Speaking:** Discussion in pairs/ small groups on specific topics followed by short structured talks.

**Reading:** Identifying sequence of ideas; recognizing verbal techniques that help to link the ideas in a paragraph together.

Writing: Paragraph writing (specific topics) using suitable cohesive devices; mechanics of writing - punctuation, capital letters.

**Grammar and Vocabulary:** Cohesive devices - linkers, signposts and transition signals; use of articles and zero article; prepositions.

#### Non-detailed Study:

# **3. "How to Conquer the Ten Most Common Causes of Failure" by Louis Binstock**

4. "How to Develop Your Strength to Seize Opportunities" by Maxwell Maltz

Unit		Module	Micro content
2a.	Detailed	Listoning	Answering a series of questions about main idea
Study		Listening	and supporting ideas after listening to audio texts.

	Speaking	Discussion in pairs/ small groups on specific topics followed by short structured talks.
	Reading	Identifying sequence of ideas; recognizing verbal techniques that help to link the ideas in a paragraph together.
	Writing	Paragraph writing (specific topics) using suitable cohesive devices; mechanics of writing - punctuation, capital letters.
	Grammar and Vocabulary	Cohesive devices - linkers, signposts and transition signals; use of articles and zero article; prepositions.
2b. Non-Detailed	"How to Conquer the Ten Most Common Causes of Failure" by Louis Binstock	Introduction to Louis Binstock Summary of the Essay
Study	Strength to Seize Opportunities" by Maxwell Maltz	Introduction to Maxwell Maltz Summary of the Essay

Unit 3

# **Detailed Study: The Future of Work**

**Theme: Working Together** 

Listening: Listening for global comprehension and summarizing what is listened to.

Speaking: Discussing specific topics in pairs or small groups and reporting what is discussed

**Reading:** Reading a text in detail by making basic inferences - recognizing and interpreting specific context clues; strategies to use text clues for comprehension.

**Writing:** Summarizing - identifying main idea/s and rephrasing what is read; avoiding redundancies and repetitions.

**Grammar and Vocabulary:** Verbs - tenses; subject-verb agreement; direct and indirect speech, reporting verbs for academic purposes.

**Non-Detailed Study:** 

5. "How to Make the Most of Your Abilities" by Kenneth Hildebrand

# 6. "How to Raise Your Self-Esteem and Develop Self-confidence" by James W Newman

Unit	Modu	ıle	Micro content						
3a. Detailed Study	Liste	ning	Listening for global comprehension and summarizing what is listened to.						
	Speal	xing	Discussing specific topics in pairs or small groups and reporting what is discussed						
	ailed Read	ing	Reading a text in detail by making basic inferences - recognizing and interpreting specific context clues; strategies to use text clues for comprehension.						
	Writi	ng	Summarizing - identifying main idea/s and rephrasing what is read; avoiding redundancies and repetitions.						

	Grammar and Vocabulary	Verbs - tenses; subject-verb agreement; direct and indirect speech, reporting verbs for academic purposes.
	"How to Make the Most of Your Abilities" by Kenneth Hildebrand	Introduction to Kenneth Hildebrand Summary of the Essay
3b. Non-Detailed Study	How to RaiseYourSelf-EsteemandDevelopSelf-confidence"byJamesW Newman	Introduction to James Newman Summary of the Essay

Unit 4

# Detailed Study: H.G Wells and the Uncertainties of Progress by Peter J. Bowler

# Theme: Fabric of Change

**Listening:** Making predictions while listening to conversations/ transactional dialogues without video; listening with video.

**Speaking:** Role-plays for practice of conversational English in academic contexts (formal and informal) - asking for and giving information/directions.

**Reading:** Studying the use of graphic elements in texts to convey information, reveal trends/patterns/relationships, communicate processes or display complicated data.

**Writing:** Information transfer; describe, compare, contrast, identify significance/trends based on information provided in figures/charts/graphs/tables.

**Grammar and Vocabulary:** Quantifying expressions - adjectives and adverbs; comparing and contrasting; degrees of comparison; use of antonyms

# **Non-Detailed Study**

# 7. "How to Win Your War Against Negative Feelings" by Dr Maxwell Maltz

# 8. "How to Find the Courage to Take Risks" by Drs. Tom Rust and Randy Read

Unit		Module	Micro content				
4a. Detailed Study	Listening	Making predictions while listening to conversations/ transactional dialogues without video; listening with video.					
	Speaking	Role plays for practice of conversational English in academic contexts (formal and informal) - asking for and giving information/directions					
	Reading	Studying the use of graphic elements in texts to convey information, reveal trends/patterns/relationships, communicate processes or display complicated data.					
	Writing	Information transfer; describe, compare, contrast, identify significance/trends based on information provided in figures/charts/graphs/tables.					
		Grammar and Vocabulary	Quantifying expressions - adjectives and adverbs; comparing and contrasting; degrees of comparison; use of antonyms				

4b. Non-Detailed	"How to Win Your War Against Negative Feelings" by Dr Maxwell Maltz	Introduction to Dr Maxwell Maltz Summary of the Essay
Study	"How to Find the Courage to Take Risks" by Drs Tom Rust and Randy Read	Introduction to Drs. Tom Rust and Randy Read Summary of the Essay

Unit 5

# Detailed Study: Leaves from the Mental Portfolio of a Eurasian by Sui Sin Far Theme: Tools for Life

**Listening:** Identifying key terms, understanding concepts and answering a series of relevant questions that test comprehension. **Speaking:** Formal oral presentations on topics from academic contexts - without the use of PPT slides.

**Reading:** Reading for comprehension. **Writing:** Writing structured essays on specific topics using suitable claims and evidences

**Grammar and Vocabulary:** Editing short texts – identifying and correcting common errors in grammar and usage (articles, prepositions, tenses, subject verb agreement)

# **Non-Detailed Study**

9. "How to Become a Self-Motivator" by Charles T Jones

10. "How to Eliminate Your Bad Habits" by OgMandino

Unit	Module	Micro content			
		Identifying key terms, understanding concepts and			
	Listening	answering a series of relevant questions that test			
		comprehension.			
	Speaking	Formal oral presentations on topics from academic			
50 Dotailad	Speaking	contexts - without the use of PPT slides.			
Sa. Detalleu	Reading	Reading for comprehension.			
Study	Writing	Writing structured essays on specific topics using			
	witting	suitable claims and evidences			
	Grammar and Vocabulary	Editing short texts - identifying and correcting			
		common errors in grammar and usage (articles,			
		prepositions, tenses, subject verb agreement)			
	"How to Become a Self-	Introduction to Charles T Jones			
5b. Non-Detailed	Motivator" by Charles	Summary of the Essay			
	T Jones	Summary of the Essay			
Study	"How to Eliminate	Introduction to Og Monding			
	Your Bad Habits" by	Summer of the Deces			
	OgMandino	Summary of the Essay			

I- Year II - Semester	Name of the Course		Т	Р	С
ES1201	Problem Solving using Python	3	0	0	3

#### **Course Objectives**

- To learn about Python programming language syntax, semantics, and the runtime environment
- To be familiarized with universal computer programming concepts like data types, containers
- To be familiarized with general computer programming concepts like conditional execution, loops & functions
- To be familiarized with general coding techniques and object-oriented programming

#### Unit-1

**Introduction:** Introduction to Python, Program Development Cycle, Input, Processing, and Output, Displaying Output with the Print Function, Comments, Variables, Reading Input from the Keyboard, Performing Calculations, Operators. Type conversions, Expressions, More about Data Output.

**Data Types, and Expression:** Strings Assignment, and Comment, Numeric Data Types and Character Sets, Using functions and Modules.

**Decision Structures and Boolean Logic:** if, if-else, if-elif-else Statements, Nested Decision Structures, Comparing Strings, Logical Operators, Boolean Variables. Repetition Structures: Introduction, while loop, for loop, Calculating a Running Total, Input Validation Loops, Nested Loops.

#### Unit-2

**Control Statement:** Definite iteration for Loop Formatting Text for output, Selection if and if else Statement Conditional Iteration, While Loop

**Strings and Text Files:** Accessing Character and Substring in Strings, Data Encryption, Strings and Number Systems, String Methods Text Files.

#### Unit-3

List and Dictionaries: Lists, Defining Simple Functions, Dictionaries

**Design with Function:** Functions as Abstraction Mechanisms, Problem Solving with Top Down Design, Design with Recursive Functions, Case Study Gathering Information from a File System, Managing a Program's Namespace, Higher Order Function.

Modules: Modules, Standard Modules, Packages.

#### Unit-4

**File Operations:** Reading config files in python, Writing log files in python, Understanding read functions, read(), readline() and readlines(), Understanding write functions, write() and writelines(), Manipulating file pointer using seek, Programming using file operations

**Object Oriented Programming:** Concept of class, object and instances, Constructor, class attributes and destructors, Real time use of class in live projects, Inheritance, overlapping and overloading operators, Adding and retrieving dynamic attributes of classes, Programming using Oops support

**Design with Classes:** Objects and Classes, Data modeling Examples, Case Study An ATM, Structuring Classes with Inheritance and Polymorphism

# Unit-5

**Errors and Exceptions:** Syntax Errors, Exceptions, Handling Exceptions, Raising Exceptions, Userdefined Exceptions, Defining Clean-up Actions, Redefined Clean-up Actions.

**Graphical User Interfaces:** The Behavior of Terminal Based Programs and GUI -Based, Programs, Coding Simple GUI-Based Programs, Other Useful GUI Resources.

**Programming:** Introduction to Programming Concepts with Scratch.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 3. Fundamentals of Python First Programs, Kenneth. A. Lambert, Cengage.
- 4. Python Programming: A Modern Approach, VamsiKurama, Pearson.

## **REFERENCES:**

- 4. Introduction to Python Programming, Gowrishankar.S, Veena A, CRC Press.
- 5. Introduction to Programming Using Python, Y. Daniel Liang, Pearson.

Course Outcomes: After completing this course, Students will be able to-

- CO1: Develop essential programming skills in computer programming concepts like data types, containers
- CO2: Solve coding tasks related to conditions, loops and String processing
- **CO3:** Experiment with various Data structures in interpreted Language and to build modules and packages for real software needs.
- **CO4:** Implement Files and object-oriented principles in Python
- **CO5:** Identify solutions using GUI in Python.

# **CO – PO MAPPING**

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	<b>PO6</b>	<b>PO7</b>	<b>PO8</b>	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	1	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	1	3	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	1	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	1	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1

[1-Slight (low), 2-Moderate (Medium), 3-Substantial (High)]

# Micro-Syllabus of Problem-Solving using Python

### UNIT I

**Introduction:** Introduction to Python, Program Development Cycle, Input, Processing, and Output, Displaying Output with the Print Function, Comments, Variables, Reading Input from the Keyboard, Performing Calculations, Operators. Type conversions, Expressions, More about Data Output.

**Data Types, and Expression:** Strings Assignment, and Comment, Numeric Data Types and Character Sets, Using functions and Modules.

**Decision Structures and Boolean Logic:** if, if-else, if-elif-else Statements, Nested Decision Structures, Comparing Strings, Logical Operators, Boolean Variables. Repetition Structures: Introduction, while loop, for loop, Calculating a Running Total, Input Validation Loops, Nested Loops.

Unit	Module	Micro content
		Program Development Cycle, I/O Functions
		Comments, Variables, Operators
	Introduction	Reading From Keyboard, Type Conversions
	Data Types and	Numeric Data types.
Introduction to	Expressions	Strings and Character set.
Python Language		String Functions
		Comments
		Conditional Statements
	Decision Structures	Nested Conditional Statements
	and Boolean Logic	Looping Techniques
		Nested Loops

#### UNIT – II

**Control Statement:** Definite iteration for Loop Formatting Text for output, Selection if and if else Statement Conditional Iteration, While Loop

**Strings and Text Files:** Accessing Character and Substring in Strings, Data Encryption, Strings and Number Systems, String Methods Text Files.

Unit	Module	Micro content
	Control Statements	For loop formatting text for output
		Selection if and if else statement
Control Statements		Conditional iteration, While loop
	String and Text Files	Character and substring in strings
		Data Encryption
		Strings and Number Systems, String methods Text
		Files.

# UNIT III

List and Dictionaries: Lists, Defining Simple Functions, Dictionaries

**Design with Function:** Functions as Abstraction Mechanisms, Problem Solving with Top Down Design, Design with Recursive Functions, Case Study Gathering Information from a File System, Managing a Program's Namespace, Higher Order Function.

Modules: Modules, Standard Modules, Packages.

Unit	Module	Micro content
Data Structures,	List and Dictionarias	Lists
Functions and		Functions of Lists

Modules		Dictionaries
		Functions of Dictionaries
		Functions and there usage in python
		Recursive Functions
	Design with Function Modules	Managing a Programs Namespace
		Gathering Info from a File System
		Higher Order Function
		Standard Modules
		Packages and their usage.

# UNIT IV

**File Operations:** Reading config files in python, Writing log files in python, Understanding read functions, read(), readline() and readlines(), Understanding write functions, write() and writelines(), Manipulating file pointer using seek, Programming using file operations

**Object Oriented Programming:** Concept of class, object and instances, Constructor, class attributes and destructors, Real time use of class in live projects, Inheritance, overlapping and overloading operators, Adding and retrieving dynamic attributes of classes, Programming using Oops support **Design with Classes:** Objects and Classes, Data modeling Examples, Case Study An ATM, Structuring Classes with Inheritance and Polymorphism

	-	-
Unit	Module	Micro content
File Operations, Object Oriented Programming	File Operations	Reading and Writing Files in python using read and write functions
		File operations using seek and other operations
		Class, Object, constructor and destructor, OOP
	Object Oriented	Principles.
	Programming	Objects and Classes, Data modeling Examples
	Design With Classes	Adding and retrieving dynamic attributes of
		classes

# UNIT V

**Errors and Exceptions:** Syntax Errors, Exceptions, Handling Exceptions, Raising Exceptions, Userdefined Exceptions, Defining Clean-up Actions, Redefined Clean-up Actions.

**Graphical User Interfaces:** The Behavior of Terminal Based Programs and GUI -Based, Programs, Coding Simple GUI-Based Programs, Other Useful GUI Resources.

**Programming:** Introduction to Programming Concepts with Scratch.

Unit	Module	Micro content
	Errors and Exceptions	Syntax Errors, Exceptions, Handling Exceptions
		Raising Exceptions, User-defined Exceptions
Freeze and		Defining Clean-up Actions
Exceptions. GUI		Redefined Clean-up Actions
and Programming	GUI Programming	Terminal Based Programs and GUI – Based
		Simple GUI-Based Programs and other useful
		GUI Resources
		Introduction to Programming
		Scratch Programming

I- Year II - Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
ES1202	Digital Logic Design	2	1	0	3

#### **Course Objectives**

- 1. To understand common forms of number representation in digital circuits and Boolean algebra.
- 2. To learn basic techniques for the design of digital circuits and fundamental concepts used in the design of digital systems and simplify logic expressions using basic theorems, K-map and Tabular methods.
- 3. To understand the concept of Combinational logic design and realize logic expressions using MUXand Decoder
- 4. Illustrate the concept of sequential logic design; analyze the operation of flip-flop and conversion from one flip-flop to another, and application of flip-flop.
- 5. To impart to student the concepts of sequential machines of digital system.

#### Unit-1

#### Number Systems and Boolean Algebra

**Number systems:** Introduction to different number system and their conversions, complement of number system and subtraction using complement method, Floating-Point Representation, Weighted and Non-weighted codes and its properties.

**Boolean Algebra:** Boolean algebra and logic gates, Basic theorems and properties of Boolean Algebra, Boolean functions, canonical and standard forms, Universal Gates.

#### Unit-2

#### **Minimization Methods of Boolean functions**

Minimization of logic expressions by algebraic method, Sum of Products (SOP), Product of Sums (POS), K-Map Method, Don't Care Combinations, Multilevel NAND/NOR realizations, Prime and essential Prime Implicants, Tabular Method, Prime Implicants Chart, Simplification Rules.

#### Unit-3

#### **Combinational Circuits**

Design procedure, Half/full adders, Half / full substractors, Carry look ahead adder, BCD adder, Multiplexer/De-Multiplexer, Encoder/Decoder, Priority encoders, Implementation of Higher-Order Device Using Lower Order devices, Implementation of combinational logic using MUX/Decoder, Magnitude Comparator, Error detection and correction codes.

#### Unit-4

#### **Sequential Circuits**

Sequential Circuits Fundamentals: Basic Architectural Distinctions between Combinational and Sequential circuits, SR Latch, Flip Flops: SR, JK, JK Master Slave, D and T Type Flip Flops,

Excitation Table of all Flip Flops, Timing and Triggering Consideration, Conversion from one type of Flip-Flop to another.

Registers and Counters: Shift Registers Left, Right and Bidirectional Shift Registers, Applications of Shift Registers, Design and Operation of Ring and Twisted Ring Counter, Operation of Asynchronous and Synchronous Counters.

## Unit-5

#### **Sequential Machines**

Finite State Machines, Synthesis of Synchronous Sequential Circuits, Serial Binary Adder, Sequence Detector, Paritybit Generator, Synchronous Modulo N –Counters, Finite state machinecapabilities and limitations, Mealy and Moore models.

Note: Case Studies / Small Projects of Digital Circuits and Logic Design

# **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Digital Design by Mano, PHI
- 2. Modern Digital Electronics by RP Jain, TMH
- 3. Switching Theory and Logic Design by A. Anand Kumar, PHI.

#### REFERENCE

- 1. Switching Theory and Logic Design by Hill and Peterson Mc-Graw Hill TMH edition
- 2. Fundamentals of Logic Design by Charles H. Roth Jr, Jaico Publishers

#### **Course Outcomes**

- **CO1.** Distinguish the analog and digital systems, apply positional notations, number systems, computer codes in digital systems. (**Remember, Understand, and Apply**)
- CO2. To understand the Boolean Algebra theorems, simplify and design logic circuits. (Understand, Apply, Analyze and valuate)
- **CO3.** Implemented combinational logic circuit design and modular combinational circuits using encoders, decoders, multiplexers and demultiplexers. (**Apply, Analyze, valuate, and create**)
- CO4. To understand the basic elements of sequential logic circuits. (Understand, Apply, Analyze)
- CO5. Able to design and analyze sequential circuits. (Apply, Analyze and create)

# **CO-PO MAPPING**

Mapping	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO10
CO1	3	2	2	1
CO2	3	2	2	1
CO3	3	2	2	1
CO4	3	2	2	1
CO5	3	2	2	1
(0)	2 1 1		0 11/	1

(Strong – 3; Moderate – 2; Weak – 1)

#### Micro-Syllabus of Digital Circuits and Logic Design

#### **Unit-1: Number Systems and Boolean Algebra**

#### **10 Hours**

**Number systems:** Introduction to different number system and their conversions, complement of number system and subtraction using complement method, Floating-Point Representation, Weighted and Non-weighted codes and its Properties, Error detection and correction codes,

**Boolean Algebra:** Boolean algebra and logic gates, Basic theorems and properties of Boolean Algebra, Boolean functions, canonical and standard forms, Universal Gates.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of
	Introduction to different	Introduction to number system	hrs
	number system and their	Binary, Octal, Decimal, Hexadecimal.	2
	conversions	Number base Conversions	
		1's, 2's Compliments	
	Complement of number	r-1's Compliments	
19	system and subtraction using	r's Compliments	2
ia. Number systems	complement method	signed Binary numbers	
		Compliment Arithmetic	]
	Electing Doint Donnegontation	IEEE 754 Standard 32-bit single	1
	Floating-Point Representation	precision, 64-bit double precision	1
	Weighted and Non-weighted	BCD Code, 2421, Excess-3, 84-2-1, Gray	1
	codes and its Properties	Code, ASCII Character Code	1
	Error detection and correction codes,	Parity bit, Hamming Code	1
		Postulates of a mathematical system and Axiomatic Systems, Algebra Basic Theorems and Properties	2
1b.Boolea	Introduction to Boolean	Boolean Functions of Canonical and Standard	
n Algebra	algebra and Boolean theorems	Forms	1
		logic gates, Universal Gates and justification	
		of all logic gates	

## Unit-2: Minimization Methods of Boolean functions 10 Hours

Minimization of logic expressions by algebraic method, Sum of Products (SOP), Product of Sums (POS), K-Map Method, Don't Care Combinations, Multilevel NAND/NOR realizations, Prime and essential Prime Implicants, Tabular Method, Prime Implicants Chart, Simplification Rules.

U	nit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
			Boolean function	
1	1. Minim ization Metho		Minimization of Boolean expressions	
1.		Minimization of logic expressions	Minterms, Maxterms, Sum of Products	2
		by algebraic method	(SOP), Product of Sums (POS)	
	ds of		Canonical forms, Conversion between	
	Boolea		canonical forms	
	n		Introduction to 2 – 5 variable K-Map	
	functio ns	K Man Mathad	with Implicants, prime Implicants, and	5
		K-Map Method	Essential Prime Implicants	5
			POS minimization with K-Map	

		K-Maps with don't care terms	
		Multilevel NAND/NOR realizations of	
		minimization functions	
		Introduction to Tabular (Q-M) method	
		with examples	2
	Tabular method	Q-M method with don't care terms	
		Prime Implicants Chart, Simplification	1
		Rules	1
Unit-3: Co	ombinational Circuits	10 Hours	
Design pro	ocedure, Half/full adders, Half / full s	subtractors, Carry look ahead adder, BCD	adder,
Multiplexe	r/De-Multiplexer, Encoder/Decoder, Pr	riority encoders, Implementation of Highe	r-Order
Device Us	ing Lower Order devices, Implementa	tion of combinational logic using MUX/D	ecoder,
Magnitude	Comparator, Programmable logic devic	es	
			No
Unit	Module	Micro content	of
			hrs
		Introduction to Design Procedures of	
		Combinational Circuits	
		Designing of Half Adder and Subtractor	
	Designing of Helf/Full Adder	Full Adder and Subtractor	1
	Subtractor and Carry look abad	Full adder by HA	
	adder BCD adder	Realization of above circuits with	
3.	adder, DCD adder	NAND & NOR	
Combin		Carry look ahead adder	1
ational		Designing of Magnitude comparator and	1
Logic		BCD adder	1
Design		Multiplexers, Demultiplexers	1
	Multiplexers, Demultiplexers,	Decoders, Encoders, Priority encodes	1
	Decoders, Encoders and Code	Function realization using Multiplexers	2
	Converters	and Decoders	-
		Code Converters	1
	Implementation of Higher-Order	Multiplexers, Demultiplexers, Decoders,	1
	Device Using Lower Order devices	Encoders	-
	Programmable logic devices	PROM,PAL,PLA	1
Unit-4: Se	quential Circuits	10 Hours	
Sequential	Circuits Fundamentals: Basic Archit	ectural Distinctions between Combination	and
Sequential	circuits, SR Latch, Flip Flops: SR, J	K, JK Master Slave, D and T Type Flip	Flops,
Excitation	Table of all Flip Flops, Timing and Tr	iggering Consideration, Conversion from o	ne type
of Flip-Flo	p to another.		
Registers a	ind Counters: Shift Registers Left, Righ	t and Bidirectional Shift Registers, Applicat	tions of
Snift Reg	isters, Design and Operation of Ri	ing and I wisted King Counter, Operat	tion of
Asynchron	ous and Synchronous Counters.		Na
Unit	Madula	Miero contont	
			hrs

			hrs
<b>4a.</b>	Analysis of Sequential Circuits	Basic Architectural Distinctions between	1

Sequent		Combinational and Sequential circuits	
ial		SR latch by NAND / NOR gates and	
Circuits		introduction of flip flop	
Fundam		Design various flip flops like SR, D, JK,	
entals		JK Master Slave & T with truth tables,	2
	Storage elements: Flip Flops	logic diagrams	
		Excitation Table of all Flip Flops,	1
		Timing and Triggering Consideration	1
		Introduction of registers and Design of	1
	Desistant	Shift Registers Left and Right	1
	Registers	Design of Bidirectional Shift Registers,	1
4b.		Applications of Shift Registers	1
Register		Designing Asynchronous/Ripple	1
s and		counters	1
Counter		Designing basic Synchronous Counters	1
S	Counters	of UP/DOWN	1
		Other counters: modulo-n counters, Ring	
		and twisted ring counters, Johnson	2
		Counter	
		Counter,	
Unit-5: Se	quential Machines	8 Hours	
<b>Unit-5: Se</b> Finite Stat	<b>quential Machines</b> e Machines, Synthesis of Synchronou	8 Hours s Sequential Circuits, Mealy and Moore n	nodels,
Unit-5: Se Finite Stat Serial Bin	quential Machines quential Machines e Machines, Synthesis of Synchronou ary Adder, Sequence Detector, Parity-I	<b>8 Hours</b> s Sequential Circuits, Mealy and Moore n bit Generator Synchronous Modulo N – Co	nodels, ounters,
Unit-5: Se Finite Stat Serial Bin Finite state	<b>quential Machines</b> e Machines, Synthesis of Synchronou ary Adder, Sequence Detector, Parity- e machine capabilities and limitations.	<b>8 Hours</b> s Sequential Circuits, Mealy and Moore not bit Generator Synchronous Modulo N – Co	nodels, ounters,
<b>Unit-5: Se</b> Finite Stat Serial Bin Finite state	quential Machines e Machines, Synthesis of Synchronou ary Adder, Sequence Detector, Parity- e machine capabilities and limitations.	8 Hours 8 Sequential Circuits, Mealy and Moore n bit Generator Synchronous Modulo N – Co	nodels, punters, <b>No</b>
Unit-5: Se Finite Stat Serial Bin Finite state Unit	quential Machines quential Machines e Machines, Synthesis of Synchronou ary Adder, Sequence Detector, Parity-le machine capabilities and limitations. Module	8 Hours 8 Sequential Circuits, Mealy and Moore n bit Generator Synchronous Modulo N – Co Micro content	nodels, ounters, <b>No</b> of
Unit-5: Se Finite Stat Serial Bin Finite state Unit	quential Machines e Machines, Synthesis of Synchronou ary Adder, Sequence Detector, Parity- e machine capabilities and limitations. Module	8 Hours         as Sequential Circuits, Mealy and Moore n         bit Generator Synchronous Modulo N – Co         Micro content	nodels, punters, No of hrs
Unit-5: Se Finite Stat Serial Bin Finite state Unit	quential Machines e Machines, Synthesis of Synchronou ary Adder, Sequence Detector, Parity-le machine capabilities and limitations. Module	8 Hours         as Sequential Circuits, Mealy and Moore moit Generator Synchronous Modulo N – Co         Micro content         Finite-state       machine (FSM), State	nodels, punters, No of hrs 1
Unit-5: Se Finite Stat Serial Bin Finite state Unit	quential Machines e Machines, Synthesis of Synchronou ary Adder, Sequence Detector, Parity- e machine capabilities and limitations. Module	8 Hours         as Sequential Circuits, Mealy and Moore month         bit Generator Synchronous Modulo N – Co         Micro content         Finite-state machine (FSM), State         Assignment, state table, excitation table	nodels, punters, No of hrs 1
Unit-5: Se Finite Stat Serial Bin Finite state Unit	quential Machines e Machines, Synthesis of Synchronou ary Adder, Sequence Detector, Parity- e machine capabilities and limitations. Module	8 Hours         8 Hours         Is Sequential Circuits, Mealy and Moore month         bit Generator Synchronous Modulo N – Co         Micro content         Micro content         Finite-state machine (FSM), State         Assignment, state table, excitation table         Synthesis of Synchronous Sequential	nodels, punters, <b>No</b> of hrs 1
Unit-5: Se Finite Stat Serial Bin Finite state Unit	quential Machines e Machines, Synthesis of Synchronou ary Adder, Sequence Detector, Parity- e machine capabilities and limitations. Module	8 Hours         as Sequential Circuits, Mealy and Moore month         bit Generator Synchronous Modulo N – Co         Micro content         Finite-state machine (FSM), State         Assignment, state table, excitation table         Synthesis of Synchronous Sequential         Circuits	nodels, punters, No of hrs 1
Unit-5: Se Finite Stat Serial Bin Finite state Unit 5. Sequent	quential Machines e Machines, Synthesis of Synchronou ary Adder, Sequence Detector, Parity- e machine capabilities and limitations. Module	8 Hours         as Sequential Circuits, Mealy and Moore models         bit Generator Synchronous Modulo N – Co         Micro content         Finite-state machine (FSM), State         Assignment, state table, excitation table         Synthesis of Synchronous Sequential         Circuits         Mealy and Moore models by Serial	nodels, punters, No of hrs 1 2
Unit-5: Se Finite Stat Serial Bin Finite state Unit 5. Sequent ial	quential Machines         e Machines, Synthesis of Synchronou         ary Adder, Sequence Detector, Parity-         e machine capabilities and limitations.         Module	8 Hours         ss Sequential Circuits, Mealy and Moore models         bit Generator Synchronous Modulo N – Co         Micro content         Finite-state machine (FSM), State         Assignment, state table, excitation table         Synthesis of Synchronous Sequential         Circuits         Mealy and Moore models by Serial         Binary Adder	nodels, ounters, <b>No</b> of hrs 1 2
Unit-5: Se Finite Stat Serial Bin Finite state Unit 5. Sequent ial Machin	quential Machines         e Machines, Synthesis of Synchronou         ary Adder, Sequence Detector, Parity-         e machine capabilities and limitations.         Module	8 Hours         as Sequential Circuits, Mealy and Moore models         bit Generator Synchronous Modulo N – Co         Micro content         Finite-state machine (FSM), State         Assignment, state table, excitation table         Synthesis of Synchronous Sequential         Circuits         Mealy and Moore models by Serial         Binary Adder         Problems on Sequence Detector	nodels, punters, No of hrs 1 2
Unit-5: Se Finite Stat Serial Bin Finite state Unit 5. Sequent ial Machin es	quential Machines         e Machines, Synthesis of Synchronou         ary Adder, Sequence Detector, Parity-le         e machine capabilities and limitations.         Module	Sequential Circuits, Mealy and Moore models         ss Sequential Circuits, Mealy and Moore models         bit Generator Synchronous Modulo N – Co         Micro content         Finite-state machine (FSM), State         Assignment, state table, excitation table         Synthesis of Synchronous Sequential         Circuits         Mealy and Moore models by Serial         Binary Adder         Problems on Sequence Detector         Parity-bit Generator, Synchronous	nodels, ounters, No of hrs 1 2 2
Unit-5: Se Finite Stat Serial Bin Finite state Unit 5. Sequent ial Machin es	quential Machines         e Machines, Synthesis of Synchronou         ary Adder, Sequence Detector, Parity-         e machine capabilities and limitations.         Module	Sequential Circuits, Mealy and Moore models         Sequential Circuits, Mealy and Moore models         Sequential Circuits, Mealy and Moore models         Micro content         Finite-state machine (FSM), State         Assignment, state table, excitation table         Synthesis of Synchronous Sequential         Circuits         Mealy and Moore models by Serial         Binary Adder         Problems on Sequence Detector         Parity-bit Generator, Synchronous         Modulo N – Counters	nodels, punters, No of hrs 1 2 2 2
Unit-5: Se Finite Stat Serial Bin Finite state Unit 5. Sequent ial Machin es	quential Machines         e Machines, Synthesis of Synchronou         ary Adder, Sequence Detector, Parity-le         e machine capabilities and limitations.         Module	Sequential Circuits, Mealy and Moore models         bit Generator Synchronous Modulo N – Co         Micro content         Finite-state machine (FSM), State         Assignment, state table, excitation table         Synthesis of Synchronous Sequential         Circuits         Mealy and Moore models by Serial         Binary Adder         Problems on Sequence Detector         Parity-bit Generator, Synchronous         Modulo N – Counters         Finite state machine capabilities and	nodels, punters, No of hrs 1 2 2 2 2

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I- Year II – Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
BS1201L	<b>Applied Physics and Virtual Lab</b>	0	0	3	1.5

Course Objectives: The Applied Physics Lab is designed to

- > Understand the concepts of interference and diffraction and their applications.
- > Apply the concept of LASER in the determination of wavelength.
- **Recognize** the importance of energy gap in the study of conductivity and Hall Effect.

- > **Illustrate** the magnetic and dielectric materials applications.
- > Apply the principles of semiconductors in various electronic devices.

# LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

#### (Any 10 of the following listed 15 experiments)

- 1. Determination of wavelength of a source-Diffraction Grating-Normal incidence.
- 2. Newton's rings Radius of Curvature of Plano Convex Lens.
- 3. Determination of thickness of a spacer using wedge film and parallel interference fringes.
- 4. Magnetic field along the axis of a current carrying coil Stewart and Gee's apparatus.
- 5. Energy Band gap of a Semiconductor p n junction.
- 6. Characteristics of Thermistor Temperature Coefficients
- 7. Determination of dielectric constant by charging and discharging method
- 8. Variation of dielectric constant with temperature
- 9. Study the variation of B versus H by magnetizing the magnetic material (B-H curve).
- 10. LASER Determination of wavelength by plane diffraction grating
- 11. Determination of resistivity of semiconductor by Four probe method.
- 12. Determine the radius of gyration using compound pendulum
- 13. Rigidity modulus of material by wire-dynamic method (torsional pendulum)
- 14. Dispersive power of diffraction grating.

15. Determination of Hall voltage and Hall coefficients of a given semiconductor using Hall Effect.

Course Outcomes: The students will be able to:

CO1. Operate optical instruments like microscope and spectrometer

- CO2. Determine thickness of a paper with the concept of interference
- CO3. Estimate the wavelength of different colours using diffraction grating and resolving power
- CO4. Plot the intensity of the magnetic field of circular coil carrying current with distance
- CO5. Calculate the band gap of a given semiconductor

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2										1
CO2	3	2										1
CO3	3	2										1
<b>CO4</b>	3	2										1
CO5	3	2										1

# **CO PO Mapping**

(Strong - 3; Moderate - 2; Weak - 1)

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I- Year II – Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
HS1201L	Communicative English Lab	0	0	3	1.5

#### **Course Objectives**

The main objective of the course is to adopt activity-based teaching-learning methods to ensure that learners would be engaged in use of language both in the classroom and laboratory sessions and appear confidently for competitive examinations for career development.

The specific objectives of the course are to

- **1.** Facilitate effective listening skills for better comprehension of academic lectures and English spoken by native and non-native speakers
- 2. Focus on appropriate reading strategies for comprehension of various academic texts and authentic materials like newspapers, magazines, periodicals, journals, etc.
- **3.** Help improve speaking skills through participation in activities such as role plays, discussions and structured talks/oral presentations
- **4.** Impart effective strategies for good writing and demonstrate the same in summarizing, writing well organized essays, record and report useful information
- 5. Provide knowledge of grammatical structures and vocabulary and encourage their appropriate use in speech and writing

#### Introduction to Sound system of English

Articulation – Airstream mechanism, Manners of Articulation, Places of Articulation, English phonetic symbols.

Accent – Syllabification, word stress and accent, stress rules and stress shift, exceptions to rules.

Intonation – Stress and accent in connected speech. Types and functions of Intonation in English.

- I. A. Speaking: Introducing Yourself and Others
  - 1. Listening: Conversation between two and more people.
- II. A. Speaking: Speak for a minute in response to a question about personal experience / wish.
  - 2. Listening: Identifying the main idea of a talk or a conversation
- III. A. Speaking: Group discussion 5 minutes followed by a summary –1 or 2 minutes: Topics-1. Features that make a place beautiful, 2. The most challenging job you can think of, 3. Some skills that everyone should learn, 4. The best criteria to measure success, 5. A recent news story that is interesting, 6. Impact of technology on the music industry, 7. An app that has helped society, 8. Pros and Cons of after school tutorials, 9. How to stay safe on Social Media, 10. The most common reasons why friendships fall apart, 11. Interactions with seniors on campus, 12. Coping with peer pressure, 13. Others' opinion vs your belief, 14. Feeling that plants would express if they could, 15. Growing up alone vs Growing up with siblings, 16. Uniforms stifle individuality, 17. In India summer is the best and worst of times, 18. A good sense of humour is a definite perk, 19. All fast food is not junk food and 20. Ideas to make your common room in college more inviting. Question Answer sessions - 1. Idea of a Tech Startup, 2. Training programme of T&P Cell, 3. Inter-college Cultural Fest, 4. 3-day Foreign University delegation visit to the campus, 5. Computer training programme by a reputed MNC, 6. Shifting your Dept or Classrooms to new location on campus, 7. How to manage attendance while attending additional courses (Minors/Honors), 8. How to choose placement offers? 9. Involvement in Student Affairs through SAC, 10. Planning an excursion.
  - 3. Listening: 1. Comprehension Exercise on Teamwork, 2. Predicting what the speaker would say from the title of the talk, 3. Comprehension based on a narrative or a short video, TED Talks
- IV. A. Speaking: Preparing speech using picture clues, asking Q&A using pictures.
  - 4. Listening: Listening Comprehension using short films, audio files, interviews of famous personalities
- V. A. Speaking: Preparing 30-day planner, Using important phrasal expressions in speech, Oral Presentations on -1. Setting goals is important2. Asking the right question is the skill you need to develop, 3. Do college students want their parents' attention4. Everyone needs to learn how to

cook5. Doing household chores is everyone's responsibility 6. Study groups facilitate peermonitoring7. Is it OK for students to do things just because they want to fit in? 8. Students should compulsorily make time for physical activity, 9. Taking breaks to pursue other interests improves academic performance, 10. Strategies to avoid stress, 11. How best to use the media for educational activities, 12. Why volunteer for service activities? 13. International student exchange programme, 15. Work-life balance 16. Strategies to build on your strength and overcome weaknesses, 17. Strategies to build confidence and self-esteem18. Procrastination kills opportunities, 19. Setting a budget and sticking to it, 20. Grooming and etiquette 21. Pros and Cons of being Competitive, 22. Virtual classroom vs real classroom, 23. Freedom brings more responsibility 24. To-do lists help you become more productive 25. Having a diverse group of friends is an asset 26. One thing you wish you had learnt in High school 27. Why is it important to be non-judgmental towards others? 28. Humans need empathy, 29. Public speaking is a necessary skill 30. How to build and maintain good professional relationships.

5. Listening: Listening Comprehension, Speeches by Famous personalities

Pair work, Role-play, conversational practice and Individual speaking activities based on following essays from University of Success.

- 1. "How to Fashion Your Own Brand of Success" by Howard Whitman
- 2. "How to Recognize Your Failure Symptoms" by Dorothea Brande
- 3. "How to Conquer the Ten Most Common Causes of Failure" by Louis Binstock
- 4. "How to Develop Your Strength to Seize Opportunities" by Maxwell Maltz
- 5. "How to Make the Most of Your Abilities" by Kenneth Hildebrand
- 6. "How to Raise Your Self-Esteem and Develop Self-Confidence" by James W. Newman
- 7. "How to Win Your War against Negative Feelings" by Dr Maxwell Maltz
- 8. "How to Find the Courage to Take Risks" by Drs. Tom Rust and Randy Reed
- 9. "How to Become a Self-Motivator" by Charles T Jones
- 10. "How to Eliminate Your Bad Habits"by Og Mandino

#### **Text Books**

- 1. English All Round: Communication Skills for Undergraduate Learners-Volume 1, Orient Black Swan, 2019
- 2. University of Success by OgMandino, Jaico, 2015.

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. Bailey, Stephen. Academic writing: A handbook for international students. Routledge, 2014.
- 2. Chase, Becky Tarver. Pathways: Listening, Speaking and Critical Thinking. Heinley ELT; 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2018.
- 3. Skillful Level 2 Reading & Writing Student's Book Pack (B1) Macmillan Educational.
- 4. Hewings, Martin. Cambridge Academic English (B2). CUP, 2012.

# **AICTE Recommended Books**

- 1. Meenakshi Raman and Sangeeta Sharma. Technical Communication. Oxford University Press, 2018.
- 2. Pushplata and Sanjay Kumar. Communication Skills, Oxford University Press, 2018.
- 3. Kulbushan Kumar. Effective Communication Skills. Khanna Publishing House, Delhi

# Sample Web Resources

#### Grammar / Listening / Writing

- 1. 1-language.com
- 2. http://www.5minuteenglish.com/
- 3. https://www.englishpractice.com/

#### **Grammar/Vocabulary**

- 4. English Language Learning Online
- 5. <u>http://www.bbc.co.uk/learningenglish/</u>
- 6. <u>http://www.better-english.com/</u>
- 7. http://www.nonstopenglish.com/
- 8. https://www.vocabulary.com/
- 9. BBC Vocabulary Games
- 10. Free Rice Vocabulary Game

# Reading

- 11. https://www.usingenglish.com/comprehension/
- 12. https://www.englishclub.com/reading/short-stories.htm
- 13. https://www.english-online.at/

## Listening

- 14. https://learningenglish.voanews.com/z/3613
- 15. <u>http://www.englishmedialab.com/listening.html</u>

## Speaking

- 16. https://www.talkenglish.com/
- 17. BBC Learning English Pronunciation tips
- 18. Merriam-Webster Perfect pronunciation Exercises All Skills
- 19. https://www.englishclub.com/
- 20. http://www.world-english.org/
- 21. http://learnenglish.britishcouncil.org/

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the learners will be able to

- **CO1.** Identify the context, topic, and pieces of specific information from social or transactional dialogues spoken by native speakers of English and speak clearly on a specific topic using suitable discourse markers in informal discussions (L3)
- **CO2.** Take notes while listening to a talk/lecture; to answer questions in English; formulate sentences using proper grammatical structures and correct word forms; and use language effectively in competitive examinations (L3)
- **CO3.** Write summaries based on global comprehension of reading/listening texts; produce a coherent write-up interpreting a figure/graph/chart/table; and use English as a successful medium of communication. (L3)

# **CO PO Mapping**

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	<b>PO6</b>	<b>PO7</b>	<b>PO8</b>	<b>PO9</b>	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1									2	3		1
CO2									2	3		1
CO3									2	3		1

(Strong – 3; Moderate – 2; Weak – 1)

I- Year II – Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
ES1201L	Problem Solving using Python Lab	0	0	3	1.5

#### **Course Objectives**

- To acquire programming skills in core Python.
- To acquire Object Oriented Skills in Python
- To develop the skill of designing Graphical user Interfaces in Python
- To develop the ability to write database applications in Python

#### List of Problems

- 1. Write a program that asks the user for a weight in kilograms and converts it to pounds. There are 2.2 pounds in a kilogram.
- 2. Write a program that asks the user to enter three numbers (use three separate input statements). Create variables called total and average that hold the sum and average of the three numbers and print out the values of total and average.
- 3. Write a program that uses a *for* loop to print the numbers 8, 11, 14, 17, 20, ..., 83, 86, 89.
- 4. Write a program that asks the user for their name and how many times to print it. The program should print out the user's name the specified number of times.
- 5. Use a *for* loop to print a triangle like the one below. Allow the user to specify how high the triangle should be.

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- .
- 6. Generate a random number between 1 and 10. Ask the user to guess the number and print a message based on whether they get it right or not.
- 7. Write a program that asks the user for two numbers and prints *Close* if the numbers are within .001 of each other and Not close otherwise.
- 8. Write a program that asks the user to enter a word and prints out whether that word contains any vowels.
- 9. Write a program that asks the user to enter two strings of the same length. The program should then check to see if the strings are of the same length. If they are not, the program should print an appropriate message and exit. If they are of the same length, the program should alternate the characters of the two strings. For example, if the user enters *abcde* and *ABCDE* the program should print out *AaBbCcDdEe*.Write a program that asks the user for a large integer and inserts commas into it according to the standard American convention for commas in large numbers. For instance, if the user enters 1000000, the output should be 1,000,000.
- 10. In algebraic expressions, the symbol for multiplication is often left out, as in 3x+4y or 3(x+5). Computers prefer those expressions to include the multiplication symbol, like 3\*x+4\*y or 3\*(x+5). Write a program that asks the user for an algebraic expression and then inserts multiplication symbols where appropriate.
- 11. Write a program that generates a list of 20 random numbers between 1 and 100.
  - a) Print the list.
  - b) Print the average of the elements in the list.
  - c) Print the largest and smallest values in the list.
  - d) Print the second largest and second smallest entries in the list
  - e) Print how many even numbers are in the list.
- 12. Write a program that asks the user for an integer and creates a list that consists of the factors of that integer.
- 13. Write a program that generates 100 random integers that are either 0 or 1. Then find the longest run of zeros, the largest number of zeros in a row. For instance, the longest run of zeros in [1,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,1,0,0] is 4.
- 14. Write a program that removes any repeated items from a list so that each item appears at most once. For instance, the list [1,1,2,3,4,3,0,0] would become [1,2,3,4,0].
- 15. Write a program that asks the user to enter a length in feet. The program should then give the user the option to convert from feet into inches, yards, miles, millimeters, centimeters, meters, or kilometers. Say if the user enters a 1, then the program converts to inches, if they enter a 2, then the program converts to yards, etc. While this can be done with if statements, it is much shorter with lists and it is also easier to add new conversions if you use lists.
- 16. Write a function called *sum\_digits* that is given an integer num and returns the sum of the digits of num.
- 17. Write a function called *first\_diff* that is given two strings and returns the first location in which the strings differ. If the strings are identical, it should return -1.
- 18. Write a function called *number\_of\_factors* that takes an integer and returns how many factors the number has.
- 19. Write a function called *is\_sorted* that is given a list and returns True if the list is sorted and False otherwise
- 20. Write a function called root that is given a number x and an integer n and returns  $x^{1/n}$ . In the function definition, set the default value of n to 2.
- 21. Write a function called primes that is given a number n and returns a list of the first n primes. Let the default value of n be 100.
- 22. Write a function called merge that takes two already sorted lists of possibly different lengths, and merges them into a single sorted list.
- a) Do this using the sort method. B) Do this without using the sort method.
- 23. Write a program that asks the user for a word and finds all the smaller words that can be made from the letters of that word. The number of occurrences of a letter in a smaller word can't exceed the number of occurrences of the letter in the user's word.
- 24. Write a program that reads a file consisting of email addresses, each on its own line. Your program should print out a string consisting of those email addresses separated by semicolons.
- 25. Write a program that reads a list of temperatures from a file called *temps.txt*, converts those temperatures to Fahrenheit, and writes the results to a file called ftemps.txt.
- 26. Write a class called Product. The class should have fields called name, amount, and price, holding the product's name, the number of items of that product in stock, and the regular price of the product. There should be a method *get\_price* that receives the number of items to be bought and returns a the cost of buying that many items, where the regular price is charged for orders of less than 10 items, a 10% discount is applied for orders of between 10 and 99 items, and a 20% discount is applied for orders of 100 or more items. There should also be a method called *make\_purchase* that receives the number of items to be bought and decreases amount by that much.
- 27. Write a class called Time whose only field is a time in seconds. It should have a method called *convert\_to\_minutes* that returns a string of minutes and seconds formatted as in the following example: if seconds is 230, the method should return '5:50'. It should also have a method called *convert\_to\_hours* that returns a string of hours, minutes, and seconds formatted analogously to the previous method.
- 28. Write a class called Converter. The user will pass a length and a unit when declaring an object from the class—for example, c = Converter(9, 'inches'). The possible units are inches, feet, yards, miles, kilometers, meters, centimeters, and millimeters. For each of these units there should be a method that returns the length converted into those units. For example, using the Converter object created above, the user could call c.feet() and should get 0.75 as the result.
- 29. Write a Python class to implement pow(x, n).
- 30. Write a Python class to reverse a string word by word.

- 31. Write a program that opens a file dialog that allows you to select a text file. The program then displays the contents of the file in a textbox.
- 32. Write a program to demonstrate Try/except/else.
- 33. Write a program to demonstrate try/finally and with/as.

Course Outcomes: After completing this course, Students will be able to-

- **CO1:** Comprehend how software easily to build right out of the box.
- **CO2:** Demonstrates the use of an interpreted language for problem solving through control statements including loops and conditionals.
- **CO3:** Practice with data structures for quick programming solutions.
- **CO4:** Demonstrates software building for real needs by breaking out code into reusable functions and modules.
- **CO5:** Comprehend the software reliability through exception handling.

## **CO – PO MAPPING:**

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	<b>PO6</b>	<b>PO7</b>	<b>PO8</b>	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	-	-	3	2	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
CO2	2	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
CO3	2	2	2	2	3	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
CO4	2	1	2	2	2	-	-	-	3	2	-	-
CO5	-	3	3	2	3	-	-	-	3	2	-	-

I- Year II – Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
MC1201	<b>Environmental Science</b>	2	0	0	0

### **Course Objectives**

- To make the students to get awareness on environment,
- to understand the importance of protecting natural resources, ecosystems for future generations and pollution causes due to the day-to-day activities of human life
- to save earth from the inventions by the engineers.

## Unit-1

## MULTIDISCIPLINARY NATURE OF ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES

Definition, Scope and Importance – Need for Public Awareness.

**Natural Resources:** Renewable and non-renewable resources – Natural resources and associated problems – Forest resources – Use and over – exploitation, deforestation, case studies – Timber extraction – Mining, dams and other effects on forest and tribal people – Water resources – Use and over utilization of surface and ground water – Floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams – benefits and problems – Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies – Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity, case studies. – Energy resources:

## Unit-2

## ECOSYSTEMS, BIODIVERSITY, AND ITS CONSERVATION

**Ecosystems:** Concept of an ecosystem. – Structure and function of an ecosystem – Producers, consumers and decomposers – Energy flow in the ecosystem – Ecological succession – Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids – Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the following ecosystem:

- a. Forest ecosystem.
- b. Grassland ecosystem
- c. Desert ecosystem
- d. Aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries)

**Biodiversity And Its Conservation :** Definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity – Biogeographical classification of India – Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, Productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values – Biodiversity at global, National and local levels – India as a mega-diversity nation – Hot-sports of biodiversity – Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts – Endangered and endemic species of India – Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity.

#### Unit-3

## **ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT Environmental Pollution:** Definition, Cause, effects and control measures of :

- a. Air Pollution.
- b. Water pollution

- c. Soil pollution
- d. Marine pollution
- e. Noise pollution
- f. Thermal pollution
- g. Nuclear hazards

**Solid Waste Management:** Causes, effects and control measures of urban and industrial wastes – Role of an individual in prevention of pollution – Pollution case studies – Disaster management: floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides.

## Unit-4

## SOCIAL ISSUES AND THE ENVIRONMENT

From Unsustainable to Sustainable development – Urban problems related to energy – Water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management – Resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns. Case studies – Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions – Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust. Case Studies – Wasteland reclamation. – Consumerism and waste products. – Environment Protection Act. – Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act. – Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act – Wildlife Protection Act – Forest Conservation Act – Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation – Public awareness.

## Unit-5

## HUMAN POPULATION AND THE ENVIRONMENT

Population growth, variation among nations. Population explosion – Family Welfare Programmed. – Environment and human health – Human Rights – Value Education – HIV/AIDS – Women and Child Welfare – Role of information Technology in Environment and human health – Case studies.

**FIELD WORK:** Visit to a local area to document environmental assets River/forest grassland/hill/mountain – Visit to a local polluted site-Urban/Rural/Industrial/Agricultural Study of common plants, insects, and birds – river, hill slopes, etc.

## **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Text book of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses by Erach Bharucha for University Grants Commission, Universities Press.
- 2. Environmental Studies by Palaniswamy Pearson education
- 3. Environmental Studies by Dr.S.Azeem Unnisa, Academic Publishing Company

## REFERENCES

- 1. Textbook of Environmental Science by Deeksha Dave and E.Sai Baba Reddy, Cengage Publications.
- 2. Text book of Environmental Sciences and Technology by M.Anji Reddy, BS Publication.
- 3. Comprehensive Environmental studies by J.P.Sharma, Laxmi publications.
- 4. Environmental sciences and engineering J. Glynn Henry and Gary W. Heinke Prentice hall of India Private limited.
- 5. A Text Book of Environmental Studies by G.R.Chatwal, Himalaya Publishing House
- 6. Introduction to Environmental engineering and science by Gilbert M. Masters and Wendell P. Ela Prentice hall of India Private limited.

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

### **COURSE OUTCOMES**

- CO1 Able to Understand The concepts of the ecosystem
- CO2 Able to Understand The natural resources and their importance
- Able to learn The biodiversity of India and the threats to biodiversity, and Apply conservation practices
- CO4 Able to learn Various attributes of the pollution and their impacts
- CO5 Able to Understand Social issues both rural and urban environment
- CO6 Able to Understand About environmental Impact assessment and Evaluate the stages involved in EIA

## **CO PO MAPPING**

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	<b>PO6</b>	<b>PO7</b>	<b>PO8</b>	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1												1
CO2												1
CO3												1
CO4												1
CO5												1
CO6												1

II- Year I – Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
<b>BS2101</b>	Mathematics – III	2	1	0	3

Pre-Requisites: Mathematics-I and Mathematics-II

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To instruct the concept of Matrices in solving linear algebraic equations
- 2. To familiarize the techniques in partial differential equations
- 3. To furnish the learners with basic concepts and techniques at plus two level to lead them into advanced level by handling various real-world applications

#### **UNIT-I:** Solving system of linear equations, Eigen values and Eigen Vectors (10 hrs)

Rank of a matrix by Echelon form and normal form-solving system of homogeneous and nonhomogeneous linear equations-Gauss elimination, Gauss Jordan for solving system of equations-Eigen values and Eigen vectors and their properties

#### **UNIT-II: Cayley-Hamilton theorem and quadratic forms:** (10 hrs)

Cayley-Hamilton theorem (without proof)-Finding inverse and power of a matrix by Cayley-Hamilton theorem-Reduction to Diagonal form-Quadratic forms and nature of the quadratic forms-Reduction of quadratic form to canonical forms by orthogonal transformation.

**Application:** Free vibration of two mass systems.

#### **UNIT – III: Vector Differentiation:**

Scalar and Vector point functions-Vector Differential operator- Gradient - Directional derivatives-Divergence - Curl - Laplacian second order operator- Vector identities- Scalar Potential.

#### **UNIT-IV: Vector Integration:**

Line integral – Work done – Circulation- Surface integral- Volume integral Vector integral theorems (without proof): Greens theorem in a plane- Stokes theorem- Gauss Divergence theorem.

#### **UNIT- V: Solutions of Partial differential Equations**

Formation of partial differential equations by elimination of arbitrary constants and arbitrary functions - Solutions of first order linear (Lagrange) equation and nonlinear (standard types) equations.

Second order PDE: Solutions of linear partial differential equations with constant coefficients RHS term of the type  $e^{ax+by}$ ,  $\sin(ax+by)$ ,  $\cos(ax+by)$ ,  $x^m y^n$ .

#### **Text Books:**

**1.B.S. Grewal,** Higher Engineering Mathematics, 44<sup>th</sup> Edition, Khanna Publishers.

#### **Reference Books:**

**1.B.V. Ramana**, Higher Engineering Mathematics, 2007 Edition, Tata Mc. Graw Hill Education. **2.H.K.Das,** Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 22<sup>nd</sup> Edition, S. Chand & Company Ltd. **3.Erwin Kreyszig**, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 10<sup>th</sup> Edition, Wiley-India.

#### (10 hrs)

## (10 hrs)

# (8 hrs)

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to

- CO1: develop the use of matrix algebra techniques that is needed by engineers for practical applications (L6)
- CO2: solve system of linear algebraic equations using Gauss elimination, Gauss Jordan (L3)
- CO3: to interpret the physical meaning of different operators such as gradient, curl and divergence (L5)
- CO4: estimate the work done against a field, circulation and flux using vector calculus (L5)
- CO5: identify the solution methods for partial differential equation that model physical processes (L3)

## **CO-PO Mapping**

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2										1
CO2	3	2										1
CO3	3	2										1
CO4	3	2										1
CO5	3	2										1

## Micro Syllabus of MATHEMATICS – III

**UNIT-I:** Solving system of linear equations, Eigen values and Eigen Vectors Rank of a matrix by Echelon form and normal form–solving system of homogeneous and nonhomogeneous linear equations–Gauss elimination, Gauss Jordan for solving system of equations– Eigen values and Eigen vectors and their properties

Unit	Module	Micro content				
		Find rank of the given matrix by reducing into Echelon				
	Rank of the given	form.				
	matrix	Find rank of the given matrix by reducing into Normal				
1a.		form.(Canonical form)				
Solving system		Solve the system of homogeneous linear equations.				
of linear		Solve the system of Non- homogeneous linear equations.				
equations	System of linear	Solve the given system of linear equations using Gauss				
	equations	Elimination method.				
		Solve the given system of linear equations using Gauss				
		Jordan method.				
	Eigen values and	Find eigen values and Figen vectors of given matrix				
	Eigen vectors	This eigen values and Eigen vectors of given matrix.				
1h Applications	Properties of Figen	If $\lambda$ is an eigen value of Matrix A then find Eigen values of				
10.Applications	values and Figen	$A^{m}$ or $A^{-1}$ or $B = A^{2} + k_{1}A + K_{2}I$ or				
	vectors	The Eigen vectors corresponding to distinct Eigen values of				
		real symmetric matrix are orthogonal.				

## UNIT-II: Cayley-Hamilton theorem and quadratic forms:

Cayley-Hamilton theorem (without proof)–Finding inverse and power of a matrix by Cayley-Hamilton theorem–Reduction to Diagonal form–Quadratic forms and nature of the quadratic forms–Reduction of quadratic form to canonical forms by orthogonal transformation.

Unit	Module	Micro content
п	Cayley-Hamilton	Verify Cayley-Hamilton theorem for given matrix A and
11	theorem	hence find $A^{-1}$ or $A^4$ .
II		Reduce the given matrix into diagonal form.
	Quadratic Forms	Reduce the quadratic form into canonical form using
		orthogonal transformation method.

## UNIT – III: Vector Differentiation:

Scalar and Vector point functions-Vector Differential operator- Gradient – Directional derivatives Divergence – Curl – Laplacian second order operator- Vector identities- Scalar Potential.

Unit	Module	Micro content			
<b>3a.</b>		Find Gradient of given scalar function.			
Vector	Divergent, Curl	Find Unit normal vector at given point on given surface			
Differential	and Gradient				
operator		Find divergent or Curl of given vector function.			
3h Voctor		Find Scalar potential function.			
identities	Vector identities	Problems on Laplacian second order operator.			
lucifilles		Prove the given vector identity.			

## **UNIT-IV: Vector Integration:**

Line integral – Work done – Circulation- Surface integral- Volume integral Vector integral theorems (without proof): Greens theorem in a plane- Stokes theorem- Gauss Divergence theorem.

Unit	Module	Micro content
40	Lina integration	Evaluate given line integration along the given curve.
4a. Vector	surface integration	Find work done by force in moving a particle from A to B along curve C.
Integration	<b>n</b> & volume - integration	Find surface integral of vector function.
	Integration	Find volume integral of vector function.
4b.	Green's theorem,	Verify Green's theorem.
Vector	Stoke's theorem	Evaluate using stoke's theorem.
integration theorems	Divergence theorem.	Evaluate using Divergence theorem.

**UNIT– V: Solutions of Partial differential Equations:** Formation of partial differential equations by elimination of arbitrary constants and arbitrary functions – Solutions of first order linear (Lagrange) equation and nonlinear (standard types) equations.

Second order PDE: Solutions of linear partial differential equations with constant coefficients – RHS term of the type  $e^{ax+by}$ , sin(ax+by), cos(ax+by),  $x^m y^n$ .

Unit	Module	Micro content
59 First order	Formation of PDF	Form PDE by eliminating arbitrary constants.
DDF	I officiation of TDL	Form PDE by eliminating arbitrary functions.
	Solve First order	Solve first order linear PDE.

		PDE	Solve first order non-linear PDE.
5b.	Higher	Solve Second order	Solve Second order linear PDE with constant coefficients
order PI	DE	PDE.	with RHS terms $e^{ax+by}$ , $\sin(ax+by)$ , $\cos(ax+by)$ , $x^m y^n$ .

II- Year I – Semester	Name of the Course	L	T         P         C           1         0         3		
PC2101	Mathematical Foundations of Computer Science	2	1	0	3

**Course Objectives:** 

- To introduce concepts of mathematical logic.
- To introduce concepts and perform operations with sets, relations and functions.
- To solve counting problems by applying elementary counting techniques.
- To introduce algebraic structures, generating functions and recurrence relations.
- To use graph theory for solving problems.

### **Unit-1: Mathematical Logic & Calculus**

**Mathematical Logic:** Propositional Calculus: Statements and Notations, Connectives, Well Formed Formulas, Truth Tables, Tautologies, Equivalence of Formulas, Duality Law, Tautological Implications, Normal Forms, Theory of Inference for Statement Calculus, Consistency of Premises, and Indirect Method of Proof.

**Predicate Calculus:** Predicative Logic, Statement Functions, Variables and Quantifiers, Free and Bound Variables, Inference Theory for Predicate Calculus.

### **Unit-2: Set theory & Relations**

Set Theory: Introduction, Operations on Binary Sets, Principle of Inclusion and Exclusion.

**Relations:** Properties of Binary Relations, Relation Matrix and Digraph, Operations on Relations, Partition and Covering, Transitive Closure, Equivalence, Compatibility and Partial Ordering Relations, Hasse Diagrams, *Functions:* Bijective Functions, Composition of Functions, Inverse Functions, Permutation Functions, Recursive Functions, Lattice and its Properties.

### Unit-3:Algebraic Structures and Number Theory10 hrs

*Algebraic Structures:* Algebraic Systems, Examples, General Properties, Semi Groups and Monoids, Homomorphism of Semi Groups and Monoids, Group, Subgroup, Abelian Group, Homomorphism, Isomorphism.

*Number Theory:* Properties of Integers, Division Theorem, The Greatest Common Divisor, Euclidean Algorithm, and Least Common Multiple, Testing for Prime Numbers, The Fundamental Theorem of Arithmetic, Modular Arithmetic (Fermat's Theorem and Euler's Theorem)

### Unit-4: Combinatorics & Recurrence Relations

Combinatorics: Binomial and Multinomial Coefficients, Binomial and Multinomial Theorems, Pigeonhole Principle and its Application.

Recurrence Relations: Solving Recurrence Relations by Substitution and Generating Functions, Method of Characteristic Roots, Solving non homogeneous Recurrence Relations.

## **Unit-5: Graph Theory**

#### 8 hrs

#### 10 hrs

# 10 hrs

## 10 hrs

**Graph Theory:** Basic Concepts of Graphs, Sub graphs, Matrix Representation of Graphs: Adjacency Matrices, Incidence Matrices, Isomorphic Graphs, Paths and Circuits, Eulerian and Hamiltonian Graphs, Multi graphs, Planar Graphs, Euler's Formula, Graph Colouring, Chromatic Number, Spanning Trees, Algorithms for Spanning Trees (Problems Only and Theorems withou*t* Proofs).

## **Text Books:**

1. Discrete Mathematical Structures with Applications to Computer Science, J. P. Tremblay and P. Manohar, Tata McGraw Hill.

2. Elements of Discrete Mathematics-A Computer Oriented Approach, C. L. Liu and D. P.Mohapatra, 3rdEdition, Tata McGraw Hill.

**3.** Discrete Mathematics and its Applications with Combinatorics and Graph Theory, K. H.Rosen, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw Hill.

## **Reference Books:**

1. Discrete Mathematics for Computer Scientists and Mathematicians, J. L. Mott, A. Kandel,T.P. Baker, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Prentice Hall of India.

2. Discrete Mathematical Structures, BernandKolman, Robert C. Busby, Sharon CutlerRoss, PHI.

3. Discrete Mathematics, S. K. Chakraborthy and B.K. Sarkar, Oxford, 2020

## **E-resources**

1. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/103/106103205/</u>

2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106183/

## **Course Outcomes:**

By the end the of the course, the student will be able to

**CO-1:** Apply mathematical logic to solve problems(L3)

CO-2: Understand sets, relations and discrete structures

**CO-3:** Apply number theory to perform modulo arithmetic and computer arithmetic. (L3)

**CO-4: Solve** problems on recurrence relations and counting principles (L3)

CO-5: Analyze and solve real world problems using graphs and trees. (L5)

## **CO-PO-PSO Mapping:**

CO	PO	PO1	P01	PO1	PSO	PSO								
/ PO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	U	1	2	1	2
CO 1	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
CO 2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
CO 3	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
CO 4	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
CO 5	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-

#### Micro-Syllabus of Mathematical Foundations Of Computer Science

#### **II B.Tech I Semester**

Unit-1:

10 Hours

**Mathematical Logic** : Statements and Notations, Connectives, Well Formed Formulas, Truth Tables, Tautologies, Equivalence of Formulas, Duality Law, Tautological Implications, Normal Forms, Theory of Inference for Statement Calculus, Consistency of Premises, Indirect Method of Proof.

**Predicate Calculus:** Predicate Logic, Statement Functions, Variables and Quantifiers, Free and Bound Variables, Inference Theory for Predicate Calculus

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs	
	Introduction to Propositional logic	Def. of Proposition, Examples logical connectives Truth tables	2	
1.Mathematical Logic &	Truth tables for compound propositions	Well Formed Formulas Tautology,contradiction, contingency Equivalence of Formulas Duality Law	2	
calculus	Normal forms	DNF,PDNF CNF,PCNF	2	
	Rules of inference	Formulae and problems on rules of inference Consistency of premises Indirect method of proof	2	
	Predicate calculus	Predicate Logic-II	2	

Inference Theory for Predicate logic	c-II
Variables	
Variables ,Quantifiers, Free and Bo	ound

## Unit-2:

## IV Hours

Set Theory: Introduction, Operations on Binary Sets, Principle of Inclusion and Exclusion. Relations: Properties of Binary Relations, Relation Matrix and Digraph, Operations on Relations, Partition and Covering, Transitive Closure, Equivalence, Compatibility and Partial Ordering Relations, Hasse Diagrams, Functions: Bijective Functions, Composition of Functions, Inverse Functions, Permutation Functions, Recursive Functions, Lattice and its Properties

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
	Set theory	Introduction, Operations on Binary Sets Principle of Inclusion and Exclusion.	2
	Relations	Properties of Binary Relations	
		Relation Matrix and Digraph Partition and Covering	4
2. Set theory and Relations		Operations on Relations, Transitive Closure	
		Compatibility and Partial Ordering Relations	
		Hasse Diagrams	
		Bijective Functions, Composition of Functions, Inverse Functions.	2
	Functions	Permutation Functions, Recursive Functions	
		Lattice and its Properties	2

## Unit-3:

## **10 Hours**

Algebraic Structures: Algebraic Systems, Examples, General Properties, Semi Groups and Monoids, Homomorphism of Semi Groups and Monoids, Group, Subgroup, Abelian Group, Homomorphism, Isomorphism.

Number Theory: Properties of Integers, Division Theorem, The Greatest Common Divisor, Euclidean Algorithm, Least Common Multiple, Testing for Prime Numbers, The Fundamental Theorem of Arithmetic, Modular Arithmetic (Fermat's Theorem and Euler's Theorem

			No			
Unit	Module	Micro content	of			
			hrs			
		Algebraic Systems, Examples,				
		General Properties,	-			
	Algebraic structures	Semi Groups and Monoids,	3			
		Group, Subgroup, Abelian Group	-			
		Homomorphism, Isomorphism				
6. Algebraic		Division Theorem	1			
Structures		GCD&LCM	1			
& Number Theory		Prime factorization, Testing of	2			
		primes	2			
		The Fundamental Theorem of				
	Number theory	Arithmetic	3			
	i tumber theory	Fermat's Theorem and Euler's	5			
		Theorem				
Unit –4: Combinate	orics & Recurrence Relatio	ons (10 hrs)				
Combinatorics:Bind	omial and Multinomial	Coefficients, Binomial and Multi	nomial			
Theorems, Pigeonho	le Principle and its Application	on.				
Recurrence Relation	ons: Solving Recurrence	Relations by Substitution and Gen	erating			
Functions, Method of	of Characteristic Roots, Solvi	ng non homogeneous Recurrence Rela	tions.			
			No			
Unit	Module	Micro content	No of			
Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs			
Unit 4a.Combinatorics	Module Binomial and Multinomial Theorems	Micro content Binomial and Multinomial Coefficients and problems	No of hrs 2			
Unit 4a.Combinatorics	Module Binomial and Multinomial Theorems Pigeonhole Principle and its Application	Micro content         Binomial and Multinomial         Coefficients and problems         Pigeonhole Principle Statement         and problems	No of hrs 2 2			
Unit 4a.Combinatorics	Module Binomial and Multinomial Theorems Pigeonhole Principle and its Application	Micro content         Binomial and Multinomial         Coefficients and problems         Pigeonhole Principle Statement         and problems         Substitution method	No of hrs 2 2			
Unit 4a.Combinatorics 4b. Recurrence	ModuleBinomialandMultinomial TheoremsPigeonhole Principle andits ApplicationSolutionofFirstand	Micro content         Binomial and Multinomial         Coefficients and problems         Pigeonhole Principle Statement         and problems         Substitution method         Generating function method	No of hrs 2 2			
Unit 4a.Combinatorics 4b. Recurrence Relations	Module         Binomial       and         Multinomial Theorems         Pigeonhole Principle and         its Application         Solution       of         First       and         second order RR	Micro content         Binomial and Multinomial         Coefficients and problems         Pigeonhole Principle Statement         and problems         Substitution method         Generating function method         Method of characteristic roots	No         of           hrs         2           2         2           2         6			
Unit 4a.Combinatorics 4b. Recurrence Relations	ModuleBinomialandMultinomial TheoremsPigeonhole Principle andits ApplicationSolutionof First andsecond order RR	Micro content         Binomial and Multinomial         Coefficients and problems         Pigeonhole Principle Statement         and problems         Substitution method         Generating function method         Method of characteristic roots         Problems	No of hrs 2 2 2			
Unit 4a.Combinatorics 4b. Recurrence Relations	Module         Binomial       and         Multinomial Theorems         Pigeonhole Principle and         its Application         Solution       of         First       and         second order RR	Micro content Binomial and Multinomial Coefficients and problems Pigeonhole Principle Statement and problems Substitution method Generating function method Method of characteristic roots Problems	No         of           hrs         2           2         2           2         6           No         No			
Unit 4a.Combinatorics 4b. Recurrence Relations Unit	Module         Binomial       and         Multinomial Theorems         Pigeonhole Principle and         its Application         Solution       of         First       and         second order RR         Module	Micro content Binomial and Multinomial Coefficients and problems Pigeonhole Principle Statement and problems Substitution method Generating function method Method of characteristic roots Problems Micro content	No of hrs 2 2 2 6 No of			
Unit 4a.Combinatorics 4b. Recurrence Relations Unit	Module         Binomial       and         Multinomial Theorems         Pigeonhole Principle and         its Application         Solution       of         First       and         second order RR         Module	Micro content         Binomial and Multinomial         Coefficients and problems         Pigeonhole Principle Statement         and problems         Substitution method         Generating function method         Method of characteristic roots         Problems         Micro content	No of hrs 2 2 2 6 No of hrs			
Unit 4a.Combinatorics 4b. Recurrence Relations Unit	ModuleBinomialandMultinomial TheoremsPigeonhole Principle and its ApplicationSolution of First and second order RRModuleBasic terminology of	Micro contentBinomial and Multinomial Coefficients and problemsPigeonhole Principle Statement and problemsSubstitution methodGenerating function methodMethod of characteristic rootsProblemsMicro contentVertex,edge ,degree of	No of hrs 2 2 2 6 No of hrs 2			

	graphs, Matrix Representation of Graphs: Adjacency Matrix, Incidence Matrix	
	Paths and circuits	2
Graph theory	Eulerian and Hamiltonian Graphs	2
	Chromatic Number	2
	Spanning Trees, BFS and DFS	2

II- Year I – Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	C
PC2102	Data Structures	3	0	0	3

### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To impart the usage of linear list to students.
- 2. To help students understand the difference between dynamic memory using linked list.
- 3. To demonstrate the students about the operations Trees.
- 4. To make the student to understand various algorithms in graphs.
- 5. To make the students to learn the importance of hashing and sorting algorithms.

## Unit-1:

Algorithms and Linear Lists : Algorithmic complexity, performance and Analysis, Linear lists (Arrays), Applications of Linear List : Searching and Sorting

Stacks and Queues, Linked Lists: Single Linked List, Double Linked List, Circular Linked List, Stack and Queues using Linked list

## Unit-3:

Trees: Binary Trees Operations, Tree traversal, Threaded Binary Trees, Binary Search Trees, Binary Heap

## Unit-4:

Graphs- Elementary Graph Operations, Graph Traversals, Minimum cost spanning tree Algorithms, Shortest paths algorithms.

Unit-5:

Hashing and Pattern Matching: Concept Hashing, Hash Functions, Collision Resolution Techniques, Pattern Matching algorithms

## **Text Books**

- 1. Data structures, Algorithms and Applications in Java, S. Sahni, University Press (India) Pvt. Ltd, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Universities Press, Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Data structures and Algorithm Analysis in Java, Mark Allen Weiss, Pearson Education. Ltd, Second Edition

## **Reference Books**

- 1. Data Structures and Algorithms, A. V. Aho, J. E. Hopcroft, and J. D. Ullman, Pearson, 2002.
- 2. Introduction to Algorithms, by Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest, and Clifford Stein, MIT Press. 3rd Edition.
- 3. Classical Data Structures, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, DebasisSamanta, PHI

### Unit-2:

### 10 hrs

## 10 hrs

## 8 hrs

10 hrs

10 hrs

e- resources

- 7. Data Structures Visualizations https://www.cs.usfca.edu/~galles/visualization/Algorithms.html
- 8. Code Archery Youtube Channel: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLrKBFf87Cy9CNZpzi3poq8BFWc0h4f0vL

:

## **Course Outcomes:**

CO1: **understand** the implementation of linear lists(**Understand**)

CO2: examine static and dynamic data structures with suitable applications. (Apply)

CO3: determine trees applications. (Apply)

CO4: appreciate the importance and **significance** of graph algorithms in building and solving real world applications. (**Analyze**)

CO5: understand and implement algorithms for text processing.(Understand)

#### **CO-PO mapping Table**

Mappi	<b>P0</b>	P01	<b>P01</b>	<b>P01</b>	PSO	PSO								
ng	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	1	2
C01	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
C02	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
C03	1	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
C04	2	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
C05	1	2	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	2	2

## Micro Syllabus of Data Structures and Algorithms

UNIT-I		8 Hours				
Algorithms and Linear Lists : Algorithmic complexity, performance and Analysis, Linear li						
(Arrays), Applications of Linear List: Searching and Sorting						
Unit	Module	Micro content	#			
Omt	wibduie		hrs			
	Algorithmic	Introduction to algorithms	1			
Algorithms	Complexity, performance and analysis	Time complexity and space complexity Analyzing performance of algorithm Big Oh, Theta, small Oh notations				
Lincon Liste	RepresentationandOperations	Arrays, representation	1			
(Array)	Searching in Linear List	Linear Search Binary Search	1			
	Sorting	Insertion Sort, Merge Sort, Quick Sort, Radix Sort	4			
Additional Topic	5	Evaluation of Postfix expression, Round Robin algorithm, Fibonacci Search				
UNIT II 10 Hours						

**Stacks, Queues and Linked List :**Stacks, Queues, Single Linked List, Double Linked List, Circular Linked List, Stack and Queues using Linked list.

Unit	Module	Micro content	# hrs
Stacks	Representation and Operations	Stacks : Representation using arrays Operations : push, pop, peek	2

Queues	Representation and Operations	Queue : Representation using arrays Operations : enqueue, dequeue, search	2
	Representation and	Singly Linked List : Representation Operations: Insert at begin, Insert at end, Insert at position, Delete at begin, Delete at end, Delete at position, search Doubly Linked List: Representation Operations: Insert at begin, Insert at end,	2
Linked List	Operations	Insert at position, Delete at begin, Delete at end, Delete at position, search	2
		Operations: Insertion, Deletion and search	1
		Stack using Linked list, Queue using Linked List	1
Additional Topics:		Huffman Coding, Generalized Linked List	
<b>UNIT III</b> <b>Trees:</b> Binary Trees Priority Queues: He	Operations, Tree traversa	<b>10 Hours</b> al, Threaded Binary Trees, Binary Search Trees,	
Unit	Module	Micro content	# hrs
	Introduction	Terminology: Node, Root, Leaf, InternalNode, Representation , Types of Binary Trees	2
Trees	Binary Trees	Binary Trees: properties, representation, Traversals: Inorder, Preorder, Postorder Threaded Binary Trees	2
	Binary Search Trees	Representation, Operations: Insert, delete, search Skewed Trees	2
Priority Queues	BinaryHeap:Representationandoperations	Heap : Min Heap, Max Heap Operations: insert, delete, findMin, reheapify	2
<b>Additional Topics:</b>		Balanced Binary Search Trees	
UNIT IV		10 Hours	
<b>Graphs-</b> Elementary	y Graph Operations, Grap	h Traversals,	
Unit	Module	Micro content	# hrs
	Introduction	Definition, Representation, Degree of graph, Connected Components, Biconnected Components	2
	Graph Traversal	Breadth First Search Traversal, Depth First Search Traversal	2
Graphs	Minimum cost spanning tree	Prims algorithm, Kruskals algorithm	3
	Shortest path and Transitive closure	Single Source shortest path algorithm: Dijkstra's algorithm, All pair Shortest Path algorithm: Floyd – Warshall, Transitive Closure	3
Additional Topics:		Directed Acyclic Graph, Bellman Ford Algorithm	

## UNIT-V

## **10 Hours**

Hashing and Sorting : Concept Hashing, Hash Functions, Collision Resolution Techniques, Sorting algorithms

Unit	Module	Micro content	# hrs		
Hashing	Collision Resolution using Hashing	Concept of Hashing, Hash Functions: Division Method, Folding Method, Mid Square Method Collision Resolution Techniques: Linear Probing, Quadratic Probing, Double Hashing, Separate Chaining	6		
Pattern Matching	Algorithms	Brute Force, Boyer Moore Pattern Algorithm,			
Additional Topics		Digital Search Trees			

II- Year I- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	C
PC2103	Java Programming	3	0	0	3

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To understand object oriented programming concepts, and apply them in solving problems.
- 2. To make the students to learn the principles of inheritance and polymorphism; and to demonstrate how they relate to the design of abstract classes; to introduce the implementation of packages and interfaces.
- 3. To make the students to learn the concepts of exception handling.
- 4. To make the students to learn the concepts of multithreading.
- 5. To make the students to develop GUI applications.

#### **Unit-1: Introduction to OOPS Concepts, Classes and Strings**

Introduction to Object Oriented Programming, Java buzzwords, Java Programming Basics, Sample programs, Data types and operators, Control statements.

Classes: Classes, Objects, Methods, Constructors, this and static keywords, Method and Constructor Overloading, Access modifiers, arrays-One Dimensional and multi-dimensional arrays, Searching, Sorting.

Strings-Exploring the String class, String buffer class, Command-line arguments.

#### **Unit – II: Inheritance, Interfaces, Packages**

Inheritance: Need of inheritance, types, super keyword, abstract classes, interfaces, compile time and runtime polymorphism, Packages.

#### UNIT - III: EXCEPTION HANDLING AND I/O STREAMS

Exception Handling: Concepts of Exception handling, Built-in exceptions, creating own exception sub classes, Assertions.

Stream based I/O (java.io) – The Stream classes-Byte streams and Character streams, Reading console Input and Writing Console Output, File class, Reading and writing Files, Random access file operations, Object Serialization, exploring java.nio

#### **Unit – IV: Multithreading**

MULTITHREADING : CONCEPTS OF MULTITHREADING, DIFFERENCES BETWEEN PROCESS AND THREAD, THREAD LIFE CYCLE, THREAD CLASS, RUNNABLE INTERFACE, CREATING MULTIPLE THREADS, SYNCHRONIZATION, THREAD PRIORITIES, INTER THREAD COMMUNICATION, DAEMON THREADS, THREAD GROUPS.

#### **Unit – V: GUI Programming**

GUI Programming with Swing: Introduction, limitations of AWT, Various swing components & hierarchy.

Event Handling- event delegation model, sources of event, Event Listeners, adapter classes, inner classes.

### 8 Hrs

#### 10 Hrs

## **10 Hrs**

## 12 Hrs

10 Hrs

## **Text Books**

.Java – The Complete Reference, Herbert Schildt, MC GRAW HILL Education, 9th Edition, 2016

## **Reference Books**

1. "Java – How to Program", Paul Deitel, Harvey Deitel, PHI.

2. "Core Java", Nageswar Rao, Wiley Publishers.

3. "Thinking in Java", Bruce Eckel, Pearson Education

4. "A Programmers Guide to Java SCJP", Third Edition, Mughal, Rasmussen, Pearson.

Course Outcomes: By the end the of the course, the student will be able to

**CO-1: Understand** object-oriented programming concepts for problem solving.

**CO-2: Build** class hierarchy and packages for real world problems.

**CO-3: Develop** thread safe Java programs with appropriate Exception handling.

**CO-4: Demonstrate** multithreaded application programs through a language

CO-5: Design GUI applications using swings and multithreading.

Mappi	<b>P0</b>	<b>P01</b>	P01	P01	PSO	PSO								
ng	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	1	2
C01	-	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1
C02	-	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1
C03	-	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
C04	-	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1
C05	-	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1

### **CO-PO MAPPING MATRIX:**

### Micro syllabus for Java Programming

Unit – I: Introduction to OOPS Concepts, Classes and Strings10 HrsIntroduction to Object Oriented Programming, Java buzzwords, Java Programming Basics, Sampleprograms, Data types and operators, Control statements.

**Classes:** Classes, Objects, Methods, Constructors, this and static keywords, Method and Constructor Overloading, Access modifiers, arrays-One Dimensional and multi-dimensional arrays, Searching, Sorting.

Strings-Exploring the String class, String buffer class, Command-line arguments.

Unit	Module	Micro content		
Introduction to		Need of Java, JVM, JDK		
	OOPs	Introduction to Object Oriented Programming		
OOPS Concepts,		OOPS Vs structured programming		
<b>Classes and Strings</b>		Java buzzwords, Sample programs		
		Data types & operators		
		Control statements		

Unit – II: Inheritance, Interfaces, Packages	10 Hrs
	Command line arguments
Strings	String buffer & String tokenizer
	String class & methods, problems related
	Arrays, searching & sorting
Classes	Method and Constructor Overloading,
Classes	Constructors, this and static keywords
	Classes, Objects, Methods

**Inheritance**: Need of inheritance, types, super keyword, abstract classes, interfaces, compile time and runtime polymorphism, Packages.

			Need for inheritance					
			Types of inheritance					
		Inheritance	Super keyword					
			Abstract classes					
Inheritance,	&		Calling super class with sub class					
Interface			Introduction					
Packages		Interface	Dynamic method despatch					
			Compile time & runtime polymorphism					
			Introduction, classpath					
		Packages	Built-in packages					
		_	User defined package,					

UNIT – III: EXCEPTION HANDLING AND I/O STREAMS

10 Hrs

**Exception Handling:** Concepts of Exception handling, Built-in exceptions, creating own exception sub classes, Assertions.

**Stream based I/O** (java.io) – The Stream classes-Byte streams and Character streams, Reading console Input and Writing Console Output, File class, Reading and writing Files, Random access file operations, Object Serialization, exploring java.nio

	Exception Handling	Introduction, Concepts of Exceptions – try, catch, throw & throws, finally					
		Built-in exceptions					
		exception hierarchy					
Exceptions & I/o		User defined exceptions					
	Stream & I/O	Readers & Writers, Byte Stream, Random Access files,					
		object serialization					
		Exploring java.nio package					
		Reading console Input and Writing Console Output					

## **Unit – IV: Multithreading**

8 Hrs

MULTITHREADING : CONCEPTS OF MULTITHREADING, DIFFERENCES BETWEEN PROCESS AND THREAD, THREAD LIFE CYCLE, THREAD CLASS, RUNNABLE INTERFACE, CREATING MULTIPLE THREADS, SYNCHRONIZATION, THREAD PRIORITIES, INTER THREAD COMMUNICATION, DAEMON THREADS, THREAD GROUPS.

Multithreading	Multithreading	Introduction of Multitasking, Multitasking Vs Multithreading								
		Process Vs Thread								
		Thread life cycle								
		Using Thread & Runnable Interfaces								
		Creation of multiple threads								
		Synchronization – Producer consumer problems, Banker								
		problems								

			Thread priorities			
			Inter thread communication			
			Daemon threads			
			Thread groups			
			All thread related methods			
Unit – V: GUI Progra	mming		10 Hrs			
GUI Programming w	vith Swing: In	trod	uction, limitations of AWT, Various swing components &			
hierarchy.						
Event Handling- event delegation model, sources of event, Event Listeners, adapter classes, inner						
classes.						
Gui Programming	GUI w	ith	Introduction, AWT Vs Swings			

	Swings	Components & hierarchy			
	Event Handling	Event Delegation Model			
		Sources of events			
		Event Listeners			
		Adapter Classes, Inner classes			
****					

II- Year I- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
PC2104	Software Engineering	3	0	0	3

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:** The student should be able to

- 1. To understand the software life cycle models.
- 2. To understand the software requirements and SRS document.
- 3. To understand the importance of modeling and modeling languages.
- 4. To design and develop correct and robust software products.
- 5. To understand the quality control and how to ensure good quality software.

#### **Unit-1: Introduction to Software Engineering:**

Software, Software Classifications and Characteristics, Emergency of Software Engineering, What is Software Engineering? Software Engineering Challenges

**Software Processes** Process model, Elements and Characteristics of Process model, Process Classification, Phased Development Life Cycle, Software Development

Process Models: Prescriptive Process Models, Agile process models, and RUP process model

### **Unit-2: Project Management & Planning:**

Project management essentials, Project success and failures, Project Life Cycle, Project team structure and organization, Software Configuration Management. Project planning activities, Metrics and Measurements, Project Size Estimation, Effort Estimation Techniques, Staffing and Personnel Planning, Project Scheduling and Miscellaneous Plans.

## **Unit-3: Requirement Engineering:**

Software Requirements, Requirement Engineering Process, Requirement Elicitation, Requirement Analysis (Structured Analysis, Object Oriented Analysis, Data Oriented Analysis and Prototyping Analysis), Requirements Specification, Requirement Validation, and Requirement Management.

#### **Unit-4: Software Design:**

Software Design Process, Characteristics of a Good Design, Design Principles, Modular Design (Coupling and Cohesion), Software Architecture, Design

Methodologies (Function Oriented Design and Object Oriented Design), Structured Design Methodology (SDM), Transaction Analysis and Logical Design;

Coding: Coding principles, Coding process, Code verification and documentations.

#### **Unit-5: Software Testing:**

Testing Fundamentals, Test Planning, Black Box Testing, White Box Testing, Levels of Testing, Debugging Approaches

**Quality of Software:** Quality Concept, Quality Factors, Verification and Validation, Quality Assurance Activities, Quality Standards: Capability Maturity Model (CMM), ISO 9000, Six Sigma.

Maintenance: Software Maintenance, Maintenance Process Models and Reengineering.

#### **Text Books**

# (8 Hrs.)

#### t manage

(10 Hrs.)

#### (10 Hrs)

## (10 Hrs)

(10 Hrs)

- 1. Software Engineering: Concepts and Practices- Ugrasen Suman, Cengage Learning Publications.
- 2. Fundamentals of Software Engineering-Rajib Mall, PHI, New Delhi.

## **Reference Books**

- 1. An Integrated Approach to S/w Engineering- Pankaj Jalote, Narosa Publishing House.
- 2. Software Engineering- Ian Sommerville, Pearson Education, New Delhi.
- 3. Software Engineering Concepts-Richard E. Fairly, Tata McGraw Hill Inc. New York.

## e- resources

https://www.javatpoint.com/software-engineering-tutorial

COURSE OUTCOMES: Upon successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

**CO1:** Define and develop s/w projects from requirement gathering to implementation.

**CO2:** Obtain knowledge about principles and practices of software engineering.

CO3: Focus on the fundamentals of modeling a software project.

**CO4:** Obtain knowledge about estimation and maintenance of software systems

CO5: Design test cases, schedules and perform testing for SQA

## **CO-PO MAPPING MATRIX:**

Mappi	<b>P0</b>	<b>P01</b>	<b>P01</b>	<b>P01</b>	PSO	PSO								
ng	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	1	2
C01	1	2	1	-	-	-	3	-	2	3	2	1	2	1
C02	-	2	3	1	2	2	2	-	1	2	1	-	3	1
C03	-	-	2	-	3	3	1	-	2	1	3	-	3	2
C04	1	3	2	2	2	2	3	-	-	2	2	-	3	1
C05	-	-	2	-	3	2		2	2	-	2	-	2	1

## Micro Syllabus of Software Engineering

## UNIT I: Introduction to Software Engineering: (10Hrs)

Software, Software Classifications and Characteristics, Emergency of Software Engineering, What is Software Engineering? Software Engineering Challenges

**Software Processes** Process model, Elements and Characteristics of Process model, Process Classification, Phased Development Life Cycle, Software Development

Process Models: Prescriptive Process Models, Agile process models, and RUP process model

Unit	Module	Micro Content
		Software Classifications, Characteristics
		Engineering Discipline
	Software Engineering	Emergency Of Software Engineering
		What Is Software Engineering?
		Software Engineering Challenges
		Process Model
UNIT I		Elements And Characteristics Of Process Model
So	Software Processes	Process Classification
		Phased Development Life Cycle
		Software Development
		Prescriptive Process Models
	Process Models	Agile Process Models,
		RUP Process Model

### UNIT – II: Project Management & Planning: (10Hrs)

Project management essentials, Project success and failures, Project Life Cycle, Project team structure and organization, Software Configuration Management. Project planning activities, Metrics and Measurements, Project Size Estimation, Effort Estimation Techniques, Staffing and Personnel Planning, Project Scheduling and Miscellaneous Plans.

Unit	Module	Micro Content				
	Project Management Essentials	Project, People, Process, Product				
	Project Success & Failures	Why Project Fails, Keys To Success				
	Project Life Cycle	Project Vs Product Life Cycles				
	Project Team Structure And Organization, S/W	Configuration Identification, Change Control				
UNIT	Configuration Management	Configuration Status Accounting, Auditing				
II		Project Planning Activities				
		Metrics And Measurements				
	Draigat Dianning And	Project Size Estimation				
	Estimation	Effort Estimation Techniques				
	Estimation	Staffing And Personnel Planning				
		Project Scheduling				
		Miscellaneous Plans				
UNIT -	UNIT –III :Requirement Engineering: (8 Hrs.)					
Softwar	re Requirements, Requirement	Engineering Process, Requirement Elicitation, Requirement				
Analysi	s (Structured Analysis, Object	Oriented Analysis, Data Oriented Analysis and Prototyping				
Analysi	s), Requirements Specification,	Requirement Validation, and Requirement Management.				
Unit	lviodule	Micro Content				
		Software Requirements				
	Requirements Engineering	Paguiroment Eligitation				
		Requirement Analysis				
		Data Flow Diagrams Dictionary				
	Structured Analysis	Structured Analysis Method Pros & Cons				
Unit	Data Oriented Analysis	FPM Data Oriented Analysis Method				
III	Data Oriented Analysis	OO Method Modeling				
	Object Oriented Analysis	OU Method, Modeling				
		Throweway Prototyping				
	Prototyping Analysis	Findwaway Flototyping				
	Requirements Specification	SRS Characteristics And Components				
	Validation. And	Structure And Methods				

## UNIT – IV :Software Design: (10 Hrs.)

Management

Software Design Process, Characteristics of a Good Design, Design Principles, Modular Design (Coupling and Cohesion), Software Architecture, Design Methodologies (Function Oriented Design and Object Oriented Design), Structured Design Methodology (SDM), Transaction Analysis and Logical Design;

Review And Reading

**Coding:** Coding principles, Coding process, Code verification and documentations.

Unit	Module	Micro Content
UNIT IV	Software Design Process	Software Design Process
	Characteristics Of A Good Design	Characteristics of a Good Design
	Design Principles	Abstraction and information hiding
	Design Principles	Functional decomposition and TD BU strategies

	Modular Design	coupling and cohesion						
		importance of SA and styles						
	Software Architecture	designs and documentation evaluation						
	Design Methodologies	FO & OO designs						
		DFD I/p process & O/p segments						
	Structured Design	First level factoring						
	Methodology	additional factoring						
	Transaction Analysis And Logical Design	PDL and algorithmic design						
	Coding Principles & Process	Coding principles & process						
	Verification And Documentation	Verification and documentation						
UNIT V	V : Software Testing: (10 Hrs)							
Testing	Testing Fundamentals, Test Planning, Black Box Testing, White Box Testing, Levels of Testing,							
Debugg	ging Approaches							
Quality of Software: Quality Concept, Quality Factors, Verification and Validation, Quality								
Assurat Mointo	nce Activities, Quality Standards	S: Capability Maturity Model (CMM), ISO 9000, Six Sigilia.						
	Module	Micro Content						
	Testing Fundamentals	Errors, Faults, Failures, Cost, Process, Role						
		Case Design And Execution Stubs And Drivers						
	Planning	Defect Tracking And Stats						
		Ecp Bya						
	Black box testing	Cause Effect Graphing And Error Guessing						
		CF Based Path Testing						
	White box testing	DF Base Mutation Testing						
UNIT	Levels of testing	Unit Integration System Acceptance						
V		Brute Force. Backtracking						
	Debugging approaches	Breakpoint And Debugging By Induction						
		Deduction And Testing						
	Ouality of software	Concept. Factors						
	Verification and validation	Verification And Validation						
	SQA	SQA Activities And Plan						
	Quality standards	CMM, ISO 900, Six Sigma						
		Maintenance Process Models						
	Maintenance	Reengineering						
 ****								

II- Year I- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
PC2101L	Data Structures Lab	0	0	3	1.5

### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Ability to apply computational thinking to a diverse set of problems.
- 2. Ability to adapt to new challenges and computational environments.
- **3.** Proficiency in the design and implementation of algorithms.

### List of experiments:

#### Prerequisites: Solve the following problems in Hackerrank

- **1.** Time Conversion
- 2. Diagonal Difference
- 3. Stair case
- 4. Birthday Cake candles

### UNIT I

- 1. Implement Binary Search using arrays
- 2. Implement Insertion Sort.
- 3. Implement Quick Sort
- 4. Implement Merge Sort
- 5. Implement Radix Sort

## **String Pairs**

Anagram

## UNIT II

- 6. Implement stack using arrays
- 7. Implement conversion of infix to postfix expression.
- 8. Implement queue using arrays.
- 9. Implement circular queue
- 10. Implement Singly Linked List
- 11. Implement Doubly Linked List
- 12. Implement Binary Heap Operations.
- Minimize the Sum

**Implement Expression Tree.** 

## UNIT III

- 13. Implement Complete Binary Tree
- 14. Implement Binary Trees Traversal techniques (recursive and non-recursive)
- 15. Implement Binary Search Tree
- 16. Implement Binary Heap Operations.

### UNIT IV

- 17. Implement Graph and its operations
- 18. Implement Breadth First Search
- 19. Implement Depth First Search
- 20. Implement Prims' Algorithm
- 21. Implement Kruskal's Algorithm

### **Implement Island Strikes.**

#### **Implement Pawn Moves.**

- 22. Implement Linear Probing on a dictionary.
   23. Implement Separate Chaining.
   24. Implement Brute Force Pattern Matching.
   25. Implement Boyer Moore Pattern Matching.

II- Year I- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
PC2102L	Java Programming Lab	0	0	3	1.5

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To write programs using abstract classes.
- 2. To write programs for solving real world problems using java collection frame work.
- 3. To write multithreaded programs.
- 4. To design GUI application using swing controls.
- 5. To introduce java compiler and eclipse platform
- 6. To impart hands on experience with java programming.

## NOTE:

Mandatory to follow test driven development with Eclipse IDE empowered JUnit testing framework and code coverage plugin.

The list suggests the minimum program set. Hence, the concerned staff is requested to add more problems to the list as needed.

## List of Experiments

- 1. Create a class called Invoice that a hardware store might use to represent an invoice for an item sold at the store. An Invoice should include four pieces of information as instance variables-a part number (type String), a part description(type String), a quantity of the item being purchased (type int) and a price per item (double). Your class should have a constructor that initializes the four instance variables. Provide a set and a get method for each instance variable. In addition, provide a method named getInvoiceAmount() that calculates the invoice amount (i.e., multiplies the quantity by the price per item), then returns the amount as a double value. If the quantity is not positive, it should be set to 0. If the price per item is not positive, it should be set to 0.0. Write a test application named InvoiceTest that demonstrates class Invoice's capabilities. [CO1]
- 2. Develop a Java application to generate Electricity bill. Create a class with the following members: Consumer no., consumer name, previous month reading, current month reading, and type of EB connection (i.e. domestic or commercial). Compute the bill amount using the following tariff. [CO1]

If the type of the EB connection is domestic, calculate the amount to be paid as follows:

1. First 100 units - R	Rs. 1	per	unit
------------------------	-------	-----	------

- 2. 101-200units Rs. 2.50 per unit
- 3. 201 -500 units Rs. 4 per unit
- 4. >501 units Rs. 6 per unit

If the type of the EB connection is commercial, calculate the amount to be paid as follows:

- 5. First 100 units Rs. 2 per unit
   6. 101-200units Rs. 4.50 per unit
- 0. 101-200umts Ks. 4.50 per um
- 7. 201 -500 units Rs. 6 per unit
- 8. >501 units Rs. 7 per unit

- 3. Create class SavingsAccount. Use a static variable annualInterestRate to store the annual interest rate for all account holders. Each object of the class contains a private instance variable savingsBalance indicating the amount the saver currently has ondeposit. Provide method calculateMonthlyInterest to calculate the monthly interest by multiplying the savingsBalance by annualInterestRate divided by 12 this interest should be added to savingsBalance. Provide a static method modifyInterestRate that sets the annualInterestRate to a new value.Write a program to test class SavingsAccount. Instantiate two savingsAccount objects, saver1 and saver2, with balances of \$2000.00 and \$3000.00, respectively. Set annualInterestRate to 4%, then calculate the monthly interest and print the new balances for both savers. Then set the annualInterest Rate to 5%, calculate the next month's interest and print the new balances for both savers. [CO1]
- 4. Create a class called Book to represent a book. A Book should include four pieces of information as instance variables-a book name, an ISBN number, an author name and a publisher. Your class should have a constructor that initializes the four instance variables. Provide a mutator method and accessor method (query method) for each instance variable. In addition, provide a method named getBookInfo that returns the description of the book as a String (the description should include all the information about the book). You should use this keyword in member methods and constructor. Write a test application named BookTest to create an array of object for 30 elements for class Book to demonstrate the class Book's capabilities. [CO1].
- 5. Write a JAVA program to search for an element in a given list of elements using binary search mechanism. [CO1]
- 6. Write a Java program that implements Merge sort algorithm for sorting and also shows the number of interchanges occurred for the given set of integers. [CO1]
- 7. Write a java program to make rolling a pair of dice 10,000 times and counts the number of times doubles of are rolled for each different pair of doubles. Hint: Math.random() [CO1].
- 8. Develop a java application with Employee class with Emp\_name, Emp\_id, Address, Mail\_id, Mobile\_no as members. Inherit the classes, Programmer, Assistant Professor, Associate Professor and Professor from employee class. Add Basic Pay (BP) as the member of all the inherited classes with 97% of BP as DA, 10 % of BP as HRA, 12% of BP as PF, 0.1% of BP for staff club fund. Generate pay slips for the employees with their gross and net salary. [CO1]
- 9. Write a Java Program to create an abstract class named Shape that contains two\_integers and an empty method named print Area(). Provide three classes named Rectangle, Triangle and Circle such that each one of the classes extends the class Shape. Each one of the classes contains only the method print Area () that prints the area of the given shape.[CO2]
- 10. Develop a java application to implement currencyconverter(DollartoINR,EURO toINR,YentoINR and vice versa), distance converter (meter to KM, miles to KM and vice versa), timeconverter (hours to minutes, seconds and vice versa) using packages. [CO1]
- 11. Write a Java Program to Handle Arithmetic Exceptions and InputMisMatchExceptions. [CO1]
- 12. Write a multi-threaded Java program to print all numbers below 100,000 that are both prime and Fibonacci number (some examples are 2, 3, 5, 13, etc.). Design a thread that generates prime numbers below 100,000 and writes them into a pipe. Design another thread that generates Fibonacci numbers and writes them to another pipe. The main thread should read both the pipes to identify numbers common to both. [CO3].
- 13. Write a java program that implements a multi-threaded application that has three threads. First thread generates a random integer every 1 second and if the value is even, second thread computes the square of the number and prints. If the value is odd, the third thread will print the value of cube of thenumber. [CO3].

- 14. Write a Java program that correctly implements the producer consumer problem using the concept of inter-thread communication. [CO3].
- 15. Write a Java program that reads a file name from the user, displays information about whether the file exists, whether the file is readable, or writable, the type of file and the length of the file inbytes. [CO1].
- 16. Write a Java program to build a Calculator in Swings/ [CO4]
- 17. Write a Java program to implement JMenu to draw all basic shapes using Graphics. [CO4]
- 18.Write a Java program to implement JTable and JTree. [CO4]
- 19. Write a Java program to implement JTabbedPane. [CO4]
- 20. Write a Java Program that implements a simple client/server application. The client sends data to a server. The server receives the data, uses it to produce a result and then sends the result back to the client. The client displays the result on the console. For ex: The data sent from the client is the radius of a circle and the result produced by the server is the area of the circle. [CO3]

Course Outcomes: at the end of the lab, the student will be able to

**CO1:**Develop programs for solving real world problems using java collection frame work.

**CO2:** Develop and apply multithreaded programs in network applications.

CO3: Develop GUI programs using swing controls in Java.

Mapping	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	P010	P011	P012	PS01	PSO2
C01	2	2	2		2				2				2	2
C02	2	2	2		2				2				2	2
C03	2	2	2		2				2				2	2

**CO-PO** mapping Table with justification

II- Year I- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
PC2103L	UML Lab	0	0	3	1.5

**Pre-Requisites:** Prior knowledge Software Engineering, Object Oriented Concepts **COURSE OBJECTIVES:** 

- Construct UML diagrams for static view and dynamic view of the system.
- Generate creational patterns by applicable patterns for given context.
- Create refined model for given Scenario using structural patterns.
- Construct behavioural patterns for given applications.

## Week 1:

For each case study: Familiarization with Rational Rose or Umbrello

Analyse the following systems:

- a. Library Management System
- b. Automated Teller Machine
- c. Online Shopping System
- d. Point of Sale

## Week 2, 3 & 4:

## For each case study:

- a) Identify and analyse events
- b) Identify Use cases
- c) Develop event table
- d) Identify & analyse domain classes
- e) Represent use cases and a domain class diagram using Rational Rose
- f) Develop CRUD matrix to represent relationships between use cases and problem domain classes

## Week 5 & 6:

## For each case study:

- a) Develop Use case diagrams
- b) Develop elaborate Use case descriptions & scenarios
- c) Develop prototypes (without functionality)
- d) Develop system sequence diagrams

## Week 7, 8, 9 & 10:

## For each case study:

- a) Develop high-level sequence diagrams for each use case
- b) Identify MVC classes / objects for each use case
- c) Develop Detailed Sequence Diagrams / Communication diagrams for each use case showing Interactions among all the three-layer objects
- d) Develop detailed design class model (use GRASP patterns for responsibility assignment)
- e) Develop three-layer package diagrams for each case study

## Week 11 & 12:

## For each case study:

- a) Develop Use case Packages
- b) Develop component diagrams
- c) Identify relationships between use cases and represent them

## d) Refine domain class model by showing all the associations among classes

## Week 13 onwards:

## For each case study:

a) Develop sample diagrams for other UML diagrams – state chart diagrams, activity diagrams and deployment diagrams

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

- Understand the Case studies and design the Model.
- Understand how design patterns solve design problems.
- Develop design solutions using creational patterns.
- Construct design solutions by using structural and behavioural patterns

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- "Object- Oriented Analysis And Design with Applications", Grady BOOCH, RobertA. Maksimchuk, Michael W. ENGLE, Bobbi J. Young, Jim Conallen, KelliaHouston, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, 2013, PEARSON.
- 2. "The Unified Modeling Language User Guide", Grady Booch, James Rumbaugh, Ivar Jacobson, 12<sup>th</sup> Impression, 2012, PEARSON.

## **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. "Object-oriented analysis and design using UML", Mahesh P. Matha, PHI"Head first objectoriented analysis and design", Brett D. McLaughlin, Gary Pollice, Dave West, O"Reilly
- 2. "Object-oriented analysis and design with the Unified process", John W. Satzinger, Robert B. Jackson, Stephen D. Burd, Cengage Learning
- 3. "The Unified modeling language Reference manual", James Rumbaugh, Ivar Jacobson, Grady Booch, Addison-Wesle

II- Year I- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
SOC2101	<b>Advanced Python Programming</b>	0	0	4	2

### **PRE-REQUISITES:**

- Fundamentals of Python
- Problem solving skills

**Course objectives:** The student should be able to

- 1. Able to learn advanced concepts in Python
- 2. Able to use advanced packages like numpy, scipy, opency in Python for building data processing & visualizing applications.
- 3. Able to process digital imaging applications

Unit-1: Python Fundamentals: Introduction to Python, Data Structures – List, Dictionaries, Sets and Tuples. (6 hrs)

**Modules, Python Packages, Libraries:** Modules – Creating modules, import statement, from Import statement, name spacing. Math Module: Constants, Power and logarithmic functions, Trigonometric functions. Numpy Library: Numpy import, Basic functions, Matrices Addition, Subtraction Multiplication, Transpose, Inverse, Eigen values and Eigenvectors using Numpy **(8hrs)** 

**Unit-2: Python packages:** Introduction to PIP, Installing Packages via PIP, Using Python Packages (**4hrs**)

**Data Visualization** – Matplotlib – Loading the library and importing the data, How Mat plot lib works?, modifying the appearance of a plot, Plotting multiple plots, Modifying the tick marks, Scatter plots, Bar plots. (8hrs)

Unit-3: File Handling – Introduction to Files, File modes, Reading, Writing data from files, Copy one file to another, deletion of files. Other file programs in Python. (4hrs)

Text Processing: Word, character and line counting, Frequency count. Usage of with() and split().Reading and writing into CSV formats.(8hrs)

**Unit-4: Image Processing** – Installing Jupiter notebook. Image & Its properties. Image processing applications. Image I/O and display with Python, Reading, saving and displaying an image using Open CV – PyPI, matplotlib

Sample programs – Image statistics Croping, Converting images from RGB to Gray and resizing the image. (12 hrs)

**Unit-5: Using Databases and SQL** – Introduction to Database Concepts, usage of SQLite, Create, Insert & Retrieve data, Spidering twitter using a database. Sample Python codes **(8 hrs)** 

## Text books:

- 1. PYTHON FOR EVERYBODY: EXPLORING DATA USING PYTHON 3, CHARLES SEVERANCE
- 2. The Hitchiker's Guide to Python, O'Reilly publication
## **Reference books:**

- 1. Hands-On Image Processing with Python, O'Reilly Publications
- 2. Think Python, Allen Downey, Green Tea Press
- e- Resources & other digital material
- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/117/105/117105079/
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106145/#
- 3. https://realpython.com/python-mysql/

**Course Outcomes**: Upon successful completion of the course, the student will be able to **CO1: Recall** the usage of Python Concepts.

CO2: Use different Python packages for Data Visualization

CO3: Demonstrate File handling & text processing

CO4: Demonstrate applications that performs Image processing

CO5: Connect database with Python.

## Text books:

## 1. PYTHON FOR EVERYBODY: EXPLORING DATA USING PYTHON 3, CHARLES SEVERANCE

2. The Hitchiker's Guide to Python, O'Reilly publication

## **Reference books:**

- 1. Hands-On Image Processing with Python, O'Reilly Publications
- 2. Think Python, Allen Downey, Green Tea Press

## **Digital resources:**

- 1. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/117/105/117105079/</u>
- 2. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106145/#</u>
- 3. <u>https://realpython.com/python-mysql/</u>

## **Course Outcomes:**

- **CO1: Recall** the usage of Python Concepts.
- CO2: Use different Python packages for Data Visualization
- CO3: Demonstrate File handling & text processing
- **CO4: Demonstrate** applications that performs Image processing
- **CO5:** Connect database with Python.

## **CO-PO** mapping Table

	РО	PO1	PO1	PO1	PSO	PSO								
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	-1	-2
CO	1	1	1	2										
1														
CO	1	2	2	2										
2														
CO	1	2	2	2										
3														
CO	2	2	2	2										
4														
СО	1	2	2	1										
5														

## Micro-Syllabus for Advanced Python Programming

**Python Fundamentals**: Introduction to Python, Data Structures – List, Dictionaries, Sets and Tuples.

**Modules, Python Packages, Libraries:** Modules – Creating modules, import statement, from Import statement, name spacing. Math Module: Constants, Power and logarithmic functions, Trigonometric functions. Numpy Library: Numpy import, Basic functions, Matrices Addition, Subtraction Multiplication, Transpose, Inverse, Eigen values and Eigenvectors using Numpy

Unit No	Module	Micro content				
		Introduction to Python features, advantages and disadvantages, applications				
	Duthon	Lists – different types of problems using lists				
I a	Fymon	Tuples				
	Fundamentais	Dictionaries – converting lists into dictionaries and other				
		problems				
		sets				
		Module creation and import				
	Modules, Python	Math module and functions – basic math, statistical and				
Ib	Packages,	logarithmic, trigonometric functions				
	Libraries	Numpy basic mathematical operations – matrix applications				
		Eigen values and vectors				

**Python packages:** Introduction to PIP, Installing Packages via PIP, Using Python Packages **Data Visualization** – Matplotlib – Loading the library and importing the data, How Mat plot lib works?, modifying the appearance of a plot, Plotting multiple plots, Modifying the tick marks, Scatter plots, Bar plots.

Unit No	Module	Micro content
I a.	Introduction to	Installation process, commands
	DID	Installation of various packages
	r I r	Using Python packages
		Loading and importing matplotlib
Πh	Data	Multiple plots – small applications
11 D.	Visualization	Updating plot ticks, scatter plots – sample applications
		Bar plots sample applications

File Handling – Introduction to Files, File modes, Reading, Writing data from files, Copy one file to<br/>another, deletion of files. Other file programs in Python.(4hrs)Text Processing: Word, character and line counting, Frequency count. Usage of with() and split().Reading and writing into CSV formats.(8hrs)

Unit No	Module	Micro content
		Introduction to Files, File modes
		Reading and writing files – sample
<b>3a.</b>	File Handling	programs - copy, reverse, reading lines, reading words, deletion
		of files
		Updating a file
		Word, line, character count programs
		Frequency count
3b.	Text processing	Usage of with() and split()
		Reading different files like CSV
		Implement read, update, cells/rows/columns in a CSV file

**Image Processing** – Installing Jupiter notebook. Image & Its properties. Image processing applications. Image I/O and display with Python, Reading, saving and displaying an image using Open CV – PyPI, matplotlib

Unit No	Module	Micro content				
		<ul> <li>Introduction to images and their properties</li> </ul>				
IV		Reading and writing images				
		• Types of images				
		<ul> <li>Display images using opency</li> </ul>				
	Image processing	• Usage of PyPI (methods for image processing)				
		Image enhancement operations				
		<ul> <li>other simple image based programs</li> </ul>				
Using Datab	ases and SQL – Intro	oduction to Database Concepts, usage of SQLite, Create, Insert &				
Retrieve data	Spidering twitter usin	g a database. Sample Python codes (8 hrs)				
Unit No	Module	Micro content				
		Database concepts – tables, rows and columns, primary keys,				
		referential integrity				
	Databaga	Usage of Sqlite				
V	Database	DDL and DML commands				
	connectivity	Basic storage and retrieval operations on database				
		Spidering twitter data and related python code modules				

II- Year I- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
MC2101	Essence of Indian Tradition and Knowledge	2	0	0	0

#### **Objectives**:

To facilitate the students with the concepts of Indian traditional knowledge and to make them understand the Importance of roots of knowledge system.

- The course aim of the importing basic principle of third process reasoning and inference sustainability is at the course of Indian traditional knowledge system
- To understand the legal framework and traditional knowledge and biological diversity act 2002 and geographical indication act 2003.
- The courses focus on traditional knowledge and intellectual property mechanism of traditional knowledge and protection.
- To know the student traditional knowledge in different sector.

## Unit-I:

## 10Hrs

Introduction to traditional knowledge: Define traditional knowledge, nature and characteristics, scope and importance, kinds of traditional knowledge, the physical and social contexts in which traditional knowledge develop, the historical impact of social change on traditional knowledge systems. Indigenous Knowledge (IK), characteristics, traditional knowledge vis-à-vis indigenous knowledge, traditional knowledge Vs western knowledge traditional knowledge vis-à-vis formal knowledge

## **Learning Outcomes:**

At the end of the unit the student will able to:

- Understand the traditional knowledge.
- Contrast and compare characteristics importance kinds of traditional knowledge.
- Analyse physical and social contexts of traditional knowledge.
- Evaluate social change on traditional knowledge.

## Unit-II:

## 10Hrs

Protection of traditional knowledge: the need for protecting traditional knowledge Significance of TK Protection, value of TK in global economy, Role of Government to harness TK.

## Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit the student will able to:

- Know the need of protecting traditional knowledge.
- Apply significance of TK protection.
- Analyse the value of TK in global economy.
- evaluate role of government

## Unit-III:

Legal framework and TK: A: The Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006, Plant Varieties Protection and Farmers Rights Act, 2001 (PPVFR Act);B:The Biological Diversity Act 2002 and Rules 2004, the protection of traditional knowledge bill, 2016. Geographical indications act 2003.

#### 10Hrs

## **Learning Outcomes:**

At the end of the unit the student will able to:

- Understand legal framework of TK.
- Contrast and compare the ST and other traditional forest dwellers
- Analyse plant variant protections
- Evaluate farmers right act

## **Unit-IV:**

Traditional knowledge and intellectual property: Systems of traditional knowledge protection, Legal concepts for the protection of traditional knowledge, Certain non IPR mechanisms of traditional knowledge protection, Patents and traditional knowledge, Strategies to increase protection of traditional knowledge, global legal FOR A for increasing protection of Indian Traditional Knowledge.

## **Learning Outcomes:**

At the end of the unit the student will able to:

- Understand TK and IPR
- Apply systems of TK protection.
- Analyze legal concepts for the protection of TK.
- Evaluate strategies to increase the protection of TK.

## Unit-V:

Traditional knowledge in different sectors: Traditional knowledge and engineering, Traditional medicine system, TK and biotechnology, TK in agriculture, Traditional societies depend on it for their food and healthcare needs, Importance of conservation and sustainable development of environment, Management of biodiversity, Food security of the country and protection of TK.

## **Learning Outcomes:**

At the end of the unit the student will able to:

- know TK in different sectors.
- apply TK in engineering.
- analyze TK in various sectors.
- evaluate food security and protection of TK in the country.

## **Reference Books:**

- 1. Traditional Knowledge System in India, by Amit Jha, 2009.
- 2. Traditional Knowledge System and Technology in India by Basanta Kumar Mohanta and Vipin Kumar Singh, Pratibha Prakashan 2012.
- 3. Traditional Knowledge System in India by Amit Jha Atlantic publishers, 2002
- 4. "Knowledge Traditions and Practices of India" Kapil Kapoor, Michel Danino

## **E-Resources:**

1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LZP1StpYEPM

7Hrs

## 9Hrs

2. 2.http://nptel.ac.in/courses/121106003/

**Course Outcomes**: After completion of the course, students will be able to:

- 1. understand the concept of Traditional knowledge and its importance
- 2. know the need and importance of protecting traditional knowledge
- 3. know the various enactments related to the protection of traditional knowledge.
- 4. understand the concepts of Intellectual property to protect the traditional knowledge

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II- Year II- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
<b>BS2201</b>	<b>Probability and Statistics</b>	2	1	0	3

#### **Course objectives:**

- 1. To **Classify** the concepts of data science and its importance (L4) or (L2)
- 2. To **Interpret** the association of characteristics and through correlation and regression tools (L4)
- 3. To **Understand** the concepts of probability and their applications, **apply** discrete and continuous probability distributions (L3)
- 4. To **Design** the components of a classical hypothesis test (L6)
- 5. To Infer the statistical inferential methods based on small and large sampling tests (L4)

## **UNIT-I**

## Descriptive statistics and methods for data science:

Data science-Statistics Introduction-Population vs Sample-Collection of data-primary and secondary data-Types of variable: dependent and independent Categorical and Continuous variables-Data visualization-Measures of Central tendency-Measures of Variability (spread or variance)-Skewness Kurtosis.

## **UNIT-II**

## **Correlation and Curve fitting:**

Correlation- correlation coefficient-Rank correlation-Regression coefficient and properties-regression lines-Multiple regression-Method of least squares-Straight line-parabola-Exponential-Power curves.

## **UNIT-III**

## **Probability and Distributions:**

Probability-Conditional probability and Baye's theorem-Random variables-Discrete and Continuous random variables-Distribution function-Mathematical Expectation and Variance-Binomial, Poisson, Uniform and Normal distributions.

## **UNIT-IV**

## **Sampling Theory:**

Introduction-Population and samples-Sampling distribution of Means and Variance (definition only)-Central limit theorem (without proof)-Point and Interval estimations, Good estimator, Unbiased estimator, Efficiency estimator-Maximum error of estimate.

## **UNIT-V**

## **Test of Hypothesis:**

Introduction-Hypothesis-Null and Alternative Hypothesis-Type I and Type II errors-Level of significance-One tail and two-tail tests-Tests concerning one mean, two means, and proportions using

## 10 hrs

## 10 hrs

## 10 hrs

#### 10 hrs

## 8 hrs

Z test, Tests concerning one mean, two means using t test, also chi-square and F tests use for small samples.

## **Course Outcomes**

Upon successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

- **CO1:** Classify the concepts of data science and its importance (L4) or (L2) (Understand, Analyze)
- **CO2: Interpret** the association of characteristics and through correlation and regression tools (L4) **Analyze**
- **CO3:** Understand the concepts of probability and their applications, apply discrete and continuous probability distributions (L3) Understand, Apply
- CO4: Design the components of a classical hypothesis test (L6) Understand, Design, create
- CO5: Infer the statistical inferential methods based on small and large sampling tests (L4) Understand, Analyze

## Text books:

- 1. Miller and Freund's, Probability and Statistics for Engineers, 7/e, Pearson, 2008.
- 2. S. C. Gupta and V. K. Kapoor, Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics, 11/e, Sultan Chand & Sons Publications, 2012

## **Reference books**

- 1. Shron L. Myers, Keying Ye, Ronald E Walpole, Probability and Statistics Engineers and the Scientists, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson 2007.
- 2. Jay I. Devore, Probability and Statistics for Engineering and the Sciences, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, Cengage.
- 3. **Sheldon M. Ross,** Introduction to probability and statistics Engineers and the Scientists, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Academic Foundation, 2011.
- 4. Johannes Ledolter and Robert V. Hogg, Applied statistics for Engineers and Physical Scientists, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pearson, 2010.
- 5. T. K. V. Iyenger, Probability and Statistics, S. Chand & Company Ltd, 2015.

## e- Resources & other digital material

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=COI0BUmNHT8&list=PLyqSpQzTE6M\_JcleDbrVyPnE0Pix</u> <u>Ks2JE (For Probability and Statistics)</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VVYLpmKRfQ8&list=PL6C92B335BD4238AB</u> (For Probability and Statistics)
- 3. <u>https://www.mathsisfun.com/data/standard-normal-distribution-table.html</u> (Information about Normal distribution)
- 4. <u>https://www.statisticshowto.com/tables/t-distribution-table/</u>(Information about T- distribution)

## Statistical Tables to be allowed in examinations:

- **1.** Normal distribution table
- 2. T- distribution table

## **Table CO-PO Mapping:**

## **CO-PO mapping Matrix**

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO- 1	PSO- 2
CO1	2	2												
CO2	2	3	-											
CO3	2	2												
CO4	2	2	-											
CO5	2	3												

## **Micro-Syllabus of Probability and Statistics**

## UNIT-I:Descriptive statistics and methods for data science: 8 hrs

Data science-Statistics Introduction-Population vs Sample-Collection of data-primary and secondary data-Types of variable: dependent and independent Categorical and Continuous variables-Data visualization-Measures of Central tendency-Measures of Variability (spread or variance)-Skewness Kurtosis.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
	Introduction-Population vs Sample	Collection of data-primary and secondary data Population Sample	2
1a.Descriptive Statistics	Types of variable	dependent and independent Categorical Continuous variables	2
	Data visualization	-Data visualization	1
1h methods for data	Measures of Central tendency	Measures of Central tendency	1
science	and Measures of Variability	Measures of Variability Skewness Kurtosis.	2

## **UNIT-II: Correlation and Curve fitting:**

## 10 hrs

Correlation-correlation coefficient-Rank correlation-Regression coefficient and properties-regression lines-Multiple regression-Method of least squares-Straight line-parabola-Exponential-Power curves.

Unit		Module	Micro content	No of hrs	
		Correlation	correlation coefficient	4	
		Contenation	Rank correlation	4	
			Regression coefficient		
2.Correlation	and		properties		
Curve fitting		Regression	regression lines	4	
			Multiple regression	-	
		Method of least squares	Straight line	4	

	Parabola.	
	Exponential curves	
	Power curves.	

## **UNIT-III: Probability and Distributions:**

10 hrs

Probability-Conditional probability and Baye's theorem- Random variables -Discrete and Continuous random variables-Distribution function-Mathematical Expectation and Variance-Binomial, Poisson, Uniform and Normal distributions.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs	
	Probability	Conditional probability	2	
	Fiobability	Baye's theorem		
		Discrete Random variables	1	
	Random variables	Continuous Random	1	
		variables	1	
3. Probability and		Distribution function	1	
Distributions		Mathematical Expectation	1	
		and variance	1	
		Binomial distribution.	2	
	Distributions	Poisson distribution		
		Uniform distribution		
		Normal distribution		

## **UNIT-IV: Sampling Theory:**

## 10 hrs

Introduction–Population and samples-Sampling distribution of Means and Variance (definition only)-Central limit theorem (without proof)-Point and Interval estimations, Good estimator, Unbiased estimator, Efficiency estimator-Maximum error of estimate.

Unit	Module	Micro content				
4.Sampling Theory	Introduction	Population samplesCentrallimit(without proof	1			
	Sampling distributions	Sampling distribution of Means Sampling distribution of Variance	4			
	Estimation	Point estimationsInterval estimationGood estimator	5			
		Unbiased estimator Efficiency estimator	5			
		Maximum error of estimate.				

## **UNIT-V: Test of Hypothesis:**

10 hrs

Introduction–Hypothesis-Null and Alternative Hypothesis-Type I and Type II errors-Level of significance-One tail and two-tail tests-Tests concerning one mean, two means, and proportions using Z test, Tests concerning one mean, two means using t test, also chi-square and F tests use for small samples.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of		
	Module	Where content	hrs		
		Null Hypothesis			
		Alternative Hypothesis			
	Hypothesis	Type I and Type II errors	2		
		Level of significance			
		One tail and two-tail tests			
		Tests concerning one mean			
		using Z test			
5. Test of Hypothesis	Test for large semples	Tests concerning one two	4		
	Test for large samples	means using Z test.			
		Tests concerning			
		proportions using Z test			
		Tests concerning one mean,			
	Tasts for small samples	two means using t test	1		
	Tests for sman samples	chi-square test	4		
		F test			

II- Year II- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
ES2201	Computer Organization	3	0	0	3

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To understand basic structures of computers and to understand various machine instructions.
- 2. To understand basic structures of computers and to understand various machine instructions.
- 3. To analyse ALU & I/O organization of a computer.
- 4. To understand various memory systems.
- 5. To analyse functionalities done by processing unit and also learn micro programmed control.

#### 8 Hrs Unit – I: Basic Structure of a Computer and Machine Instructions.

Introduction, History of Computer Generations, Functional unit, Basic Operational concepts, Bus structures, System Software, Performance. Number representation: Fixed Point and Floating Point representation. Instruction and Instruction Sequencing: Register Transfer Notation, Assembly Language Notation, Basic Instruction Types

## **Unit – II: Addressing modes and types of Instructions**

Addressing Modes, Basic Input/output Operations, and role of Stacks and Queues in computer programming equation.

**Component of Instructions:** Logical Instructions, shift and Rotate Instructions. Type of Instructions: Arithmetic and Logic Instructions, Branch Instructions, Addressing Modes, Input/output Operations

## **Unit – III: Basic building blocks for the ALU:**

Adder, Subtractor, Shifter, Multiplication and division circuits. Accessing I/O Devices, Interrupts: Interrupt Hardware, Enabling and Disabling Interrupts, Handling Multiple Devices, Direct Memory Access, Buses: Synchronous Bus, Asynchronous Bus, Interface Circuits, Standard I/O Interface: Peripheral Component Interconnect (PCI) Bus, Universal Serial Bus (USB)

## **Unit – IV: The Memory Systems**

Basic memory circuits, Memory System Consideration, Read- Only Memory: ROM, PROM, EPROM, EEPROM, Flash Memory, Associative Memory, Cache Memories: Mapping Functions, INTERLEAVING, Secondary Storage: Magnetic Hard Disks, Optical Disks.

## Unit – V: Processing unit

Fundamental Concepts: Register Transfers, Performing an Arithmetic or Logic Operation, Fetching a Word from Memory, Execution of Complete Instruction, Hardwired Control, MICRO PROGRAMMED CONTROL: Microinstructions, Micro program Sequencing, Wide Branch Addressing Microinstructions with next –Address Field.

## **Text Books:**

- Computer Organization, Carl Hamacher, ZvonksVranesic, SafeaZaky, 5th Edition, McGraw Hill. 1.
- Computer Architecture and Organization by William Stallings, PHI Pvt. Ltd., Eastern Economy 2. Edition, Sixth Edition, 2003

#### 10Hrs

#### **10Hrs**

**10Hrs** 

10Hrs

## **Reference Books:**

- 1. Computer Architecture and Organization, John P. Hayes, 3rd Edition, McGraw Hill.
- 2. Computer System Architecture by M Morris Mano, Prentice Hall of India, 2001

Course Outcomes: By the end the of the course, the student will be able to

- **CO-1:** Able to **understand** basic structures of computers and to **understand** various machine Instructions.
- **CO-2:** Able to **learn and use** the addressing modes and types of instructions.
- **CO-3:** Able to analyze I/O organization of a computer.
- **CO-4:** Able to **understand** various memory systems.
- **CO-5:** Able to **analyze** functionalities done by processing unit and also learn micro programmed control.

Course Outcome	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PSO1	PSO2
C01	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO2	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO3	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
CO4	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
CO5	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	2

## **CO-PO Mapping Matrix:**

Micro Syllabus of Computer Organization

UNIT I: Basic S	Structure of a Computer a	nd Machine Instructions.					
Unit	Module Micro Content						
	Inter dustion	Introduction, History of Computer Generations, Functional unit					
	Introduction	Basic Operational concepts, Bus structures, System Software, Performance					
		Integer - unsigned, signed (sign magnitude, 1's complement, 2's complement);					
UNITI	Number representation	Characters - ASCII coding, other coding schemes;					
		Real numbers - fixed and floating point, IEEE754 representation					
	Instruction and	Register Transfer Notation					
	Instruction Sequencing	Assembly Language Notation					
	Instruction Sequencing	Basic Instruction Types					
UNIT – II: Ad	dressing modes and types o	of Instructions					
Unit	Module	Micro Content					
I INIT II	Addressing modes	Addressing Modes					
UNIT II	Addressing modes	Basic Input/output Operations					

		Role of Stacks and Queues in computer				
		programming equation				
	Component of	Logical Instructions				
	Instructions	Shift and Rotate Instructions.				
	Type of Instructions	Arithmetic and Logic Instructions, Branch Instructions, Addressing Modes, Input/output Operations				
UNIT – III: H	Basic building blocks for the	e ALU				
Unit	Module	Micro Content				
	Basic Building blocks	Adder, Subtractor, Shifter, Multiplication and division circuits. Accessing I/O Devices				
UNIT III	Interrupts	Interrupt Hardware, Enabling and Disabling Interrupts, Handling Multiple Devices, Direct Memory access				
	Buses	Synchronous Bus, Asynchronous Bus, Interface Circuits				
	Standard I/O Interface	Peripheral Component Interconnect (PCI) Bus, Universal Sefrial Bus (USB)				
UNIT - IV - Th	e Memory Systems					
Unit	Module	Micro Content				
UNIT IV	Main Memory	Basic memory circuits, Memory System Consideration, Read- Only Memory: ROM, PROM, EPROM, EEPROM, Flash Memory, and Associative Memory.				
		Mapping Functions				
	Cache Memories	INTERLEAVING				
	Secondary Storage	Magnetic Hard Disks, Optical Disks.				
UNIT V - Proc	essing unit					
Unit	Module	Micro Content				
UNIT V	Fundamental Concepts	Register Transfers, Performing an Arithmetic or Logic Operation, Fetching a Word from Memory Execution of Complete Instruction, Hardwired				
	Micro Programmed Control	Microinstructions, Micro program Sequencing, Wide Branch Addressing Microinstructions with next –Address Field.				

II- Year II- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
PC2203	<b>Operating Systems</b>	3	0	0	3

**Course Objectives:** 

- 1. Study the basic concepts and functions of operating system
- 2. Learn about Processes, Threads and Scheduling algorithms
- 3. Understand the principles of concurrency and Deadlocks
- 4. Learn various memory management schemes
- 5. Study I/O management and File systems

## UNIT-I

**Introduction to Operating System Concepts:** What Operating Systems do, Computer System Organization, Functions of Operating systems, Types of Operating Systems, Operating Systems Services, System calls, Types of System calls, Operating System Structures, Distributed Systems, Special purpose systems.

## UNIT-II

**Process Management:** Process concept, Process State Diagram, Process control block, Process Scheduling- Scheduling Queues, Schedulers, Scheduling Criteria, Scheduling algorithms and their evaluation, Operations on Processes, Inter-process Communication.

Threads: Overview, User and Kernel threads, Multi-threading Models.

## UNIT-III

**Concurrency:** Process Synchronization, The Critical- Section Problem, Peterson's Solution, Synchronization Hardware, Semaphores, Monitors, and Classic Problems of Synchronization.

**Principles of deadlock:** System Model, Deadlock Characterization, Methods for Handling Deadlocks: Deadlock Prevention, Detection and Avoidance, Recovery form Deadlock.

## UNIT- IV

**Memory Management:** Logical vs physical address space, Swapping, Contiguous Memory Allocation, Paging, Structures of the Page Table, Segmentation.

**Virtual Memory Management:** Virtual memory overview, Demand Paging, Page-Replacement & its algorithms, Allocation of Frames, Thrashing.

## UNIT-V

File system Interface: The concept of a file, Access Methods, Directory structure, files sharing, protection.

File System implementation: File system structure, Allocation methods, and Free-space management.

Mass-storage structure: overview of Mass-storage structure, Disk scheduling, Swap space management.

## **Text Books:**

## 10 Hours

## **10 Hours**

**10 Hours** 

## D. I

**10 Hours** 

## 8 Hours

- 1. Operating System Concepts, Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin and Greg Gagne 9th Edition, John Wiley and Sons Inc., 2012
- 2. Operating Systems Internals and Design Principles, William Stallings, 7th Edition, Prentice Hall, 2011

## **Reference Books:**

- 1. Modern Operating Systems, Andrew S. Tanenbaum, Second Edition, Addison Wesley.
- 2. Operating Systems: A Design-Oriented Approach, Charles Crowley, Tata McGraw Hill Education.
- 3. Operating Systems: A Concept-Based Approach, D M Dhamdhere, Second Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Education

## e-Resources

- 1. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Operating\_system
- 2. https://www.tutorialspoint.com/operating\_system/

**Course Outcomes:**By the end the of the course, the student will be able to

**CO-1: Understand** the structure and functionalities of Operating System

CO-2: Demonstrate the concept of Process, Threads and CPU Scheduling Algorithms

**CO-3: Use** the principles of Concurrency to solve Synchronization problems

CO-4: Demonstrate various methods for handling Deadlocks

**CO-5: Infer** various Memory Management Techniques

CO-F	PO-Ma	pping	

CO	PO	<b>PO1</b>	<b>P01</b>	<b>PO1</b>	PSO	PSO								
/	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	1	2
PO														
CO 1	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 2	3	3	3	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	
CO 3	2	2	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	
CO 4	2	2	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
CO 5	3	3	3	-	2	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	3	2

## Micro Syllabus of Operating Systems

**UNIT I : Introduction to Operating System Concepts:** What Operating Systems do, Computer System Organization, Functions of Operating systems, Types of Operating Systems, Operating Systems Services, System calls, Types of System calls, Operating System Structures, Distributed Systems, Special purpose systems.

Unit	Module	Micro Content					
	What Operating Systems do	User View, System View, Defining Operating Systems.					
	Computer System Organization	Computer-system operation, Storage structure, i/o structure.					

	Functions of Operating systems	Process Management, Memory Management, File Management, I/O Management, Protection, Security, Networking.		
	Types of Operating Systems	Batch processing, Multiprogramming, Timesharing, Distributed, Real time, Multi user, Multi-tasking, Embedded, Mobile operating system.		
	Operating Systems Services	User interface, Program execution, I/O operations, File system manipulation, Communication, Error Detection.		
UNIT I	System calls, Types of System calls	Process control, File management, Device management, Information maintenance, and Communication maintenance, Protection and security maintenance system calls.		
	Operating System Structures	Simple Structure Approach, Layered Approach, Microkernel Approach, Modules Approach.		
	Distributed Systems	About Distributed Systems.		
	Special purpose systems	Real Time Embedded Systems, Multimedia Systems, And Handheld Systems.		

## UNIT - II

**Process Management:** Process concept, Process State Diagram, Process control block, Process Scheduling- Scheduling Queues, Schedulers, Scheduling Criteria, Scheduling algorithms and their evaluation, Operations on Processes, Inter-process Communication.

**Threads:** Overview, User and Kernel threads, Multi-threading Models.

Unit	Module	Micro Content
	Process concept	Define process, process in memory.
	Process State Diagram	Process states, diagram of process states.
	Process control block	Process state, process number, program counter, CPU
		registers, CPU switch from process to process, memory
		management information, accounting information, I/O
		status information.
	Process Scheduling	Introduction to process scheduler.
	Scheduling Queues	Job queue, ready queue, device queue, queueing diagram.
	Schedulers	Importance of scheduler, long term scheduler, short term
		scheduler, medium term scheduler, degree of
		multiprogramming, 1/o bound process, cpu-bound
		process, swapping.
UNIT II	Scheduling Criteria	Inroughput, Turnaround time, Waiting Time, Response
	Cabadaling algorithms	lime.
	Scheduning algorithms	Infirst-Come First-Served (FCFS) Scheduling, Shorlest-
		Robin(RR) Scheduling Multiple Level Oueue
		Scheduling Multilevel Feedback Queue Scheduling
	Evaluation of Cabaduling	Deterministic modelling. Overseing models, Cimulations
	elacrithma	Deterministic modelling, Queueing models, Simulations
	Operations on Processes	Process creation, Process termination.
	Inter-process	Shared memory systems, Message passing systems.
	Communication	
	Threads: Overview	Definition of thread, single threaded process,
		multithreaded process, benefits.
	Multi-threading Models	User and Kernel threads, many-to-one model, one-to-one
		model, many-to-many model.

## **UNIT-III**

**Concurrency:** Process Synchronization, The Critical- Section Problem, Peterson's Solution, Synchronization Hardware, Semaphores, Monitors, and Classic Problems of Synchronization. **Principles of deadlock:** System Model, Deadlock Characterization, Methods for Handling Deadlocks: Deadlock Prevention, Detection and Avoidance, Recovery form Deadlock.

Unit	Module	Micro Content
	Process Synchronization	What is synchronization, why is it required, cooperating
		processes, race condition.
	Critical- Section Problem	Critical section, entry section, remainder section, mutual
		exclusion, progress, bounded waiting.
	Peterson's Solution	Software based solution to critical section between two
		processes.
	Synchronization	Locking, test and set instructions, mutual exclusion
	Hardware	implementation with test and set, compare and swap
		instructions, mutual exclusion implementation with
		compare and swap.
UNIT III	Semaphores	Semaphore usage, counting and binary semaphore,
		semaphore implementation, deadlock and starvation.
	Monitors	Structure of monitors, monitors vs semaphores, monitor
		usage, implementing a monitor using semaphores,
		dining-philosophers solution using monitors.
	Classic Problems of	Bounded-buffer problem, reader-writer problem, dining-
	Synchronization	philosophers problem.
	Principles of deadlock:	Deadlock definition, resources, request-use-release of
	System Model	resources.
	Deadlock	Necessary conditions for occurrence of deadlock,
	Characterization	Resource allocation graph.
	Deadlock Prevention	Mutual exclusion, hold and wait, no-preemption, circular
		wait.
	Deadlock Detection	Graph algorithm, Banker's algorithm.
	Deadlock Avoidance	Safe state, Graph algorithm, Banker's algorithm.
	Recovery form Deadlock	Process termination, resource pre-emption.

## UNIT-IV

**Memory Management:** Logical vs physical address space, Swapping, Contiguous Memory Allocation, Paging, Structures of the Page Table, Segmentation.

**Virtual Memory Management:** Virtual memory overview, Demand Paging, Page-Replacement & its algorithms, Allocation of Frames, Thrashing

Unit	Module	Micro Content
	Memory Management	Base register, limit register, protection with base and
		limit register.
	Logical vs physical	Logical address, memory address register, physical
	address space	address, dynamic relocation using relocation register.
	Swapping	Swapping of two processes using a disk as backing store,
		swapping on mobile systems.
	Contiguous Memory	Memory protection, memory allocation, fragmentation.
	Allocation	
	Paging	Basic method for implementing paging, paging hardware,
		TLB, protection, shared pages.
	Structure of the Page	Hierarchical paging, hashed page tables, inverted page
	Table	tables.
	Segmentation	Basic method, segmentation hardware.
	Virtual memory overview	Virtual memory, virtual address space.

UNIT IV	Demand Paging	Demand paging technique, basic concepts, steps in handling page fault, locality of reference.
	Page-Replacement & its	Need for page replacement, page replacement techniques:
	algorithms	FIFO, Optimal, LRU, LRU Approximation, Counting
		based.
	Allocation of Frames	Minimum number of frames, allocation algorithms:
		equal, proportional, global vs local allocation, non-
		uniform memory access,
	Thrashing	Cause of thrashing, working set model.

## UNIT-V

File system Interface: The concept of a file, Access Methods, Directory structure, files sharing, protection.

File System implementation: File system structure, Allocation methods, and Free-space management.

Mass-storage structure: overview of Mass-storage structure, Disk scheduling, Swap space management.

Unit	Module	Micro Content
	File Concept	File - attributes, operations, types, structure.
	Access Methods	Sequential, Direct, other access methods.
	Directory structure	Typical file system organization, storage structure, single
		level directory, two-level, tree-structured, acyclic-graph,
		general graph directory.
	Files sharing	Multiple users, remote file system, Consistency
UNIT V		semantics.
	Protection	Types of access, access control.
	File system structure	File systems, basic file system, layered file system, file
		organization module, logical file system, FCB.
	Allocation methods	Contiguous, linked, indexed, efficiency of these methods.
	Free-space management	Free-space list, bit vector, linked list, grouping, counting.
	Overview of Mass-storage	Magnetic disks, solid state disks.
	structure	
	Disk scheduling	FCFS, SSTF, SCAN,C-SCAN, LOOK,C-LOOK.
	Swap space management	Swap-space use, location

II- Year II- Semester	Name of the Course		Т	P	С	
PC2202	Database Management System	3	0	0	3	

#### **Course Objectives:**

1. Study the basic concepts and importance of Database Management Systems

- 2. Learn and understand the conceptual design of database and information retrieval
- 3. Learn various commands and writing of queries for information retrieval
- 4. Understand the concepts of Database design
- 5. Study of internal storage and its access

## **Unit-I: Introduction**

Introduction to Database, Applications of Database, Purpose of Database, View of Data, Data Independence, Data Models, Users of Database, DBA, Query Processor, Storage Manager, Database Architecture

#### (10 hrs) **Unit-II: Conceptual Design & Relational Query Languages**

Conceptual Design of Database using ER Model, Notations, Types of attributes, Relation, Mapping Constraints, Features of ER Diagram, Weak Entity Set, Examples of Conceptual Design

Relational Algebra: Selection, Projection, Set Operations, Rename, Cartesian-Product, Join, Outer Join, Examples

**Relational Calculus:** Tuple Relational Calculus and Domain Relational Calculus, Safety Expressions

## Unit-III: SQL & PL/SQL

SQL Commands: DDL, DML, TCL, DCL

Types of Constraints (Primary, Alternate, Not Null, Check, Foreign), Basic form of SQL query, joins, outer joins, set operations, group operations, various types of queries, PL/SQL (Cursor, Procedures, Functions, Packages, Triggers...)

## **Unit-IV: Database Design**

Database Design: Normalization, Purpose of Normalization, Functional Dependency, Closure, 1NF, 2NF, 3NF, BCNF, MVFD, 4NF, Join Dependency, 5NF

Why NoSQL? Importance of NoSQL

## Unit-V: Transaction, Data Recovery & Storage Management (10 hrs)

Transaction Management: ACID Properties of Transactions, Conflict & View serializability, Lock based protocols, Time Stamp based protocol, Thomas Write Rule, Validation Based Protocol, Deadlock detection, Deadlock avoidance, Deadlock prevention: wait-die and wound-wait

**Recovery Management:** Types of failures, ideal storage, Log, Log records, log based recovery techniques, Shadow Paging, ARIES

## (10hrs)

## (10 hrs)

(8 hrs)

**File Organization & Indexing:** Types of File Organizations, Primary Indexing, Secondary Indexing, Multi-level Indexing, Hash Indexing, Tree Indexing

## **Text Books:**

- 1. Data base System Concepts, 5/e, Silberschatz, Korth, TMH
- 2. Introduction to Database Systems, CJ Date, Pearson

## **Reference Books:**

- 1. Data base Management Systems, Raghurama Krishnan, Johannes Gehrke, and TATA McGraw Hill 3rd Edition
- 2. Fundamentals of Database Systems, ElmasriNavate Pearson Education

## **Course Outcomes:**

By the end the of the course, the student will be able to

CO1: To understand the basics of database systems and applications

CO2: To **construct** logical design of database and information retrieval

CO3: To **demonstrate** relational model practically (Structured Query Language)

CO4: To demonstrate and relate normalization for database design

CO5: To **outline** the necessity of transaction management, recovery management, file organization & indexing

## **CO-PO Mapping Matrix:**

Mappin	P0	P01	P01	P01	PSO	PSO								
g	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	1	2
C01	2						3						1	
C02	3	2	2											2
C03	3	2	1		3								2	3
C04	3	2	1										1	3
C05	2												1	

## Micro Syllabus of Database Management Systems

## **UNIT - I : INTRODUCTION**

Introduction to Database, Applications of Database, Purpose of Database, View of Data, Data Independence, Data Models, Users of Database, DBA, Query Processor, Storage Manager, Database Architecture

Unit	Module	Micro Content
	Introduction to Database	Definitions of data, database and information
		History of data
I INIT I		Importance of databases over file systems
UNITI		Applications of Database
		Purpose of Database
		View of Data

Data Independence
Data Models
Users of Database
DBA
Query Processor
Storage Manager
Database Architecture

## UNIT – II: Conceptual Design & Relational Query Languages

Conceptual Design of Database using ER Model, Notations, Types of attributes, Mapping Constraints, Features of ER Diagram, Weak Entity Set, Examples of Conceptual Design Relational Algebra: Selection, Projection, Set Operations, Rename, Cartesian-Product, Join, Outer Join, Examples

Relational Calculus: Tuple Relational Calculus and Domain Relational Calculus, Safety Expressions

Unit	Module	Micro Content
		ER Model
		Notations
		Types of attributes
	Conceptual Design	Mapping Constraints
		Features of ER Diagram
		Weak Entity Set
		Examples of Conceptual Design
	Relational Algebra	Selection
UNIT II		Projection
		Set Operations
		Rename
		Cartesian-Product
		Join
		Outer Join
		Safety Expressions
	Relational Calculus	Tuple Relational Calculus
		Domain Relational Calculus
		Safety Expressions

## UNIT – III: SQL & PL/SQL

SQL Commands: DDL, DML, TCL, DCL

Types of Constraints (Primary, Alternate, Not Null, Check, Foreign), Basic form of SQL query, joins, outer joins, set operations, group operations, various types of queries, PL/SQL (Cursor, Procedures, Functions, Packages, Triggers)

Unit	Module	Micro Content
		DDL
	SOL Commanda	DML
	SQL Commands	TCL
		DCL
	Types of Constraints	Primary
UNIT III		Alternate
		Not Null
		Check
		Foreign
	SQL Queries	Basic

	Joins
	Set operations
	Group operations
	Various types of queries
PL/ SQL	Cursor
	Procedures
	Functions
	Packages
	Triggers

## UNIT – IV: Database Design

Database Design: Normalization, Purpose of Normalization, Functional Dependency, Closure, 1NF, 2NF, 3NF, BCNF, MVFD, 4NF, Join Dependency, 5NF. Why NoSQL?, Importance of NoSQL

Unit	Module	Micro Content
		Normalization
		Purpose of Normalization
		Functional Dependency
		Closure
		1NF
	Database Design	2NF
		3NF
UNIT IV		BCNF
		MVFD
		4NF
		Join Dependency
		5NF
	NoSQL	Why NoSQL?
		Importance of NoSQL
		Overview of NoSQL tools

UNIT - V: Transaction, Data Recovery & Storage Management

Transaction Management: ACID Properties of Transactions, Conflict & View serializability, Lock based protocols (2PLP, Tree & Multiple Granularity), Time Stamp based protocol, Thomas Write Rule, Validation Based Protocol, Deadlock detection, Deadlock avoidance, Deadlock prevention: wait-die and wound-wait

Recovery Management: Types of failures, ideal storage, Log, Log records, log based recovery techniques, Shadow Paging, ARIES

File Organization & Indexing: Types of File Organizations, Primary Indexing, Secondary Indexing, Multi-level Indexing, Hash Indexing, Tree Indexing.

Unit	Module	Micro Content						
		ACID Properties of Transactions						
		Conflict & View serializability						
		Lock based protocols (2PLP, Tree & Multiple						
		Granularity)						
	Transaction Management	Time Stamp based protocol, Thomas Write Rule						
UNIT V		Validation Based Protocol						
		Deadlock detection						
		Deadlock avoidance						
		Deadlock prevention: wait-die and wound-wait						
		Types of failures						
	Recovery Management	Ideal storage						

		Log, Log records, log based recovery techniques
		Shadow Paging
		ARIES
		Types of File Organizations
		Primary Indexing
	File Organization &	Secondary Indexing
-	Indexing	Hash Indexing: Static and Dynamic
		Tree Indexing

II- Year II- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
PC2201	Advanced Java Programming	3	0	0	3
Prerequisites: Java Progra	amming				

## **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To impart the knowledge on collection framework.
- 2. To make the students to develop network-based applications.
- 3. To introduce XML and processing of XML Data with Java.
- 4. To introduce Server-side programming with Java Servlets and JSP

## **UNIT-I**

The Collections Framework (java.util)- Collections overview, Collection Interfaces, The Collection classes- Array List, Linked List, Hash Set, Tree Set, Priority Queue, Array Deque. Accessing a Collection via an Iterator, Using an Iterator, The For-Each alternative, Map Interfaces and Classes, Comparators, Collection algorithms, Arrays, The Legacy Classes and Interfaces- Dictionary, Hash table, Properties, Stack, Vector.

## **UNIT-II**

Introduction to Networking: Basics of Networking, Networking classes and Interfaces, Networking with URLs, exploring java.net package.

JDBC Connectivity: JDBC connectivity, types of Jdbc Drivers, connecting to the database, JDBC Statements, JDBC Exceptions, Manipulations on the database

## **UNIT-III**

HTML Common tags- List, Tables, images, forms, Frames; Cascading Style sheets;

XML: Introduction to XML, Defining XML tags, their attributes and values, Document Type Definition, XML Schemas, Document Object Model, and Extensible Style sheet Language and XSL Transformations, Parsing XML Data – DOM and SAX Parsers in java.

Introduction to Servlets: Life cycle of a Servlet, deploying a servlet, The Servlet API, Reading Servlet parameters, Reading Initialization parameters, Handling Http Request & Responses, Using Cookies and Sessions.

## **UNIT-V**

**UNIT-IV** 

Introduction to JSP: The Anatomy of a JSP Page, JSP Processing, Declarations, Directives, Expressions, Code Snippets, implicit objects, Using Beans in JSP Pages, Using Cookies and session for session tracking.

## **Text Books:**

1. Java The Complete Reference, Herbert Schildt, MC GRAW HILL Education, 9 th Edition, 2016

# 8Hours

## **10 Hours**

# **10 Hours**

**10 Hours** 

**10 Hours** 

- 2. Internet and World Wide Web How to program, Dietel and Nieto, Pearson.
- 3. Java Server Pages Hans Bergsten, SPD O'Reilly.

## **Reference Books:**

- Chris Bates, "Web Programming, building internet applications", 2ndEdition, WILEY, Dreamtech, 2008.
- Thomas A Powel, "The Complete Reference: AJAX", 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2008.
- 3. Web Technologies, Uttam K Roy, Oxford University Press

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course student will be able to:

CO1: Use various data structures using java collections. . (Implement)

**CO2:** understand the trade-offs of implementation of priority queues. (Understand)

CO3: Implement web based applications using features of HTML and XML. (Implement)

**CO4:** Appreciate the importance and significance of graph algorithms in building and solving real world applications. (**Analyse**)

CO5: Understand and implement algorithms for pattern matching in a text. (Understand)

Course Outcome	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	-	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1
CO2	-	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1
CO3	-	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1
CO4	-	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1
CO5	-	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1

## **CO-PO Mapping Matrix:**

## Micro Syllabus of Advanced Java Programming

**Unit – I : The Collections Framework (java.util)-** Collections overview, Collection Interfaces, The Collection classes- Array List, Linked List, Hash Set, Tree Set, Priority Queue, Array Deque. Accessing a Collection via an Iterator, Using an Iterator, The For-Each alternative, Map Interfaces and Classes, Comparators, Collection algorithms, Arrays, The Legacy Classes and Interfaces-Dictionary, Hashtable, Properties, Stack, Vector.

Unit	Module	Micro content
		Collections overview, Collection Interfaces
	<b>The Collections</b> <b>Framework</b> (java.util)	The Collection classes- Array List
		Linked List
Ι		Hash Set, Tree Set,
		Priority Queue, Array Deque.
		Accessing a Collection via an Iterator, Using an Iterator, The For-Each
		alternative

	Map Interfaces and Classes
	Comparators, Collection algorithms, Arrays
	The Legacy Classes and Interfaces- Dictionary, Hashtable, Properties,
	Stack, Vector.

## Unit – II :

**Introduction to Networking:** Basics of Networking, Networking classes and Interfaces, Networking with URLs, exploring java.net package.

**JDBC Connectivity:** JDBC connectivity, types of Jdbc Drivers, connecting to the database, JDBC Statements, JDBC Exceptions, Manipulations on the database.

Unit	Module	Micro content
		Basics of Networking
	Introduction to	Networking classes and Interfaces
	Networking	Networking with URLs
		exploring java.net package
		Database Application
II		Need and Objective of JDBC
	IDBC	types of Jdbc Drivers- Type1, Type2, Type3 and Type4
	Connectivity	Steps to connect to Database using Jdbc
		JDBC Statements- Statement, PreparedStatement and
		CallableStatement Interfaces
		JDBC Exceptions-SQLException and its Methods
		Manipulations on the database

UNIT – III : HTML & XML

HTML Common tags- List, Tables, images, forms, Frames; Cascading Style sheets;

**XML:** Introduction to XML, Defining XML tags, their attributes and values, Document Type Definition, XML Schemas, Document Object Model, Extensible Style sheet Language and XSL Transformations, Parsing XML Data – DOM and SAX Parsers in java.

Unit	Module	Micro content
		Standard HTML Document Structure
		Basic Text Markup, HyperLinks
		List-Unordered List, Ordered -List and Definition List
		Tables-Table related tags, Formatting of Tables, Use of COLSPAN and ROWSPAN
	HTML	Images- <img/> tag and its attributes
		Forms-HTML 5 form elements, GET and POST Method
		Frames-Advantages of Frames, InlineFrames
III		CSS-Levels of Style Sheets
		Style Specification Formats, Selector Forms
		The Box Model, Conflict Resolution
		Basic Building blocks of XML
		Defining XML tags, their attributes and values
	XML	Define DTD and Elements of DTD
		Internal and External DTD
		XML Schemas

	Document Object Model
	Extensible Style sheet Language and XSL Transformations- XPATH
	Parsing XML Data – DOM and SAX Parsers in java

## Unit – IV: Servlets

**Introduction to Servlets:** Life cycle of a Servlet, deploying a servlet, The Servlet API, Reading Servlet parameters, Reading Initialization parameters, Handling Http Request & Responses, Using Cookies and Sessions.

Unit	Module	Micro content
IV		Introduction Servlet
		Web server, Tomcat Installation
		deploying a servlet
		The Servlet API- javax.servlet and javax.servlet.http packages
	Servlets	Reading Servlet parameters
		Reading Initialization parameters
		Handling Http Request & Responses
		Session Tracking
		Session Tracking Using Cookies and Sessions.

## Unit – V: JSP

Introduction to JSP: The Anatomy of a JSP Page, JSP Processing, Declarations, Directives, Expressions, Code Snippets, implicit objects, Using Beans in JSP Pages, Using Cookies and session for session tracking.

Unit	Module	Micro content
		Advantages of JSP over servlet
		The Anatomy of a JSP Page
		JSP Processing
V	JSP	Declarations, Directives, Expressions and Scripting Elements
		Code Snippets, implicit objects
		Using Beans in JSP Pages
		Using Cookies and session for session tracking

II- Year II- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
PC2203L	R Programming Lab	0	0	3	1.5

**Prerequisites:** Basic mathematical background, basic knowledge in programming, fundamental knowledge of mathematical and statistical computations, simulations and data analysis and data science and modelling.

Learning Outcomes: After successful completion of the course, students should be able to

- Understand the basics in R programming in terms of constructs, control statements, functions, vectors, lists, etc.
- import, review, manipulate and summarize data-sets in R.
- Learn how to apply R programming for Data processing.
- Able to appreciate and apply the R programming from a statistical perspective.

## Week1:

- 1. Write an R-Program to print Hello World .
- 2. Write an R-Program to take input from user.
- 3. Write a program to illustrate Variable assignment in R.

## Week2:

- 1. Write a program to illustrate basic Arithmetic in R.
- 2. Write a program to illustrate data types in R.

## Week3:

- 1. Write a program to illustrate creating and naming a vector in R (create vector using : operator, create vector using seq() function).
- 2. Write a program to create two vectors and perform different operations(+,-,\*.etc.) on them and print the result.
- 3. Write a program to create two vectors and use the functions i)dim() ii)length() iii)is.numeric() iv)is.character() v)rbind() vi) cbind()

## Week4:

- 1. Write a program to illustrate create a matrix and naming matrix in R.
- 2. Write a program to illustrate Add column and Add a Row in Matrix in R.
- 3. Write a program to illustrate Selection of elements in Matrixes in R.
- 4. Write a program to illustrate Performing Arithmetic of Matrices .

## Week5:

- 1. Write a program to illustrate if-else-else if in R.
- 2. Write a Program to illustrate While and For loops in R .

- 3. Write a program to illustrate Compare and Matrices and Compare vectors .
- 4. Write a program to illustrate Logical & and Logical | operators in R.

## Week6:

- 1. Write an R Program to Find the Factorial of a Number
- 2. Write an R Program to Find the Factors of a Number .
- 3. Write an R Program to Find the Fibonacci sequence Using Recursive Function.

## Week7:

- 1.Write a program to print 1 to N numbers in reverse order using rev function in R.
- 2. Write a program to find cumulative sum 1:10 using cumsum function in R.
- 3. Write a program to compute log to base 10 of the sqrt of 50.

## Week8:

- 1. Write a program to illustrate Functions in Quick sort implementation in R.
- 2. Write a program to illustrate Function inside function in R
- 3. Write a program to count the odd numbers in a vector of integers by defining function named oddcount().

## Week9:

- 1. Write a program to illustrate List ? Why would you need a List .
- 2. Write a program to illustrate Adding more elements into a List .

## Week10:

- 1. Write a program to illustrate Factors in R.
- 2. Case study of why you need use a Factor in R.
- 3. Write a program to illustrate Ordered Factors in R .

## Week11:

1. Write a program to illustrate Data Frame Selection of elements in a Data frame. Create a data frame with the following fields

Name	Age	Height	Weight	Gender
Ramu	21	171	71	М
Arun	20	168	69	М
Rani	22	160	64	F
John	19	173	70	М

i)Find the Mean height of students and weight of students.

ii)Find the standard deviation of heights and weights of students iii)Find the number of male and female students.

2. Write a program to illustrate Sorting a Data frame .

## Week12:

- 1. Write a program to illustrate to create graphs and usage of plot() function in R .
- 2. Write a program to illustrate Customising and Saving to Graphs in R.
- 3. Write a program to illustrate some built in Mathematical Functions.

**Course Outcomes:** By the end of the Lab, the student able to

- 1. **Comprehend** the various concepts of a R language
- 2. Develop R Programming for Data Processing
- 3. **Design** and development of R problem solving skills.
- 4. **Apply** the R programming from a statistical perspective.

<b>CO-POS</b>	MAPPING
---------------	---------

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1 2	PSO 1	PSO 2
CO 1	1	2	3	2	2	-	-	-	3		1	2		
CO 2	2	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	1		2	2		
CO 3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	2		2	2		
CO 4	2	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	2		2	2		

II- Year II – Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
PC2202L	DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS LAB	0	0	3	1. 5

## **Course Objectives:**

- **1.** To familiarize the participant with the distinctions of database environments towards an information-oriented framework
- 2. To give a good formal foundation on the relational model of data
- 3. To present SQL and procedural interfaces to SQL comprehensively

## List of experiments:

## SQL

- 1. Queries for Creating, Dropping, and Altering Tables, Views, and Constraints [CO1]
- 2. Queries to facilitate acquaintance of Built-In Functions, String Functions, Numeric Functions, Date Functions and Conversion Functions. **[CO1]**
- 3. Queries using operators in SQL [CO2]
- 4. Queries to Retrieve and Change Data: Select, Insert, Delete, and Update [CO2]
- 5. Queries using Group By, Order By, and Having Clauses [CO2]
- 6. Queries on Controlling Data: Commit, Rollback, and Save point [CO2]
- 7. Queries to Build Report in SQL \*PLUS [CO2]
- 8. Queries on Joins and Correlated Sub-Queries [CO2]
- 9. Queries on Working with Index, Sequence, Synonym, Controlling Access, and Locking Rows for Update, Creating Password and Security features [CO2]

## PL/SQL

- 1. Write a PL/SQL Code using Basic Variable, Anchored Declarations, and Usage of Assignment Operation [CO3]
- 2. Write a PL/SQL Code Bind and Substitution Variables. Printing in PL/SQL [CO3]
- 3. Write a PL/SQL block using SQL and Control Structures in PL/SQL [CO3]
- 4. Write a PL/SQL Code using Cursors, Exceptions and Composite Data Types [CO3]
- 5. Write a PL/SQL Code using Procedures, Functions, and Packages FORMS [CO4]
- 6. Write a PL/SQL Code Creation of forms for any Information System such as Student Information System, Employee Information System etc. [CO4]
- 7. Demonstration of database connectivity [CO4]

## **Course Outcomes:**

- CO1: To create database for user (Creation of Database)
- CO2: To solve various SQL queries for user defined schemas
- CO3: To generalize PL/ SQL blocks
- CO4: To illustrate the usage of user defined packages

## **CO-PO mapping Matrix:**

Mappin	P0	P0	P0 2	P0	P0 5	<b>P0</b>	P0 7	P0	P0	P01	P01	P01	PS0	PSO 2
g	I	4	3	4	3	U	1	0	9	U	1	4	L	4
C01	1		3										3	2
C02	3	2	1	1									1	3
C03	2	1	1										1	
C04	2												1	

II- Year II- Semester	L	Т	Р	С	
PC2201L	Advanced Java Programming Lab	0	0	3	1.5

## **Course Objectives**

At the end of the course the students will understand

- 1. Implementing data structures using collection Framework
- 2. Basic technologies to develop web documents.
- 3. Developing Client-Server applications.
- 4. XML and Web Servers.
- 5. Java Servlet technologies.

## LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. To write a Java Program to design an interface for Stack ADT and implement Stack ADT using both Array and Linked List.
- 2. Write a Java program that loads names and phone numbers from a text file where the data is organized as one line per record and each field in a record are separated by a tab (\t). It takes a name or phone number as input and prints the corresponding other value from the hash table (hint: use hash tables).
- 3. Write a Java program that connects to a database using JDBC and does add, delete, modify and retrieve operations.
- 4. Write a java program that prints the meta-data of a given table
- 5. Write a java program to implement client-server application
- 6. Develop and demonstrate a HTML5 document that illustrates the use of ordered list, unordered list, table, borders, padding, color, and the <div> & <span> tag.
- 7. Write HTML5 code to provide intra and inter document linking.
- 8. Create a web page with the following using HTML5:
  - i. To embed an image map in a web page
  - ii. To fix the hot spots
  - iii. Show all the related information when the hot spots are clicked
  - iv. Create a web page with all types of Cascading style sheets.
- 9. Create a web page with the following using CSS:
  - v. Text shadows, rounded corners and box shadows.
  - vi. Linear and Radial gradients.
  - vii. Animation
  - viii. Transitions and Transformations.
- 11. Create a home page for "Cyber book stores" that will display the various books available, the authors and prices of the books. Include a list box that contains various subjects and a "submit" button, which displays information about the books on the subject required by the user.
- 12. Write an XML file which displays the book details that includes the following:
  - 1) Title of book
  - 2) Author name

3) Edition

4) Price

Write a DTD to validate the above XML file and display the details in a table (to do this use XSL).

- 13. Design an XML document to store information about a student in an engineering college . The information must include: college id, Name of the College, Brach, Year of Joining, and e-mail id. Make up sample data for 3 students. Create a CSS style sheet and use it to display the document.
- 14. Write a program to demonstrate XML SAX Parser.
- 15. Write a program to demonstrate XML DOM Parser.
- 16. Create tables in the database which contain the details of items (books in our case Like Book name, Price, Quantity, Amount) of each category.

Modify your catalogue page in such a way that you should connect to the database and extract data from the tables and display them in the catalogue page using JDBC.

- 17. Using java servlets and JDBC store and retrieve the following information from a database:
  - a. Name
  - b. Password
  - c. Email id
  - d. Phone number
- 18. Demonstrate Cookie and Session Management in Servlets.
- 19. Write a program to demonstrate Java Bean using JSP Implicit objects.
- 20. Write a JSP program to conduct online examination and to display student mark list available in a database.
- 21. Write a program to demonstrate cookie & Sessions using JSP.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course the students will be able to

CO-1: Create static web pages using HTML, CSS.

**CO-2:** Develop Client-Server Applications.

CO-3: Create XML documents and work with web servers to create web applications

CO-4: Build server side programs using Java Servlets and Jsp.

Course Outcome	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	-	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1
CO2	-	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1
CO3	-	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1
CO4	-	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1

II- Year II- Semester	II- Year II- Semester Name of the Course										
SOC2201	Mobile Application Development	0	0	4	2						
Prerequisites: Basic Java programming											

## **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Understand Mobile application basics.
- 2. Understand components in SDK
- 3. Use different application tools
- 4. Build several applications

## UNIT-I

**Introduction:** What is Android, Android versions and its feature set The various Android devices on the market , The Android Market application store , Android Development Environment - System Requirements, Android SDK, Installing Java, and ADT bundle - Eclipse Integrated Development Environment (IDE), Creating Android Virtual Devices (AVDs)

Android Architecture Overview and Creating an Example Android Application: The Android Software Stack, the Linux Kernel, Android Runtime, Java Interoperability Libraries, Android Libraries, Application Framework, Creating a New Android Project, Defining the Project Name and SDK Settings, Project Configuration Settings.

## UNIT-II

Android Software Development Platform :Understanding Java SE, The Directory Structure of an Android Project, Common Default Resources Folders, The Values Folder, Leveraging Android XML, Screen Sizes, Launching Your Application: The AndroidManifest.xml File, Creating Your First Android Application

Android Framework Overview: Android Application Components, Android Activities: Defining the UI, Android Services: Processing in the Background, Broadcast Receivers: Announcements and Notifications Content Providers: Data Management, Android Intent Objects: Messaging for Components, Android Manifest XML: Declaring Your Components UNIT-III

**Understanding Android Views**: View Groups and Layouts, Designing for Different Android Devices, Views and View Groups, Android Layout Managers, The View Hierarchy, Designing an Android User Interface using the Graphical Layout Tool, Displaying Text with TextView, Retrieving Data from Users, Using Buttons, Check Boxes and Radio Groups, Getting Dates and Times from Users, Using Indicators to Display Data to Users, Adjusting Progress with SeekBar, Working with Menus using views, Displaying Pictures, Gallery, ImageSwitcher, GridView, and ImageView views to display images, Creating Animation

## UNIT- IV

## **Content Providers, and Databases**

Saving and Loading Files, SQLite Databases, Android Database Design, Exposing Access to a Data Source through a Content Provider, Content Provider Registration, Native Content Providers.

**Intents and Intent Filters:** Intent Overview, Implicit Intents, Creating the Implicit Intent Example Project, Explicit Intents, Creating the Explicit Intent Example Application, Intents with Activities, Intents with Broadcast Receivers

## A Basic Overview of Android Threads and Thread handlers
An Overview of Threads, The Application Main Thread, Thread Handlers, A Basic Threading Example, Creating a New Thread, Implementing a Thread Handler, Passing a Message to the Handler **UNIT-V** 

#### **Messaging and Location-Based Services**

Sending SMS Messages Programmatically, Getting Feedback after Sending the Message Sending SMS Messages Using Intent Receiving, sending email, Introduction to location-based service, configuring the Android Emulator for Location-Based Services, Geocoding and Map-Based Activities

#### Multimedia: Audio, Video, Camera

Playing Audio and Video, Recording Audio and Video, Using the Camera to Take and Process Pictures

#### **Text Books:**

1. Lauren Darcey and Shane Conder, "Android Wireless Application Development", Pearson Education, 2nd ed. (2011)

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Reto Meier, "Professional Android 2 Application Development", Wiley India Pvt Ltd
- 2. Mark L Murphy, "Beginning Android", Wiley India Pvt Ltd
- 3. A ndroid Application Development All in one for Dummies by Barry Burd, Edition: I

#### e-digital resources:

- 1. https://developer.android.com/courses/fundamentals-training/toc-v2
- 2. https://google-developer-training.github.io/android-developer-fundamentals-course-concepts-v2/

#### **List of Experiments**

- 1. Develop an application that uses GUI components, Font and Colors.
- 2. Develop an application that uses Layout Managers and event listeners.
- 3. Develop a native calculator application.
- 4. Write an application that draws basic graphical primitives on the screen.
- 5. Develop an application that makes use of database.
- 6. Develop a native application that uses GPS location information.
- 7. Implement an application that writes data to the SD card.
- 8. Implement an application that creates an alert upon receiving a message.
- 9. Develop a mobile application that creates alarm clock.
- 10. User interface design layouts

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. Implement Basic Mobile Mapplicaitons
- 2. Design GUI Applications
- 3. Implement GPS tracking Applications
- 4. Deploy web applications

Course Outcome	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	-	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1
CO2	-	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1
CO3	-	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1
CO4	-	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1

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II-II to IV-I	Name of the Course	L	Τ	Р	С
	NPTEL/SWAYAM Professional Elective-I	3	0	0	3

\*\* A candidate shall complete at least one MOOC course as Professional Elective course 1 of 12 weeks duration.

Enrollment of MOOC course will be initiated from the date of commencement of class work for the second year second semester.

MOOC Course completion certificate must be submitted on or before the completion of fourth year first semester to consider it for regular evaluation, otherwise it will be considered as supplementary.

Student has to pursue and acquire a certificate for a MOOC course only from SWAYAM/NPTEL through online with the approval of Head of the Department concerned in order to earn the 3 credits. List of courses will be announced by the respective board of studies at the time of commencement of classwork for second year second semester.

III- Year I- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
PC3101	Computer Networks	3	0	0	3
Prerequisites: MFCS, Data Structures					

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To summarize OSI and TCP/IP reference models and Example networks, characteristics of transmission media and classify multiplexing techniques
- 2. To explain the Error Control, Flow Control
- 3. To Compute optimal path using Routing Algorithms.
- 4. To summarize the concepts of reliable unreliable transmission
- 5. To explain the knowledge on various application layer protocols

#### 10 Hrs **UNIT-I: Introduction to Computer Networks and Physical Layer**

Introduction: Network Topologies WAN, LAN, MAN. Reference models- The OSI Reference Model- the TCP/IP Reference Model - A Comparison of the OSI and TCP/IP Reference Models, Example Networks, Physical Layer – Fourier Analysis – Bandwidth Limited Signals – The Maximum Data Rate of a Channel Guided Transmission Media, Multiplexing: Frequency Division Multiplexing, Time Division Multiplexing, Code Division Multiplexing

#### **UNIT-II : Data Link Layer**

Data Link Layer Design Issues, Error Detection and Correction, Elementary Data Link Control Protocols, Sliding Window Protocols, HDLC, PPP

### **UNIT-III: Medium Access Control Sub Laver**

Channel Allocation Problems, Multiple Access Protocols, IEEE standards for Local Area Networks, WLAN, Bluetooth

#### **UNIT-IV: Network Laver**

Network Layer Design Issues, Routing Algorithms, Congestion Control Algorithms, Internet Protocol Header, IP Addresses, subnetting and super netting.

#### **UNIT – V: Transport and Application Layers**

Transport Layer Design Issues, Connection Establishment, Connection Termination, Transport and **User Datagram Protocols** 

Application layer Design Issues, DNS, WWW, HTTP/HTTPS, E-mail, FTP Text Books:

1. Computer Networks, Andrew S Tanenbaum, Pearson, 5th Edition

2. Data Communications and Networking, Behrouz A Forouzan, Tata McGraw Hill, 4th Edition **Reference Book:** 

3. TCP/IP Protocol Suite, Behrouz A Forouzan, Tata McGraw Hill Edition, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition

# Web Resources:

1.https://youtube.com/playlist?list=PLbRMhDVUMngfpeFloB7kyiA40EptH1up

2. https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/computer-network-tutorials/

3.https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/docs/ip/routing-information-protocol-rip/13788-3.html

# 8 Hrs

#### 10 Hrs

8 Hrs

8 Hrs

### **Course Outcomes:**

By the end the of the course, the student will be able to

**CO1**: Explain OSI and TCP/IP reference models and Example networks, characteristics of transmission media and classify multiplexing techniques (L2)

CO2: Summarize various Error Control and Flow Control techniques (L2)

CO3: Identify Channel Allocation problems and IEEE protocols w.r.t LAN, WLAN. (L1)

CO4: Compute optimal path using Routing Algorithms and Design the subnetworks(L4)

CO5: Illustrate the working of various Transport and application layer protocols (L3)

#### **CO-PO-PSO Mapping Matrix:**

	P 0 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	<b>PO</b> 5	PO 6	<b>PO</b> 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1 2	PSO1	PPO 2
CO- 1	2										2		2	2
CO- 2	2	2									2		2	2
CO- 3		2	2								2	2	2	2
CO- 4	2		2								2	2	2	2
CO- 5	-		2								2	2	2	2

#### MICRO SYLLABUS

#### **UNIT-I: Introduction and Physical Layer**

Introduction: Network Topologies WAN, LAN, MAN. Reference models- The OSI Reference Model- the TCP/IP Reference Model – A Comparison of the OSI and TCP/IP Reference Models, Example Networks, Physical Layer – Fourier Analysis – Bandwidth Limited Signals – The Maximum Data Rate of a Channel Guided Transmission Media, Digital Modulation and Multiplexing: Frequency Division Multiplexing, Time Division Multiplexing, Code Division Multiplexing

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
Introduction to Computer	Introduction	Uses of Computer Networks, Topologies, Types of Networks (LAN, MAN,WAN) Network Hardware, Network Software	2
Networks and Physical Layer	Reference Models	OSI and TCP/IP	2
	Example Networks	ARPANet, Novell Netware, ATM Networks	2

Physical Layer	Design Issues, Maximum Data Rate of a Channel, Nyquist Theorem for a noiseless channel, Shannon Theorem for noisy channel	1
Transmission Media	Guided and Unguided Transmission media	1
Multiplexing	FDM,TDM,WDM,CDM	2

### **UNIT-II: Data Link Layer**

Data Link Layer Design Issues, Error Detection and Correction, Elementary Data Link Control Protocols, Sliding Window Protocols, HDLC, PPP

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
	Design Issues	Framing, Physical Addressing, Error Control, Flow Control, Access Control,	2
	Error Detection and Correction	VRC, LRC, CRC, Checksum, Single Bit Correction : Hamming Codes	2
Data Link Layer	Flow Control	Elementary Data Link Control Protocols: An unrestricted Simplex, Simplex Stop and Wait, Stop Wait ARQ Sliding Window Protocols: 1-bit Sliding Window, Sliding window using Go Back N, Sliding Window Using Selective Repeat	2
	Example Data Link Control Protocols	HDLC, PPP	2

# UNIT-III: Medium Access Control Sub Layer

Channel Allocation Problems, Multiple Access Protocols, IEEE standards for Local Area Networks, WLAN, Bluetooth

Unit		Module	Micro content	No of hrs	
		Channel Allocation	Static Channel Allocation,	2	
		Problem	Dynamic Channel Allocation	Z	
Madhama		Multiple Access	Aloha, CSMA, Collision Free	2	
Control	Access	Protocols	Protocols,	2	
Control SubLayer		IEEE standards		2	
		LAN Protocols	IEEE-002.3,002.4,002.3	Z	
		IEEE WLAN	IFFE 902 11 Plustooth	2	
		Protocols	IEEE 002.11, DIuetootii	Z	

### **UNIT-IV: Network Layer**

Network Layer Design Issues, Routing Algorithms, Congestion Control Algorithms, Internet Protocol Header, IP Addresses, subnetting and super netting.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
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	Design Issues	Connection Oriented and Connection less service, Comparison of Virtual Circuit	1		
		subnets and Datagram			
		Shortest with Elonding			
		Shoriest path, Flooding,			
	Routing Algorithms	Distance Vector Routing, Link			
Network I aver		State Routing, Hierarchical	3		
Network Layer		Routing, Broadcast Routing,	5		
		Multicast Routing, Routing for			
		Mobile Hosts			
	IP Headers	IPV4 and IPV6	2		
		Classful IP Addressing,			
	ID Addresses	Classless IP Addressing, Types	4		
	IP Addresses	dresses of IP Addresses			
		Subnetting and Super netting			

# UNIT – V: Transport and Application Layers

Transport Layer Design Issues, Connection Establishment, Connection Termination, Transport and User Datagram Protocols. Application layer Design Issues, DNS, WWW, HTTP/HTTPS, E-mail.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
	Design Issues	Design Issues, Process Addressing, Service Primitives	2
	TCP Phases	Connection Establishment, Connection Termination, Data Transfer	
	Protocols	TCP, UDP	1
	Design Issues	File Transfer and Access Management Network Virtual Terminals Mail Services	1
Transport Layer	DNS	DNS Name space, Resource Records, Name servers	1
	WWW	Architecture and overview, Static/Dynamic web pages,	1
	HTTP/HTTPS	HTTP Request and Response headers and methods	1
	E-mail	Architecture, User Agents, Message formats, Message Transfer Agents, SMTP, S/MIME, POP	1

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III- Year I- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
				•	•

PC3102	Artificial Intelligence	3	0	0	3
Prerequisites: Data Struct	ures				

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

- To have a basic proficiency in a traditional AI language including an ability to write simple to intermediate programs and an ability to understand code written in that language.
- To improve analytical and problem solving skills based on the characteristics of the problem using various heuristic search techniques and to improve designing and playing a game
- To have knowledge on propositional calculus, proportional and predicate logic to understand few systems such as natural deduction, axiomatic system, etc.
- To have an understanding of the basic issues of knowledge representation and blind and • heuristic search, as well as an understanding of other topics such as minimax, resolution, etc. that play an important role in AI programs.
- To have a basic understanding of some of the more advanced topics of AI such as learning, natural language processing, agents and robotics, expert systems, and planning
- To have basic knowledge on probabilistic analysis and networks as well as fuzzy systems and fuzzy logics.

#### **UNIT-I: Introduction to AI and Problem solving**

Introduction to artificial intelligence: Introduction, history, intelligent systems, foundations of AI, applications, tic-tac-toe game playing, development of AI languages, current trends in AI

Problem solving: state-space search and control strategies: Introduction, general problem solving, characteristics of problem, exhaustive searches, heuristic search techniques, A\*, AO\*, constraint satisfaction

#### **UNIT-II: Problem Reduction and Logic Concepts**

Problem reduction and game playing: Introduction, problem reduction, game playing, alphabeta pruning, two-player perfect information games

Logic concepts: Introduction, propositional calculus, proportional logic, natural deduction system, axiomatic system, semantic tableau system in proportional logic, resolution refutation in proportional logic, predicate logic

#### **UNIT-III: Knowledge representation**

Knowledge representation: Introduction, approaches to knowledge representation, knowledge representation using semantic network, extended semantic networks for KR, knowledge representation using frames

Advanced knowledge representation techniques: Introduction, conceptual dependency theory, script structure, cyc theory, case grammars, semantic web

#### **UNIT-IV: Expert system and applications**

Introduction, phases in building expert systems, expert system versus traditional systems, rule-based expert systems, blackboard systems truth maintenance systems, application of expert systems, list of shells and tools

#### UNIT-V: Uncertainty measure, Fuzzy sets and fuzzy logic

probability theory: Introduction, probability theory, Bayesian belief networks, certainty factor theory, Dempster-Shafer theory

Fuzzy sets and fuzzy logic: Introduction, fuzzy sets, fuzzy set operations, types of membership functions, multi valued logic, fuzzy logic

#### 12hrs

# 12hrs

#### 10hrs

# 14 hrs

**12 hrs** 

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Artificial Intelligence- Saroj Kaushik, CENGAGE Learning,
- 2. Artificial intelligence, A modern Approach , 2nded, Stuart Russel, Peter Norvig, PEA

#### **REFERNCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Artificial intelligence, structures and Strategies for Complex problem solving, -George F Lugar, 5thed, PEA
- 2. Introduction to Artificial Intelligence, Ertel, Wolf Gang, Springer
- 3. Artificial Intelligence, A new Synthesis, Nils J Nilsson, Elsevier

#### **Course Outcomes:**

By the end the of the course, the student will be able to

**CO1**: Ability to develop a basic understanding of AI building blocks presented in intelligent agents. **CO2**: Ability to choose an appropriate problem solving method and knowledge representation

technique.

**CO3**: Ability to analyze the strength and weaknesses of AI approaches to knowledge– intensive problem solving.

**CO4**: Ability to design and develop the AI applications in real world scenario.

**CO5:**Ability to empirical evaluation of different algorithms of a problem formalisation and state the conclusions that the evaluation supports.

	P 0 1	P O 2	P O 3	P O 4	P O 5	P O 6	P O 7	P O 8	P O 9	PO 10	PO1 1	PO1 2	PSO 1	PSO2
CO- 1	2	1										2		2
CO- 2		2	2		3									1
CO- 3		2												
CO- 4												2	1	
CO- 5	1	2			3								1	

#### MICRO SYLLABUS

#### **UNIT-I: Introduction to AI and Problem solving**

#### 14 hrs

**Introduction to artificial intelligence:** Introduction, history, intelligent systems, foundations of AI, applications, tic-tac-toe game playing, development of AI languages, current trends in AI **Problem solving: state-space search and control strategies:** Introduction, general problem solving, characteristics of problem, exhaustive searches, heuristic search techniques, A\*,AO\*, constraint satisfaction

Unit-I Module	Micro content	No of hrs
---------------	---------------	-----------

	Introduction to AI	History, Intelligent Systems, Foundations of AI, Applications, Tic-tac-toe game playing, Development of AI languages,Current trends	2
Introduction to AI and Problem solving	Introduction to Problem solving	Introduction, general problem solving, characteristics of problem,	1
	exhaustive searches	Breadth First Search, Depth First Search, Depth Limited Search, Iterative Deepening Depth First Search,	5
	heuristic search techniques,	Generate& test, Branch and Bound,Hill Climbing, Best First Search, <i>A</i> *, AO*, constraint satisfaction,	6

#### **UNIT-II: Problem Reduction and Logic Concepts**

#### 12 hrs

**Problem reduction and game playing:** Introduction, problem reduction, game playing, alpha-beta pruning, two-player perfect information games

**Logic concepts:** Introduction, propositional calculus, proportional logic, natural deduction system, axiomatic system, semantic tableau system in proportional logic, resolution refutation in proportional logic, predicate logic

Unit-II	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
Problem	Problem reduction and game playing	Introduction, problem reduction, game playing, alpha-beta pruning, two-player perfect information games	6
Reduction and Logic Concepts	Logic concepts	Introduction, propositional calculus, proportional logic, natural deduction system, axiomatic system, semantic tableau system in proportional logic, resolution refutation in proportional logic, predicate logic	6

#### **Unit –III: Knowledge representation**

#### 12hrs

Introduction, approaches to knowledge representation, knowledge representation using semantic network, extended semantic networks for KR, knowledge representation using frames Advanced knowledge representation techniques: Introduction, conceptual dependency theory, script structure, cyc theory, case grammars, semantic web

Unit-III	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
Knowledge representation	Knowledge representation	Introduction, approaches to knowledge representation, knowledge representation using semantic network, extended semantic networks for KR, knowledge representation using frames	7

Advanced knowledge representation technoquesIntroduction, conceptual dependency theory, script structure, cyc theory, case grammars, semantic web	5
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#### **UNIT-IV: Expert system and applications**

#### 12hrs

Introduction, phases in building expert systems, expert system versus traditional systems, rule-based expert systems, blackboard systems truth maintenance systems, application of expert systems, list of shells and tools

Unit-IV	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
Expert system and applications	Expert system and applications	Introduction, phases in building expert systems, expert system versus traditional systems, rule- based expert systems, blackboard systems truth maintenance systems, application of expert systems, list of shells and tools	12

### UNIT-V: Uncertainty measure, Fuzzy sets and fuzzy logic 10hrs

**Uncertainty measure: probability theory:** Introduction, probability theory, Bayesian belief networks, certainty factor theory, Dempster-Shafer theory

**Fuzzy sets and fuzzy logic:** Introduction, fuzzy sets, fuzzy set operations, types of membership functions, multi valued logic, fuzzy logic

Unit-V	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
Uncertainty	Uncertainty measure	Introduction, probability theory, Bayesian belief networks, certainty factor theory, dempster- shafer theory.	5
measure, Fuzzy sets and fuzzy logic	Fuzzy-logic	Introduction, fuzzy sets, fuzzy set operations, types of membership functions, multi valued logic. Fuzzy logic, linguistic variables and hedges, fuzzy propositions, inference rules for fuzzy propositions, fuzzy systems.	5

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III- Year I- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
PC3103	Automata Theory and Compiler Design	3	0	0	3
Prerequisites:					

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To learn fundamentals of Regular and Context Free Grammars and Languages
- To understand the relation between Regular Language and Finite Automata and machines
- To understand the relation between Contexts free Languages, Push Down Automata and Turing Machine
- To study various phases in the design of compiler and understanding the machine independent phases of compiler
- To understand machine dependent phases of compiler

#### **UNIT-I: Finite Automata**

Automata: Need for Automata Theory, Chomsky hierarchy, Acceptance of a string, Design of NFA with  $\varepsilon$ , NFA without  $\varepsilon$ , DFA, Equivalence of NFA, DFA

Finite Automata Conversions: Conversion from NFA C to NFA, NFA to DFA, Minimization of DFA, Moore and Mealy Machines.

#### **UNIT-II: Regular Expressions and Grammars**

Regular Expressions: Regular Sets, Identity Rules, Equivalence of two RE, Manipulations of REs, Finite Automata and Regular Expressions, Inter Conversion, Equivalence between FA and RE, Pumping Lemma of Regular Sets, Closure Properties of Regular Sets

Grammars: Grammars, Classification of Grammars, Right and Left Linear Regular Grammars, Equivalence between RG and FA, Inter Conversion.Context Free Grammar, Leftmost and Rightmost Derivations, Parse Trees, Ambiguous Grammars, Simplification of Context Free Grammars, Normal Forms- Chomsky Normal Form, Griebach Normal Form.

#### **Unit-III: Push Down Automata and Turing Machines** 12 hrs

Push Down Automata (PDA): Design of PDA, Deterministic PDA, Non-deterministic PDA, Equivalence of PDA and Context Free Grammars.

Turing Machine (TM): Design of Turing Machine, Deterministic TM, Non-deterministic TM.

#### **UNIT-IV: Machine Independent Phases**

Lexical Analysis: Logical phases of compiler, Lexical Analysis, Lexemes Tokens and patterns, Lexical Errors, Regular Expressions, Regular definitions for the language constructs, Strings, Sequences, Comments, Transition diagram for recognition of tokens, Reserved words and identifiers. Syntax Analysis: Parsing definition, types of parsing, left recursion, left factoring, Top-down parsing, First and Follow, LL(1) Grammars, Non- Recursive predictive parsing, Bottom-up Parsers, Shift Reduce Parsing, LR parsers.

Semantic Analysis: Syntax Directed Translation, L-attributed and S-attributed definitions Symbol tables: use and need of symbol tables.

#### 14 hrs

# 12 hrs

# 14 hrs

### **UNIT-V: Machine Dependent Phases**

**Intermediate Code Generation:** Intermediate code, three address code, quadruples, triples, directed acyclic graph.

**Code Optimization:** Common sub expression elimination, copy propagation, dead code elimination, constant folding, strength reduction, loop optimization.

Code Generation: Basic blocks & flow graphs, Peephole optimization, Register allocation and assignment.

# **Text Books:**

- Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages and Computation, J. E. Hopcroft, R. Motwani and J. D. Ullman, 3rd Edition, Pearson, 2008
- 2. Theory of Computer Science-Automata, Languages and Computation, K. L. P. Mishra and N. Chandrasekharan, 3rd Edition, PHI, 2007
- 3. Compilers, Principles Techniques and Tools- Alfred V Aho, Monica S Lam, Ravi Sethi, Jeffrey D. Ullman,2<sup>nd</sup> ed, Pearson,2007.

# **Reference Books**

- 1. Elements of Theory of Computation, Lewis H.P. & Papadimition C.H., Pearson /PHI
- 2. Theory of Computation, V. Kulkarni, Oxford University Press, 2013
- 3. Principles of compiler design, V. Raghavan, 2nd ed, TMH, 2011.
- 4. Compiler construction, Principles and Practice, Kenneth C Louden, CENGAGE

## e- Resources & other digital material

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/104/106104028/

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105190/

University Academy You tube Channel for Automata Theory and Compiler Design: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PL-JvKqQx2AtdhlS7j6jFoEnxmUEEsH9KH https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PL-JvKqQx2Ate5DWhppx-MUOtGNA4S3spT

# **GATE Lectures:**

https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLEbnTDJUr\_IdM\_\_\_FmDFBJBz0zCsOFxfK https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLMzYNEvC0P7FwwnrXwAjPq8zLTC4MDQKQ

# **Course Outcomes:**

By the end the of the course, the student will be able to

**CO1**:Classify machines by their power to recognize languages.

**CO2**:Summarize language classes and grammars relationship among them with the help of Chomsky hierarchy.

CO3: employ finite state machines in problem solving and also illustrate deterministic and non-deterministic machines.

CO4: design and implement scanners and parsers.

**CO5**: perform code optimization to improve performance and apply algorithms to generate code.

#### 12 hrs

#### **CO-PO-PSO Mapping Matrix:**

	P O 1	<b>PO</b> 2	PO 3	PO 4	РО 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1 2	PSP O1	PSP O2
CO- 1	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
CO- 2	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1
CO- 3	1	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1
CO- 4	2	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
CO- 5	-	2	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1

#### MICRO SYLLABUS

### **UNIT-I: Finite Automata**

12 hrs

**Automata:** Need for Automata Theory, Chomsky hierarchy, Acceptance of a string, Design of NFA with  $\mathcal{C}$ , NFA without  $\mathcal{C}$ , DFA, Equivalence of NFA, DFA

**Finite Automata Conversions:** Conversion from NFA  $\in$  to NFA, NFA to DFA, Minimization of DFA, Moore and Mealy Machines.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
Unit-I Finite	Automata	Need for Automata Theory, Chomsky hierarchy, Acceptance of a string, Design of NFA with C, NFA without C, DFA,	5
Automata	Finite Automata	Conversion from NFA C to NFA, NFA to DFA, Minimization of DFA,	7
	Conversions	Moore and Mealy Machines,	

**UNIT-II: Regular Expressions, Grammar** 

14 hrs

**Regular Expressions:** Regular Sets, Identity Rules, Equivalence of two RE, Manipulations of REs, Finite Automata and Regular Expressions, Inter Conversion, Equivalence between FA and RE, Pumping Lemma of Regular Sets, Closure Properties of Regular Sets

**Grammars:** Grammars, Classification of Grammars, Right and Left Linear Regular Grammars, Equivalence between RG and FA, Inter Conversion. Context Free Grammar, Leftmost and Rightmost Derivations, Parse Trees, Ambiguous Grammars, Simplification of Context Free Grammars, Normal Forms- Chomsky Normal Form, Griebach Normal Form.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
	Deck	Regular Sets, Identity Rules, Equivalence of two RE, Manipulations of REs, Finite Automata and Regular Expressions, Inter Conversion	3
Regular Expression s	Equivalence between FA and RE, Pumping Lemma of Regular Sets, Closure Properties of Regular Sets	2	
UNIT-II Regular Expressions,		Grammars, Classification of Grammars, Right and Left Linear Regular Grammars, Equivalence between RG and FA, Inter Conversion.	4
Grammars Regular Grammars	Context Free Grammar, Leftmost and Rightmost Derivations, Parse Trees, Ambiguous Grammars, Simplification of Context Free Grammars	2	
		Normal Forms- Chomsky Normal Form, Griebach Normal Form.	3

**Unit – III: Push Down Automata and Turing Machines** 12 hrs Push Down Automata (PDA): Design of PDA, Deterministic PDA, Non-deterministic PDA, Equivalence of PDA and Context Free Grammars.

Turing Machine (TM): Design of Turing Machine, Deterministic TM, Non-deterministic TM.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
Unit – III Push Down	Push Down Automata (PDA)	Design of PDA, Deterministic PDA, Non-deterministic PDA, Equivalence of PDA and Context Free Grammars	6
Automata and Turing Machines	Turing Machine (TM)	Design of Turing Machine, Deterministic TM, Non-deterministic TM	6
UNIT-IV: Machine Independent Phases 14 hrs			

# **UNIT-IV: Machine Independent Phases**

Lexical Analysis: Logical phases of compiler, Lexical Analysis, Lexemes, Tokens and patterns, Lexical Errors, Regular Expressions, Regular definitions for the language constructs, Strings, Sequences, Comments, Transition diagram for recognition of tokens, Reserved words and identifiers. Syntax Analysis: Parsing definition, types of parsing, left recursion, left factoring, Top-down parsing, First and Follow, LL(1) Grammars, Non- Recursive predictive parsing, Bottom-up Parsers, Shift Reduce Parsing, LR parsers.

Semantic Analysis: Syntax Directed Translation, L-attributed and S-attributed definitions Symbol tables: use and need of symbol tables.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs		
		Logical phases of compiler, Lexical Analysis,			
<b>UNIT-IV</b>		Lexemes, Tokens and patterns, Lexical Errors, Regular			
Machine	Lexical	Expressions, Regular definitions for the language			
Independe	Analysis	constructs, Strings, Sequences, Comments, Transition	4		
nt Phases		iagram for recognition of tokens, Reserved words and			
		identifiers.			

Syntax Analysis		Parsing definition, types of parsing, left recursion, left factoring, Top-down parsing, First and Follow, LL(1) Grammars, Non- Recursive predictive parsing, Bottom- up parsers, Shift Reduce Parsing, LR parsers.	7
	Semantic Analysis	Syntax Directed Translation, L-attributed and S- attributed definitions	2
	Symbol tables	use and need of symbol tables.	1

#### **UNIT-V: Machine Dependent Phases**

12 hrs

**Intermediate Code Generation:** Intermediate code, three address code, quadruples, triples, directed acyclic graph.

**Code Optimization:** Common sub expression elimination, copy propagation, dead code elimination, constant folding, strength reduction, loop optimization.

Code Generation: Basic blocks & flow graphs, Peephole optimization, Register allocation and assignment.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
	Intermediate Code Generation	Intermediate code, three address code, quadruples, triples, directed acyclic graph.	4
Unit-V Machine Dependent Phases	Code Optimization	common sub expression elimination, copy propagation, dead code elimination, constant folding, strength reduction, loop optimization.	4
	Code generation	Basic blocks & flow graphs, Peephole optimization, Register allocation and assignment.	4

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III- Year I- Semester Name of the Course		L	Т	Р	С	
PE 3101	Data Warehousing and Data Mining Professional Elective IIA	3	0	0	3	
Prerequisites: DBMS, Basic Mathematics						

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To understand basic concepts, architectures and classical models in data warehousing
- 2. To understand data mining concepts and preprocessing techniques
- 3. To master in association analysis techniques in various applications like social, scientific and environmental context.
- 4. To develop skill in selecting the appropriate classification algorithm for solving practical problems
- 5. To characterize the kinds of patterns that can be discovered by clustering.

#### UNIT-I

**Introduction to Data Warehousing:** Introduction to Data Ware House, Differences between operational data base systems and data Ware House, Data Ware House characteristics, Data Ware House Architecture and its components, Extraction-Transformation-Loading, Data warehouse Modeling, Schema Design, star and snow-Flake Schema, Fact Constellation, Fact Table, Fully Addictive, Semi-Addictive, Non-Addictive Measures; Fact-Less-Facts, Dimension Table characteristics; OLAP cube, OLAP Operations, OLAP Server Architecture-ROLAP, MOLAP and HOLAP.

#### UNIT-II

#### 14 Hrs

12 Hrs

Introduction to Data Mining: Introduction, Definition, KDD, Challenges, Data Mining Functionalities. Data Objects and Attribute Types, Measuring Data Similarity and Dissimilarity, Data Preprocessing: Introduction, Data Preprocessing Overview, Data Cleaning, Data Integration and Transformation, Data Reduction, Discretization and Concept Hierarchy Generation. UNIT- III 12 Hrs

## Association Analysis: Problem Definition, Frequent Item Set Generation, The APRIORI Principle, Support and Confidence Measures, Association Rule Generation, APRIORI Algorithm, The Partition Algorithms, FP-Growth Algorithm, Compact Representation of Frequent Item Set-Maximal Frequent Item Set, Closed Frequent Item Set.

#### UNIT -IV

#### 13 Hrs

**Classification:** Problem definition, General Approaches to solving a classification problem, Evaluation of Classifiers, Classification techniques, Decision trees: Decision Tree Construction, Methods for expressing attribute test conditions, Measures for Selecting the Best split, Algorithm for Decision tree Induction, Naïve-Bayes Classifier, Bayesian Belief Networks; K-nearest neighbor classification-Algorithm and characteristics.

#### UNIT-V

#### 14 Hrs

**Clustering:** Problem Definition, Clustering overview, Evaluation of clustering algorithms, Partitioning clustering K-Means Algorithm, K-Means Additional Issues, PAM Algorithm, Hierarchical Clustering-Algorithm- Agglomerative Methods and Divisive Methods, Basic Agglomerative Hierarchical Clustering Algorithm, DBSCAN Algorithm, Strengths and Weaknesses.

#### **TEXT BOOKS**:

1.Han, Kamber, "Data Mining Concepts and Techniques", 3rd Edition

2. P. N. Tan, M. Steinbach, Vipin Kumar, "Introduction to Data Miming", Pearson Education.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS**:

1. DATA MINING TECHNIQUES, ARUN K PUJARI, 3RD EDITION, UNIVERSITIES PRESS.

2.Data Ware Housing Fundamentals, Pualraj Ponnaiah, Wiley Student Edition.

3. The Data Ware House Life Cycle Toolkit- Ralph Kimball, Wiley Student Edition.

4. Data Mining, Vikaram Pudi, P Radha Krishna, Oxford University.

#### MICRO SYLLABUS

#### **UNIT-I: Introduction to Data Warehousing**

#### 12 Hrs

Introduction to Data Ware House, Differences between operational data base systems and data Ware House, Data Ware House characteristics, Data Ware House Architecture and its components, Extraction-Transformation-Loading, Data warehouse Modeling, Schema Design, star and snow-Flake Schema, Fact Constellation, Fact Table, Fully Addictive, Semi-Addictive, Non-Addictive Measures; Fact-Less-Facts, Dimension Table characteristics; OLAP cube, OLAP Operations, OLAP Server Architecture-ROLAP, MOLAP and HOLAP.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
	Introduction	Definition of DW,Diff b/w DB and DW	2
	DW Architecture	DW Architecture and its components, Extraction-Transformation-Loading,	2
Introduction to	DW Modeling	Schema Design, star and snow-Flake Schema, Fact Constellation, Fact Table,	3
Data warehousing(DW)	Measures	Fully Addictive, Semi-Addictive, Non- Addictive Measures; Fact-Less-Facts, Dimension Table characteristics;	2
	OLAP	OLAP definition, OLAP cube, OLAP Operations	2
	OLAP Server Architecture	ROLAP, MOLAP and HOLAP.	1

#### **UNIT-II: Introduction to Data Mining**

# 14 Hrs

Introduction, Definition, KDD, Challenges, Data Mining Functionalities. Data Objects and Attribute Types, Measuring Data Similarity and Dissimilarity, **Data Preprocessing**: Introduction, Data Preprocessing Overview, Data Cleaning, Data Integration and Transformation, Data Reduction, Discretization and Concept Hierarchy Generation.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
	Introduction	Why DM, Definition of DM,KDD	1
	DM functionalities	Classification, Association analysis, cluster analysis etc	2
Introduction	Challenges	Major issues DM	1
Mining(DM)	Data objects & attribute types	Definitions, types of attributes	2
	Measuring Data Similarity and Dissimilarity	Data matrix, similarity matrix, proximity measures for different types of attributes	2

Data cleaning	Missing values, noisy data, data cleaning as process	2
Data integration & transformation	Different issues in data integration, different data transformation techniques	2
Data reduction	Different data reduction techniques	2

#### **UNIT-III: Association Analysis**

12 Hrs

Problem Definition, Frequent Item Set Generation, The APRIORI Principle, Support and Confidence Measures, Association Rule Generation, APRIORI Algorithm, The Partition Algorithms, FP-Growth Algorithm, Compact Representation of Frequent Item Set-Maximal Frequent Item Set, Closed Frequent Item Set

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
Association Analysis	Problem Definition	Basic concepts, Market basket analysis	2
	Frequent Item Set Generation	The APRIORI Principle, Support and Confidence Measures, Association Rule Generation,	2
	APRIORI algorithm	The Partition Algorithms, examples	3
	FP-Growth Algorithm,	Algorithm, examples	3
	Compact Representation of Frequent Item	Maximal Frequent Item Set, Closed Frequent Item Set	2

#### **UNIT-VI: Classification**

#### 13 Hrs

Problem definition, General Approaches to solving a classification problem, Evaluation of Classifiers, Classification techniques, Decision trees: Decision Tree Construction, Methods for expressing attribute test conditions, Measures for Selecting the Best split, Algorithm for Decision tree Induction, Naïve-Bayes Classifier, Bayesian Belief Networks; K-nearest neighbor classification-Algorithm and characteristics.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
	Problem definition	Definition, basic concepts, General Approaches to solving a classification problem,	3
	Evaluation of Classifiers	Metrics, methods for evaluation, techniques to improve classification accuracy	2
Classification	Classification techniques:Decision trees:	Decision Tree Construction, Methods for expressing attribute test conditions, Measures for Selecting the Best split, Algorithm for Decision tree Induction,	3
	Naïve-Bayes Classifier	Bayes theorem, naïve bayesian classification, Bayesian Belief Networks; concepts and training	3
	K-nearest neighbor classification-	Algorithm, example, characteristics.	2

Problem Definition, Clustering overview, Evaluation of clustering algorithms, Partitioning clustering K-Means Algorithm, K-Means Additional Issues, PAM Algorithm, Hierarchical Clustering-Algorithm- Agglomerative Methods and Divisive Methods, Basic Agglomerative Hierarchical Clustering Algorithm, DBSCAN Algorithm, Strengths and Weaknesses

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
	Problem Definition	Definition, Overview, requirements	2
	Evaluation of clustering algorithms	Techniques of evaluation for clustering	2
Clustering	Partitioning clustering	K-Means Algorithm, Strengths and Weaknesses, K-Means Additional Issues, PAM Algorithm,	4
	Hierarchical Clustering- Algorithm-	Agglomerative Methods and Divisive Methods, Basic Agglomerative Hierarchical Clustering Algorithm,	3
	DBSCAN Algorithm	DBSCAN Algorithm, Strengths and Weaknesses	3

#### **Course Outcomes:**

By the end the of the course, the student will be able to

CO-1: Understand basic concepts, architectures and classical models in data Warehousing

**CO-2:** Understand data mining concepts and preprocessing techniques

**CO-3:** Master in association analysis techniques in various applications like social, scientific and environmental context.

**CO-4:** Develop skill in selecting the appropriate classification algorithm for solving practical problems

**C0-5:** Characterize the kinds of patterns that can be discovered by clustering.

#### **CO-PO-PSO Mapping Matrix:**

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1 2	PSP O1	PSP O2
CO- 1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
CO- 2	-	2		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO- 3	-	-	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
CO- 4	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	1
CO- 5	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		2

III- Year I- Semester Name of the Course		L	Т	Р	С
PE3101	Software Project Management Professional Elective IIB	3	0	0	3
Prerequisites: Software Engineering					

#### **Course Objectives:**

- **1.** To study how to plan and manage projects at each stage of the software development life cycle (SDLC)
- **2.** To train software project managers and other individuals involved in software project planning
- **3.** To Study Tracking and oversight in the implementation of the software project management process.
- **4.** To understand successful software projects that support organization's strategic goals.
- **5.** To study Software Project monitoring and control ,software quality.

**UNIT -I**: Introduction Project, Management, Software Project Management activities, Challenges in software projects, Stakeholders, Objectives & goals Project Planning: Step-wise planning, Project Scope, Project Products & deliverables, Project activities, Effort estimation, Infrastructure.

**UNIT -II**: Project Approach Lifecycle models, Choosing Technology, Prototyping Iterative & incremental Process Framework: Lifecycle phases, Process Artifacts, Process workflows.

**UNIT -III**: Effort estimation & activity Planning Estimation techniques, Function Point analysis, SLOC, COCOMO, Use case-based estimation , Activity Identification Approaches, Network planning models, Critical path analysis.

**UNIT -IV**: Risk Management& Risk categories: Identification, Assessment, Planning and management, PERT technique, Monte Carlo approach.

# **Project Monitoring & Control, Resource Allocation**

Creating a framework for monitoring & control, Progress monitoring, Cost monitoring, Earned value Analysis, Defects Tracking, Issues Tracking, Status reports, Types of Resources, Identifying resource requirements, Resource scheduling.

#### UNIT-V

**Software Quality and Planning Quality:**, Defining Quality – ISO 9016, Quality Measures, Quantitative Quality Management Planning, Product Quality & Process Quality Metrics, Statistical Process Control Capability Maturity Model, Enhancing software Quality

**TEXT BOOKS**: 1. Software Project Management, Bob Hughes & Mike Cotterell, TATA Mcgraw-Hill 2. Software Project Management, Walker Royce: Pearson Education, 2005. 3. Software Project Management in practice, Pankaj Jalote, Pearson.

**REFERENCE BOOKS**: 1. Software Project Management, Joel Henry, Pearson Education.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

By the end the of the course, the student will be able to

**CO1:** Match organizational needs to the most effective software development model and to understand the basic concepts and issues of software project management

**CO2:** Effectively Plan the software projects and to implement the project plans through managing people, communications and change.

**CO3:** Select and employ mechanisms for tracking the software projects.

CO4: Conduct activities necessary to successfully complete and close the Software projects.

**CO5:** Develop the skills for tracking and controlling software deliverables.

	P O 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1 2	PSO1	PPO 2
CO- 1	3												1	
CO- 2	3	2											2	
CO- 3		3											3	
CO- 4	3	2											1	
CO- 5			3					1	2	1	2	1	2	

### **CO-PO-PSO Mapping Matrix:**

#### MICRO SYLLABUS

#### UNIT-I:

Introduction Project, Management, Software Project Management activities, Challenges in software projects, Stakeholders, Objectives & goals Project Planning: Step-wise planning, Project Scope, Project Products & deliverables, Project activities, Effort estimation, Infrastructure.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
Introduction to Software Project	Introduction Project	What is a project? Software projects versus other typesof project The project as a system	2
Management	Introduction to Management	What is management	2

Software Project Management activities	Activities covered by software project management	2
Challenges in software projects	Problems with software projects Management Control	2
Stakeholders	Requirement Specification Information and control in Oragnization	2
Objectives & goals Project Planning:	Step-wise planning Project Scope, Project Products & deliverables, Project activities, Effort estimation, Infrastructure	3

# UNIT-II:

**Project Approach Lifecycle models:** Choosing Technology, Prototyping Iterative & incremental Process Framework: Lifecycle phases, Process Artifacts, Process workflows.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
	Project Approach Lifecycle models,	RapidApplicationDevelopmentThe waterfall ModelThe V-process ModelThe Spiral Model	3
Project Approach Lifecycle models,	Choosing Technology	Software Prototyping Other ways of categorizingPrototypes Tools A Prototyping Examples	3
	Prototyping Iterative & incremental Process Framework	Lifecycle phases Process Artifacts, Process workflows	3

#### UNIT-III:

**Effort estimation & activity Planning**: Estimation techniques, Function Point analysis, SLOC, COCOMO, Use case-based estimation , Activity Identification Approaches, Network planning models, Critical path analysis.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
		Where are estimates done	
Effort estimation &	Estimation	Problems with over and	2
activity Planning:	techniques	under estimates	3
		The basis of software	

		estimating	
		Software effort estimation	
		techniques	
		Estimating by Anology	
		SLOC	
	<b>Function Point</b>	COCOMO: A parametric	2
	analysis	Model	Z
		Use case-based estimation	
		Objectives of Activity	
		Planning	
	Activity	When to plan	
	Identification	Project Schedule	2
	Approaches,	Projects and Activities	
		Sequencing and	
		Scheduling Activities	
		Formulating a Network	
		Model	2
	Network planning	Adding the Time	3
	models	Dimension	
		The forward pass	
		The Backward pass	
		Identifying Critical Path	
		Activity Float	
		Shortening the Project	
		Duration	2
	Critical path analysis	Identifing Critical	3
		Activities	
		Activity –On-Arrow	
		Networks	

# **UNIT-IV:**

Risk Management& Risk categories: Identification, Assessment, Planning and management, PERT technique, Monte Carlo approach.

# **Project Monitoring & Control, Resource Allocation**

Creating a framework for monitoring & control, Progress monitoring, Cost monitoring, Earned value Analysis, Defects Tracking, Issues Tracking, Status reports, Types of Resources, Identifying resource requirements, Resource scheduling.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
RiskManagement & Risk categories	Risk categories	Identification, Assessment, Planning and management	3
	Risk Management	PERT technique, Monte Carlo approach	3
Project Monitoring & Control	Creating a framework for monitoring &	Creating the framework	2

control	Collecting the data	
Progress monitoring	Visualising Progress	2
Cost monitoring	Cost monitoring, Earned value Analysis	2
Tracking	Defects Tracking, Issues Tracking, Status reports,	2
Resources	Types of Resources, Identifying resource requirements, Resource scheduling	2

### UNIT-V:

**Software Quality Planning Quality**: Defining Quality – ISO 9016, Quality Measures, Quantitative Quality Management Planning, Product Quality & Process Quality Metrics, Statistical Process Control Capability Maturity Model, Enhancing software Quality

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs	
	Software Quality	Defining Quality – ISO	2	
		9016, Quality Measures,	5	
	Planning Quality	Quantitative Quality	2	
	Plaining Quality	Management Planning,	3	
Software Quality	Product Quality	Statistical Process	1	
And Planning		Control Capability		
Quality	Process Quality	Maturity Model	2	
	Metrics	Enhancing software	2	
		Quality		

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III- Year I- Semester	II- Year I- Semester Name of the Course		Т	Р	С
PE3101	Computer Graphics Professional Elective IIC	3	0	0	3
Prerequisites: Basic Math	ematics				

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To develop, design and implement two and three dimensional graphical structures
- 2. To enable students to acquire knowledge Multimedia compression and animations.
- 3. To learn Creation, Management and Transmission of Multimedia objects.

#### UNIT - I

Introduction to Computer Graphics : Applications of Computer Graphics, 2D Primitives:-Output Primitives: Points, Lines, Planes, Frame-Buffers, Video-display devices, Line Drawing Algorithms: DDA Line drawing, Bresenham's Line Drawing ,Parallel Line Drawing ,Circle and Ellipse Generation, Polygon Generation, Polygon Filling Algorithms, Attributes of Output Primitives.

#### UNIT - II

2D Transformations & Viewing : Basic Transformations :Translationa,Rotation,Scaling, Other Transformations: Reflection, Shear, Composite Transformations, Coordinate Transformation, Viewing Pipeline :Viewing Reference Frame, window, view-port, window-to- view-port Transformation, Multiple window transformation, Clipping: Line Clipping: cohen- sutherland line clipping algorithm, Polygon Clipping: Sutherland-Hodheman polygon clipping algorithm, Text Clipping.

#### UNIT - III

3D Concepts: 3D Object Representation: Polygons, Curved Lines, Splines, Quadric Surfaces, 3D Transformations : Basic : Translation, Coordinate-axis-Rotation, Arbitrary-axis Rotation, Scaling, Other: Reflection, Shear, Composition of 3D transformations, ,Projections : Parallel, Perspective, 3D Viewing, Visible-Surface Detection Algorithms: Back face removal, Z-Buffer, A-Buffer, Area-subdivision, Depth-Sorting(painter's), BSP-Tree, Octree, 3D Clipping

#### UNIT - IV

Graphics Programming Color Models - RGB, YIQ, CMY, HSV - Animations - General Computer Animation, Raster, Keyframe

Graphics programming using OPENGL - Basic graphics primitives -Drawing three dimensional objects - Drawing three dimensional scenes

Rendering Introduction to Shading models - Flat and Smooth shading - Adding texture to faces -Adding shadows of objects – Building a camera in a program – Creating shaded objects– Rendering texture - Drawing Shadows

#### UNIT - V

#### 12 Hours

Fractals Fractals and Self similarity - Peano curves - Creating image by iterated functions -Mandelbrot sets - Julia Sets - Random Fractals.

Overview of Ray Tracing Intersecting rays with other primitives - Adding Surface texture -Reflections and Transparency – Boolean operations on Objects.

# 12 Hours

#### 14 HOURS

# **10 HOURS**

# **12 HOURS**

**TEXT BOOKS:** 

- 1. Donald Hearn, Pauline Baker, Computer Graphics C Version, second edition Pearson Education, 2004.
- 2. F.S. Hill, Computer Graphics using OPENGL, Second edition, Pearson Education, 2003.

**REFERENCE BOOKS:** 

1. James D. Foley, Andries Van Dam, Steven K. Feiner, John F. Hughes, Computer Graphics-Principles and practice, Second Edition in C, Pearson Education, 2007.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course student will be able to:

CO'S	STATEMENT
CO1	Understand Applications, Video devices and analyze 2D Objects by learning output
CO2	Analyze various 2D Object representation models by learning various visualization techniques
CO3	Analyze various 3D Object representation models by learning various visualization techniques
CO4	<b>Develop</b> programs in OPENGL by using apt functions for efficacy in Computer Graphics 2D/3D and Animation <b>Perform Rendering</b> of 2D/3D Objects by <b>learning</b> about shading, texture mapping techniques and drawing shadows
CO5	<b>Design</b> complicated Real World Scenes by <b>learning</b> Iterated Function Systems for implementing Fractals <b>Apply</b> 3D Solid Geometric Techniques for representing 3D objects

# Micro Syllabus of Computer Graphics

**UNIT I : Applications of Computer Graphics, 2D Primitives:-Output Primitives,** Line Drawing Algorithms ,Circle and Ellipse Generation, Polygon Generation, Attributes of Output Primitives.

Unit	Module	Micro Content
		Engineering, Art, Science, Presentation
	Applications of	Visualization, Education, Entertainment
	Computer Graphics,	CRT, DVST, LED, LCD
	Display Devices	Raster Scan
		Random Scan, Color Display's
		Points, Frame Buffer Loading, Line drawing
UNITI		Algorithms, DDA
	2D Output-Primitives	Bresenham's Examples
		Parallel Line Drawing, Circle & ellipse Generation
		Polygon Filled Algorithms ,scan line, boundary fill,flood fill
		Attributes of output primitives
	Circle & Ellinge	Circle & ellipse Generation Algorithm
	Generation Generation	Example of mid-point circle generation
		Example of ellipse algorithm

**UNIT – II: 2D Transformations ,2D Viewing & Clipping :** Basic Transformations, Other Transformations , Composite transformations, Viewing Pipeline, Clipping.

Unit	Module	Micro Content
	Transformations	Basic:Translation,Rotation,Scaling,Other:Reflection,Sh
UNIT II		ear
	composite	Additive, commutative
	transformations	Coordinate transformation
	Viewing pipeline	Coordinate reference frame
		Window to view port transformation
		Multiple Windowing
	Clipping	Point, line, polygon, text

# UNIT – III : 3D Concepts: 3D Object Representation, 3D Transformations, Projections, 3D Viewing, Visible Surface Detection Algorithms

Unit	Module	Micro Content				
	3D Object	Boundary, Spatial				
	Representation	Polygons, curves quadric surfaces				
		Basic:Translation,Rotation,Scaling Other: Reflection,				
		Shear				
	3D Transformations	Rotations: coordinate axis, Arbitrary-axis				
UNIT III		Additive & commutative proveings on composite				
	Projections	Parallel, perspective				
		View volumes				
	2D Winning	Projection planes				
	5D viewing	Projection coordinate transformations				
	3D Clipping & visible	Clipping against view volume boundaries, applying				
	surface detection	visible surface detection				
	algorithms	Operations on B <sup>+</sup> Tree: Insertion, Deletion, Search				

**UNIT - IV : Color Models:** RGB,HSV,CMY,YIQ,Animation&Open GL Primitives, 3D Scenes ,Shading models.

Unit	Module	Micro Content
		RGB ,CMY
	Color Models	
		HSV, YIQ
	Animation, Open GL primitives	Key frame animation
UNIT IV		Basic primitives : Begin, end, polygon, vertex etc
		3D Scene representation
		Flat
	Shading Models	Smooth, surface renderings

	01 1	Shadow buffer
	Shadows	Textures
UNIT V : Fractals : Self similar		ity objects, random fractals, Mandelbrot set, Julia set,
snowflake		
Ray Traci	ng: Forward ray tracing, b	backward ray tracing, boolean operations
Unit	Module	Micro Content
		Introduction, applications, random fracrals
	Fractals	Snowflakes
UNIT V		Mandelbrot set
		Julia sets
		Created an image by using Iterated Functions
	Introduction, forward, backward	
	_	Boolean Operations on CSG objects

# CO-PO-PSO MAPPING MATRIX:

	PO 1	P O 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1 2	PS O1	P S O 2
CO- 1	1		2	2								1	1	1
CO- 2				3									2	
CO- 3			3	3									3	
CO- 4	1	1	3										2	
CO- 5	1	3	3										3	

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III- Year I- Semester Name of the Course		L	Т	Р	С
<b>PE3101</b>	E-Commerce	3	0	0	3
	Professional Elective IID	5 0			

### **Course Objectives:**

This course provides

- An introduction to information systems for business and management.
- It is designed to familiarize students with organizational and managerial foundations of systems.
- Technical foundation for understanding information systems.

### **Course Outcomes:**

- Demonstrate an understanding of the foundations and importance of Ecommerce
- Analyze the impact of E-commerce on business models and strategyDiscuss legal issues and privacy in E-Commerce
- Describe Internet trading relationships including Business to Consumer, Business-to-Business, Intra-organizational.
- Describe the infrastructure for E-commerce and describe the key features of Internet, Intranets and Extranets and explain how they relate each other.
- Assess electronic payment systems and Recognize and discuss global Ecommerce issues

**UNIT-I:** Electronic Commerce, Frame work, anatomy of E-Commerce applications, E-Commerce Consumer applications, E-Commerce organization applications. Consumer Oriented Electronic commerce, Mercantile Process models.

**UNIT-II:** Electronic payment systems-Digital Token Based, SmartCards, CreditCards, Risks in Electronic Payment systems.

**UNIT-III:** Inter Organizational Commerce-EDI, EDI Implementation, Value added networks. Intra Organizational Commerce-work Flow, Automation Customization and internal Commerce, Supply chain Management.

**UNIT-IV:** Corporate Digital Library - Document Library, digital Document types, corporate Data Warehouses. Advertising and Marketing, Information based marketing, Advertising on Internet, on-line marketing process, market research.

**UNIT-V:** Consumer Search and Resource Discovery, Information search and Retrieval, Commerce Catalogues, Information Filtering. Multimedia –key multimedia concepts, Digital Video and electronic Commerce, Desktop video processing's, Desktop video conferencing.

#### **Text Book:**

1. Frontiers of ElectronicCommerce, Kalakata, Whinston, PEA,2006.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. E-Commerce Fundamentals and Applications, Hendry Chan, Raymond Lee, Dillon, Chang, John Wiley.
- 2. E-Commerce, A Managerial Perspective, Turban E, LeeJ, King, ChungH.M., PEA, 2001.
- 3. E-Commerce An Indian Perspective, 3/e, P.T. Joseph, PHI, 2009.
- 4. E-Commerce, S.Jaiswal, Galgotia.
- 5. Electronic Commerce, Gary P.Schneider, Thomson.

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III- Year I- Semester	Name of the Course		Т	Р	C
OE3101	<b>Front-End Development</b> (Open Elective I/Job Oriented Course I)	3	0	0	3
Prerequisites: Web Technologies					

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To learn Client-side application development using HTML and CSS
- 2. To understand Java script ES6 features
- 3. To focus on contemporary front-end technologies like React
- 4. To understand data access through NodeJS

**Course Outcomes:** by the end of the course the student will be able to

- Summarize Client-side design of the web.
- Explore different ES6 features in Java script.
- Implement components and props through React.
- Comprehend React Hooks
- Use NodeJs for data availability

**Unit-1:** Introduction to HTML 5, syntax, attributes, events, SVG, Web storage, Introduction to Canvas, Audio & Video, Geolocations, Drag & Drop, Web workers, working with Fonts, working with other graphics.

**Style sheets:** Introduction CSS, Applying CSS to HTML, Selectors, Properties and Values, CSS Colors and Backgrounds, CSS Box Model, CSS Margins, Padding, and Borders, CSS Text and Font Properties

**Unit-2:** Introduction to ES6 features, Arrow functions, default parameters, destructuring elements, Higher order functions, defining classes, accessing data members, constructors, inheritance, super.

**Unit-3: ReactJS:** Introduction, creating a simple react project, Templating using JSX, Components, Rendering, State and Props, Types of Components – Component Lifecycle, Forms and User Input, Event Handling, Communicate Between Components.

**Unit-4:** React **JS:** React Routing, Introduction to Hooks, State management, Types of Hooks -useState, useEffect, useContext. CORS policies, Usage of Web API calls- fetch and axios, Error Handling.

**Unit-5: Node** JS: Overview, Node js - Basics and Setup, Node js Console, Node js Command Utilties, Node js Modules, Node js Concepts, Node js Events, Node js with Express js. Introduction to MongoDB, creating databases, Operations – insert, update, delete and Querying.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. HTML5, Black book, Dreamtech Publications
- 2. Beginning React, Greg Lim
- 3. Learning AngularJS: A Guide to AngularJS Development, O' Reilly Publication

#### **References:**

- 1. React Cook Book, Carlos Santana Roldan
- Learning React, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, O' Reilly publications. 2.
- 3. React in Action by Mark Tielens Thomas

#### Web Resources:

https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/JavaScript https://reactjs.org/docs/getting-started.html https://nodejs.org/en/docs/

#### Micro Syllabus of Full Stack Development

Unit-1: Introduction to HTML 5, syntax, attributes, events, SVG, Web storage, Introduction Audio & Video, Geolocations, Drag & Drop, Web workers, working with Fonts, working lanvas, h other graphics.

Style sheets: Introduction CSS, Applying CSS to HTML, Selectors, Properties and Values, Colors and Backgrounds, CSS Box Model, CSS Margins, Padding, and Borders, CSS Text and t Properties.

Unit No.	Торіс	Sub Topic			
		Syntax, attributes, events			
		SVG, Web storage			
	Introduction to HTML 5	Introduction to Canvas, Audio & Video,			
	Introduction to TTIME 5	Geolocations			
		Drag & Drop, Web workers			
		Working with Fonts, working with other graphics.			
Ι		Introduction CSS			
		Applying CSS to HTML			
		Selectors, Properties and Values			
	Style Sheets	CSS Colors and Backgrounds			
		CSS Box Model, CSS Margins			
		Padding, and Borders			
		CSS Text and Font Properties			
	Introduction	Primitive Types, operators, Type conversions,			
		control flow – conditions & loops			
		Let and const, Arrow functions, destructuring			
II	ES6 features	elements, multi-line strings, default parameters,			
	II shar andar for at and	promise.			
	Higher order functions	Map(), Inter(), reduce()			
	OOPs	Classes & objects, properties, constructors, this, inheritance super			
		inneritance, super.			
Unit-3: React IS: Introduction Component - types of Components Component					
vcle Rendering State and Props Forms and User Input Event Handling Communicate Retween					

nponents.

Unit No.	Торіс	Sub Topic
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		Introduction, Need of React, Advantages of React JS
	Introduction	Creating a simple react application
		Directory structure, Package.json structures
		Templating using JSX
ш	Components	Class & functional components
		Component Life cycle – methods.
	Use Input & Event Handling	Text events, button events, mouse events, drop down
	Communication	From parent to child & child to parent – rendering props, context & call backs

ct JS: React Routing, Introduction to Hooks, State management, Types of Hooks -useState, Effect, useContext. CORS policies, Usage of Web API calls- fetch and axios, Error Handling.

Unit No.	Торіс	Sub Topic			
	React Routing	Need of Routing			
		Brower Router, Routes, Route			
		Nested Routing			
	Introduction to Hooks	Need of hooks, State management			
187		Types of Hooks			
1 V		Implementation of useState, useEffect & useContext			
	CORs policies & Usage of Web API calls	Need of Web API calls			
		Fetch			
		axios			
		Error handling			

**Unit-5: Node JS:** Overview, Node js – Basics and Setup, Node js Console, Node js Command ties, Node js Modules, Node js Concepts, Node js Events, Node js with Express js. oduction to MongoDB, creating databases, Operations – insert, update, delete and Querying.

Unit No.	Торіс	Sub Topic				
V	Overview	Introduction, Node js – Basics and Setup, Differences between NPM and NPX				
		Installation of Node JS				
		Architecture of Node JS				
	Modules & Events	Node js Modules – HTTP module, URL module				
		Installing Express, Request & response, Basic Routing, Get and post.				
		Introduction, advantages of MongoDB				
	Introduction to MongoDB	Creating a database, create and drop collections				
	Operations	Implementation of insert, delete, update, querying documents.				

III- Year I- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
PC3101L	Unix and Network Programming Lab	0	0	3	1.5
Prerequisites: Computer Networks, Basics of Operating Systems					

#### **Course objectives**:

The main objectives are

- 1. To familiarize students with the Unix environment.
- 2. To learn the fundamentals of shell scripting/programming
- 3. To gain understanding of inter process communication and implementation of different forms of IPC in client-server environment.
- 4. To understand the core network programming by using sockets and transport layer protocols like TCP and UDP

#### **List of Programs**

- 1. General purpose utilities: date, tput, cal, who, who am i, ps, ls, man, bc, passwd, uname,
- 2. File Operations : pwd, cd, mkdir, rmdir, ls, cat, cp, rm, mv, more, file, cmp, comm., diff, wc
- 3. File Permissions: chmod, chown, chgrp,
- 4. Base conversion : obase, ibase
- 5. Filters : pr, head, tail, cut, paste, sort, tr, uniq, grep, sed
- 6. Shell Programs.: Fibonacci Series., Designing Calculator
- 7. Design TCP iterative Client and server application to reverse the given input
- 8. Design UDP Client and server application to reverse the given input
- 9. Design TCP client and server application to transfer a file.
- 10. Design UDP Client server application to transfer a file
- 11. Design a TCP concurrent server to convert a given text into upper case

#### **TextBooks:**

- 1) The Unix programming Environment by Brain W. Kernighan & Rob Pike, Pearson.
- 2) Introduction to Unix Shell Programming by M.G.Venkateshmurthy, Pearson.
- 3) UNIX Network Programming, Vol. I, Sockets API, 2nd Edition. W.Richard Stevens, Pearson Edn. Asia

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

CO1	Use Unix utilities and perform basic shell control of the utilities		
CO2	Use the Unix file system and file access control.		
CO3	Write shell scripts to automate various tasks		
CO4	Describe and analyse the various Internet Transport layer protocols used in TCP/IP and		
	UDP.		
CO5	Write various real-life client-server applications using socket programming		

III- Year I- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
PC3102L	Front-End Development Lab	0	0	3	1.5
Prerequisites: Web Technologies					

#### **Course Objectives**

At the end of the course the students will understand

- $\checkmark$  Higher order functions
- ✓ Class Components.
- ✓ Functional Components.
- ✓ Different types of Hooks.
- ✓ React application with data base connectivity.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course the students will be able to

- 1. Use Higher Order functions like filter(), reduce(), map().
- 2. Develop a react application using class components.
- 3. Develop a react application using functional components.
- 4. Develop a complete react application with data base connectivity.

#### List of experiments:

1. Try to recreate the following patterns using HTML and CSS only.



- 2. Implement Drag n Drop feature in HTML 5
- 3. Demonstrate Event bubbling with necessary examples.
- 4. Design a Calculator using Java script and relevant CSS.
| ( | CE | ) | С |
|---|----|---|---|
| 1 | 2  | 3 | + |
| 4 | 5  | 6 | - |
| 7 | 8  | 9 | х |
|   | 0  | = | ÷ |

- 5. Demonstrate Higher order functions with necessary examples filter(), reduce() and map()
- 6. Create a Class Component for Counter in React JS
- 7. Create a Class component for Changing the color of the text given in React JS
- 8. Class a Class Component for viewing an array of objects in a tabular form.
- 9. Display a digital clock in React JS.
- 10. Demonstrate useState Hook with the help sample text.
- 11. Demonstrate useContext Hook with necessary example.
- 12. Demonstrate useEffect Hook with necessary example.
- 13. Demonstrate consuming web API using fetch & axios (AXIOS API). Demonstrate with the help of fake URL.
- 14. Design a BMI calculator using React JS based on the description given below:

BMI is a measurement of a person's leanness or corpulence based on their height and weight, and is intended to quantify tissue mass. It is widely used as a general indicator of whether a person has a healthy body weight for their height.

Formula:

weight (kg) / [height (m)]2 (or) [weight (kg) / height (cm) / height (cm)] x 10,000

BMI table for adults: This is the World Health Organization's (WHO) recommended body weight based on BMI values for adults. It is used for both men and women, age 18 or older.

Category	BMI range - kg/m <sup>2</sup>
Severe Thinness	< 16
Moderate Thinness	16 - 17
Mild Thinness	17 - 18.5
Normal	18.5 - 25

Overweight	25 - 30
Obese Class I	30 - 35
Obese Class II	35 - 40
Obese Class III	> 40

- 15. Display a selected set of images in tabular format using React JS.
- 16. Implement Upload & down load options on a given file.
- 17. Create a React application to view EMI calculator. A specific view is given below:

EMI Loan	Calculator
Loan Amount: \$	16,500.00
Loan Tenure:	36 months ᅌ
Interest Rate: %	5.1250
Type:	in Arrears
Clear Answer:	Calculate
Monthly Payn	nent: \$495.45
$E = P \times r$ :	$ imes rac{(1+r)^n}{}$
Vhere,	$(1 + r)^n - $
E is the EMI	
P is the principal amou	nt
r is the monthly rate of	interest
n is the number of mon	ths

18. Design the following Hotel bill screen. User can select as many items as possible from the dropdown box and is allowed to enter in the text field provided. Each transaction must be added in the table given below along with the bill amount.

# **GREEN STAR HOTEL**

# **Customer Bill**

Date:				
Items: Biryani v No of Items:				
1.	Biryani	2	Rs. 140 Each	Rs.280
2.	Fried Rice	1	Rs. 110 Each	Rs.110
3.	Chicken Curry	2	Rs. 230 Each	Rs.460
			Total	Rs. 850
			GST @5%	Rs. 42.50
			Bill to be paid	Rs. 892.50

- 19. Demonstrate the procedure to create a schema in MongoDB.
- 20. Demonstrate CRUD operations using MongoDB.

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III- Year I- Semester	Name of the Course		Т	Р	С
SAC3101	.Net Eco Systems		0	4	2
Prerequisites: Object Oriented Programming					

#### **UNIT-I: Introduction to .NET Technology**

Introduction: Introduction to .NET Framework, Visual Studio, Features of .NET, .NET Framework Architecture.

#### **UNIT-II: Introduction to C#.NET**

Introduction to C#.NET, OOPS in C#.NET, IDE OF Forms, Assemblies, and Namespaces, Streams, Multithreading.

#### **UNIT-III: Introduction to ASP.NET and Programming 12 Hrs**

Introduction to ASP.NET and Programming, Web Form Fundamentals, Web Controls, State Management, Tracing, Session tracking, Fundamentals of ASP.net core.

#### 9 Hrs **UNIT-IV: Introduction to ADO.NET Fundamentals**

ADO.NET Fundamentals, Data Binding-Single valued, Multi valued, The Data Controls-Form View, Grid View.

#### 9 Hrs **UNIT – V: Introduction to LINQ and Entity Framework.**

LINQ and the Entity Framework, working with Services, Putting ASP.NET MVC in Context, Your First MVC Application.

## **MICRO SYLLABUS**

#### **UNIT-I: Introduction to .NET Technology**

**Introduction:** Introduction to .NET Framework, components of .net, Features of .NET, versions & phases of .net .NET Framework Architecture.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
Introduction to .NET Technology	Introduction	Introduction to .net, Overview of .net, .NET Languages, Intermediate languages, Common language runtime, visual Studio, Features of .net, the .NET class library.	2
	Components of .net	Common Language Runtime, Framework Class Library	2

### 7 Hrs

13 Hrs

Phases in .net	OLE Technology COM Technology .NET Technology	1
.net version	Different types of .net versions	1
.net framework Architecture	The basic architecture and a component stack of the .NET framework	1

## **UNIT-II: Introduction to C#.NET**

Introduction to C#.NET, OOPS in C#.NET, Web-based programming, Assemblies, and Namespaces, Streams, Multithreading.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
	Core C#	Variables, datatypes, flow control, loops, operator and casts, arrays & collections.	2
	OOPS in C#.NET	Objects, classes, constructors, methods, inheritance, overloading, overriding, static class members, strings.	2
Introduction to C#.NET	Window-based programming	Introduction to windows forms application, IDE of Forms, Working with multiple forms & window form controls, Graphics, creating dialogs, user controls & runtime controls	3
	Assemblies, and Namespaces	Differences between DLL and EXE, Types of DLLs, Structure of Assembly, types of assemblies, namespace, access modifiers IN and OUT of Assembly.	2
	Streams	Types of streams, Stream classes, Serialization, and deserialization.	2
	Multithreading	Introduction, types of scheduling, thread states, thread synchronization.	2

# **UNIT-III: Introduction to ASP.NET and Web programming**

Web Form Fundamentals, Web Controls, State Management, Tracing.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
Introduction to ASP.NET and Web Programming	Web Form Fundamentals	Understanding the anatomy of an ASP.NET application, Introducing server controls,	2

	taking a deeper Look at HTML control classes, using the page class, and using Application events.	
Web Controls	Stepping up to web controls, web control classes, List controls, Table controls, Web control events, and AutoPostBack, An interactive web page.	3
State Management	Understanding the problem of the state, using View State, Transferring information between pages, using cookies, managing session state Configuring session state, and using application state.	3
Tracing, Session tracking	Enabling Tracing, Writing Trace Information, Performing Application-Level Tracing.	2
Fundamentals of ASP.net core	Over view of Asp.net Fundamental concepts	2

# **UNIT-IV: Introduction to ADO.NET Fundamentals**

Introduction to ADO.NET Fundamentals, Data Binding, The Data Controls

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
	ADO.NET Fundamentals	Understanding databases, configuring your database, Understanding SQL basics, Understanding the data provider model, using direct data Access, using disconnected data access.	3
Introduction to ADO.net	Data Binding-Single valued, Multi valued	Introducing data binding, using single valued data binding, using repeated value data binding, working with data source controls.	3
	The Data Controls- Form View, Grid View	The grid view, formatting the grid view, selecting a grid view row, Editing with a grid view row, sorting and paging in grid view, using grid view templates The details view	3

	and form view.	

# **UNIT-V: Introduction to LINQ and Entity Framework**

Introduction to LINQ and the Entity Framework, working with Services, Putting ASP.NET MVC in Context, Your First MVC Application.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
	LINQ and the Entity Framework	Understandin LINQ, LINQ basics, using entity framework, Getting more advanced with entity framework, using the entity data source.	2
Introduction to LINQ and Entity	Working with Services	What is WCF Web Service, Application for Creating and Consuming a WCF Web Service?	3
Framework	Putting ASP.NET MVC in Context	Understanding the history of ASP.NET, Key Benefits of ASP.NET MVC.	2
	Your First MVC Application	Preparing Visual Studio, Creating a new ASP.NET MVC Project, Rendering Web Page, Creating a simple Data Entry Application.	2

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III- Year I- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	C
MC3101	Indian Constitution	3	0	0	0

#### **Course Objectives:**

- > To Enable the student to understand the importance of constitution
- > To understand the structure of executive, legislature and judiciary
- > To understand philosophy of fundamental rights and duties
- > To understand the autonomous nature of constitutional bodies like Supreme Court and high court controller and auditor general of India and election commission of India.
- > To understand the central and state relation financial and administrative.

# UNIT-I

Introduction to Indian Constitution: Constitution' meaning of the term, Indian Constitution – Sources and constitutional history, Features – Citizenship, Preamble, Fundamental Rights and Duties, Directive Principles of State Policy.

### **LEARNING OUTCOMES:**

After completion of this unit student will

- Understand the concept of Indian constitution
- Apply the knowledge on directive principle of state policy
- Analyze the History, features of Indian constitution
- Evaluate Preamble Fundamental Rights and Duties

### UNIT-II

Union Government and its Administration Structure of the Indian Union: Federalism, Centre- State relationship, President: Role, power and position, PM and Council of ministers, Cabinet and Central Secretariat, Lok Sabha, Rajya Sabha, The Supreme Court and High Court: Powers and Functions;

**LEARNING OUTCOMES: -** After completion of this unit student will

- Understand the structure of Indian government
- Differentiate between the state and central government
- Explain the role of President and Prime Minister
- Know the Structure of supreme court and High court

# UNIT-III

State Government and its Administration Governor – Role and Position – CM and Council of ministers, State Secretariat: Organisation, Structure and Functions

**LEARNING OUTCOMES: -** After completion of this unit student will

- Understand the structure of state government
- Analyze the role Governor and Chief Minister
- Explain the role of state Secretariat
- Differentiate between structure and functions of state secretariate

### UNIT-IV

Local Administration – District's Administration Head – Role and Importance, Municipalities -Mayor and role of Elected Representative – CEO of Municipal Corporation Panchayati: Functions PRI: Zila Panchayat, Elected officials and their roles, CEO Zila Panchayat: Block level Organizational Hierarchy – (Different departments), Village level – Role of Elected and Appointed officials – Importance of grass root democracy

**LEARNING OUTCOMES: -**After completion of this unit student will

- Understand the local Administration
- Compare and contrast district administration role and importance
- Analyze the role of Myer and elected representatives of Municipalities
- Evaluate Zilla panchayat block level 189rganization

## UNIT-V

Election Commission: Election Commission- Role of Chief Election Commissioner and Election Commissionerate State Election Commission: Functions of Commissions for the welfare of SC/ST/OBC and women

**LEARNING OUTCOMES:** -After completion of this unit student will

- Know the role of Election Commission apply knowledge
- Contrast and compare the role of Chief Election commissioner and Commissionerate
- Analyze role of state election commission
- Evaluate various commissions of viz SC/ST/OBC and women

## **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Durga Das Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Prentice Hall of India Pvt.Ltd.. New Delhi
- 2. Subash Kashyap, Indian Constitution, National Book Trust
- 3. J.A. Siwach, Dynamics of Indian Government & Politics
- 4. D.C. Gupta, Indian Government and Politics
- 5. H.M.Sreevai, Constitutional Law of India, 4<sup>th</sup> edition in 3 volumes (Universal Law Publication)
- 6. J.C. Johari, Indian Government and Politics Hans
- 7. J. Raj Indian Government and Politics
- 8. M.V. Pylee, Indian Constitution Durga Das Basu, Human Rights in Constitutional Law, Prentice Hall of India Pvt.Ltd.. New Delhi
- 9. Noorani, A.G., (South Asia Human Rights Documentation Centre), Challenges to Civil Right), Challenges to Civil Rights Guarantees in India, Oxford University Press 2012

# **E-RESOURCES**:

- 1. nptel.ac.in/courses/109104074/8
- 2. nptel.ac.in/courses/109104045/
- 3. nptel.ac.in/courses/101104065/
- 4. www.hss.iitb.ac.in/en/lecture-details
- 5. www.iitb.ac.in/en/event/2nd-lecture-institute-lecture-series-indian-constitution

**Course Outcomes**: At the end of the semester/course, the student will be able to have a clear knowledge on the following:

- Understand historical background of the constitution making and its importance for building a democratic India.
- Understand the functioning of three wings of the government ie., executive, legislative and judiciary.

- Understand the value of the fundamental rights and duties for becoming good citizen of India.
- > Analyze the decentralization of power between central, state and local self-government.
- Apply the knowledge in strengthening of the constitutional institutions like CAG, Election Commission and UPSC for sustaining democracy.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

CO-1	Know the sources, features and principles of Indian Constitution.
CO-2	Learn about Union Government, State government and its administration.
CO-3	Get acquainted with Local administration and Pachayati Raj.
<b>CO-4</b>	Be aware of basic concepts and developments of Human Rights.
CO-5	Gain knowledge on roles and functioning of Election Commission

#### **CO-PO Matrix:**

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	-	3			3		2	3	-	3	2
CO2	2	-	2			2		2	2	-	3	2
CO3	3	-	3			2		2	2	-	3	3
CO4	2	-	3			2		2	2	-	3	3
CO5	3	-	1			3		3	3	-	3	2

\*\*\*\*

III-Year II- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
HS3101	Engineering Economics and Management	3	0	0	3

#### Course objectives: The student should be able to

**CO 1:** To understand the concept and nature of Economics and Demand and to familiarize about the Production function, Input Output relationship, Cost-Output relationship and Break Even Analysis.

CO 2: To understand the nature of markets and the concepts of Money and RBI functions.

**CO 3:** To familiarize with the process of management, principles, and to provide conceptual knowledge on functional management that is on Human resource management and Marketing management.

**CO 4:** To learn different Accounting Systems, preparation of Financial Statement and to familiarize with the tools of project Management.

**CO 5:** To understand the concept of Capital, Capital Budgeting and the techniques used to evaluate Capital Budgeting proposals.

#### UNIT -I Introduction to Economics and Theory of Production

Introduction to Economics; Definitions, Nature, Scope, Difference between Microeconomics & Macroeconomics –Concept of Demand, Types of Demand, Determinants of Demand-Law of Demand -Elasticity of Demand, Types of Elasticity of Demand. Theory of production; production function, Law of variable proportions & law of returns to scale, Cost; meaning, short run & long run cost, fixed cost, variable cost, total cost, average cost, marginal cost, opportunity cost. Break even analysis; meaning, explanation, simple problems.

#### **UNIT -II Introduction to Markets and Money**

Markets: meaning, types of markets & their characteristics (Perfect Competition, Monopoly, Monopolistic Completion, Oligopoly). National Income, GNP, GDP, NNP, NDP, Personal income and GST (Goods & Service Tax).

Money: meaning, functions, types, Monetary policy- meaning, objectives, tools, fiscal policymeaning, objectives, tools, Banking; meaning, types, functions, Central Bank- RBI; its functions, concepts; CRR, bank rate, repo rate, reverse repo rate, SLR.

#### **UNIT -III Introduction to Management**

Concept –nature and importance of Management Functions of Management, Principles of Management.

Human Resource Management: Meaning and difference between Personnel Management and Human Resource Management, Functions of Human Resource Management.

#### 12 Hrs

13 Hrs

#### 12 Hrs

Marketing Management: Functions of Marketing - Marketing strategies based on product Life Cycle, Channels of distributions.

#### **UNIT -IV Introduction to Accounting & Project Management** 15 Hrs

Introduction to Double Entry System, Journal, Ledger, Trail Balance and Preparation of Final Accounts with adjustments – Preparation of Financial Statements.

Project Management: (PERT/CPM): Development of Network - Difference between PERT and CPM Identifying Critical Path (Simple Problems).

### **UNIT -V Capital and Capital Budgeting**

Capital Budgeting: Meaning of Capital-Capitalization-Meaning of Capital Budgeting-Time value of money- Methods of appraising Project profitability: Traditional Methods (payback period, accounting rate of return) and modern methods (Discounted cash flow method, Net Present Value method, Internal Rate of Return Method and Profitability Index).

#### **Content Beyond the syllabus:**

Introduction to Managerial Economics and demand Analysis: Managerial Economics, Nature &

Scope, Demand fore casting Concept of supply.

**Theory of Production and Cost Analysis:** Production Process, Types of production, ISO- Quants, ISO Costs.

Introduction to Markets: Price Output determination, Pricing Methods.

Introduction to Management: Evolution of Management thought, theories of Motivation, Leadership styles.

**Project Management:** Brief about Project crashing

	Course Outcomes					
Upon s	uccessful completion of the course, the student will be able to					
CO1	Estimate the Demand and demand elasticity's for a product and Input-Output-Cost relationships.					
CO2	Understand the nature of different markets and also to have the knowledge of Money & Banking.					
CO3	Acquire the knowledge on management, HRM and Marketing.					
CO4	Acquire the knowledge to prepare Financial Statements and the techniques of project					
	management.					
CO5	Evaluate various investment project proposals with the help of capital budgeting techniques for					
	decision making.					

**12 Hrs** 

#### **Learning Resources**

#### Text books:

- 1. Dr. A. R. Aryasri Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, TMH 2018, 2e.
- Dr. N. Appa Rao, Dr. P. Vijay Kumar: 'Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis', Cengage Publications, New Delhi – 2012.
- 3. Management Science, Aryasri, Tata McGraw Hill, 2014.
- Dr. P. Vijaya Kumar & Dr. N. Appa Rao, 'Introduction to *Management Science*' Cengage, Delhi, 2012.
- 5. Engineering Economy and Management 1 Edition Pravin Kumar Wiley Publication.
- Engineering Economics & Management- Dr. Vilas Kulkarni & HardikBavishi Vikas Publishing.

### **Reference books:**

- 1. R. L Varshney, K.L. Maheshwari : Managerial Economics, Sultan Chand&Sons 2014,22e.
- 2. Suma Damodaran : Managerial Economics, Oxford 2010,2e.
- 3. Ambrish Gupta: 'Financial Accounting for Management', Pearson 2015,5e.
- 4. Dr. S.N. Maheswari: Financial Accounting, Vikas Publications 2018.
- 5. S. A. Siddiqui & A. S. Siddiqui: Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, New Age International Publishers, 2017.
- Principles of Marketing: A South Asian Perspective, Kotler Philip, Gary Armstrong, Prafulla Y. Agnihotri, and Eshan ul Haque, 17th Edition, Pearson Education/ Prentice Hall of India, 2018.
- 7. Human Resource Management: Gary Dessler, 14<sup>th</sup> Edition, pearson 2015.
- Project Planning and Control with PERT and CPM: Dr. B. C. Punmia, K. K Khandelwal, Laxmi Publication, 2017, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition.

# e- Resources & other digital material

- 1. www.managementstudyguide.com
- 2. <u>www.tutorialspoint.com</u>
- 3. <u>www.lecturenotes.in</u>

### **Micro-Syllabus**

<b>UNIT – I Introduction to Economics and Theory of Production</b>	13 Hrs
Introduction to Economics; Definitions, Nature, Scope, Difference between Microecon	nomics &
Macroeconomics - Concept of Demand, Types of Demand, Determinants of Deman	d-Law of
Demand -Elasticity of Demand, Types of Elasticity of Demand.	
Theory of production; production function, Law of variable proportions & law of a	returns to

scale, Cost; meaning, short run & long run cost, fixed cost, variable cost, total cost, average cost,						
marginal cos	st, opportunity cost. Break even analysis;	meaning, explanation, simple problems.				
Unit	Module	Micro Content				
		Economics, Definitions of Economics				
		Micro economics, Macro economics				
		Scope of Micro & Macro Economics				
	Concept of Economics	Difference Between Micro & Macro				
		Economics				
		Meaning & Definitions of Managerial				
		Economics				
	Basic Economic tools of Managerial	Opportunity cost Principle				
	economics					
	Concept of Demand	What is Demand, Demand Analysis &				
	Concept of Demand	Objectives				
	Types of Demand	Demand distinctions, Demand function				
Unit I	Types of Demand	Factors determining demand				
	Domand Schodula	Individual demand schedule, Market				
	Demand Schedule	demand schedule				
	Demand Curve	Individual demand curve, Market demand				
	Demand Curve	curve				
		Assumption of law of demand, Change in				
	Law of Demand	demand, Exceptions of law of demand,				
	Law of Demand	why does demand curve slope				
		downwards.				
		Meaning of elasticity of demand, types of				
	Elasticity of Demand Types of	Price and income elasticity of demand,				
	Elasticity of Demand & Measurement	factors effecting elasticity of demand,				
		measurements of elasticity of demand,				
		significance of elasticity of demand				
	Theory of Production	Production function, Production process,				
		importance of production, assumptions				
	Laws of Returns to scale	Schedule and graph				
	Cost Analysis	Types of costs, cost & output relationship				
	<b>----------</b>	in short run and long run				
		Uses, limitations of Break even analysis,				
	Break even Analysis	Key terminology in Break analysis,				
		Simple problems on BEP, graphical				
		representation of Break even analysis.				
I UNII - II I	ntroduction to Markets and Money:	12 Hrs				

Markets: meaning, types of markets & their characteristics (Perfect Competition, Monopoly, Monopolistic Completion, Oligopoly).National Income, GNP, GDP, NNP, NDP, Personal income and GST (Goods & Service Tax).

Money: meaning, functions, types, Monetary policy- meaning, objectives, tools, fiscal policymeaning, objectives, tools, Banking; meaning, types, functions, Central Bank- RBI; its functions, concepts; CRR, bank rate, repo rate, reverse repo rate, SLR.

,		,	
	Market Structure	es	Meaning, definitions, types of market
Unit II	Perfect Competiti	on	Features
	Monopoly		Features

	Monopolistic competition	Features
	Oligopoly	features
	Macro Economics	National income, ,GNP, GDP, NNP, NDP, Personal Income and GST
		Functions, types
	Money	Monetary Policy
		Fiscal Policy
	Banking	Types, Functions
-	RBI	Concept and functions
	Bank Rates	CRR, bank rate, repo rate, reverse repo rate, SLR

#### **UNIT – III Introduction to Management:**

12 Hrs

Concept –nature and importance of Management Functions of Management, Principles of Management.

Human Resource Management: Meaning and difference between Personnel Management and Human Resource Management, Functions of Human Resource Management. Marketing Management: Functions of Marketing - Marketing strategies based on product Life

Cycle, Chan	nels of distributions.	
	Management	Concepts, functions, Principles
		Concepts of HRM, Personnel
	HDM	Management
	пкм	Diff B/w HRM & PM
		Function of HRM
Unit III	Marketing Management	Concepts of Marketing
		Functions of Marketing
		Product Life Cycle
		Marketing strategies based on product
		Life Cycle
		Channels of distributions.

UNIT – IV Introduction to Accounting & Project Management15 HrsIntroduction to Double Entry System, Journal, Ledger, Trail Balance and Preparation of FinalAccounts with adjustments – Preparation of Financial Statements.

Project Management: (PERT/CPM): Development of Network – Difference between PERT and CPM Identifying Critical Path (Simple Problems).

	Financial Accounting	Meaning, definitions, objectives & significance, users of accounting, accounting cycle, GAAP.		
Unit IV	Book Keeping	Single and double entry book keeping, types of Accounting		
	Journal	Features, Pro-forma, Advantages & Limitations, preparation of journal entries, simple problems		
	ledger	Features, Pro-forma, Advantages & Limitations, preparation of ledger, simple		

		problems.				
		Features, Pro-forma, Advantages &				
	Trial Balance	Limitations, preparation of Trial balance,				
		simple problems.				
		Trading account- Pro-forma, Simple				
	Final accounts	problems				
		Profit & Loss account- Pro-forma, Simple				
		problems				
		Preparation of balance sheet with simple				
		adjustments				
		Net work Analysis –Simple Problems				
	Project Management	PERT – Simple Problems				
		CPM – Simple Problems				
		Diff B/w PERT & CPM				

# **UNIT - V Capital and Capital Budgeting**

12 Hrs

Capital Budgeting: Meaning of Capital-Capitalization-Meaning of Capital Budgeting-Time value of money- Methods of appraising Project profitability: Traditional Methods (payback period, accounting rate of return) and modern methods (Discounted cash flow method, Net Present Value method, Internal Rate of Return Method and Profitability Index).

	Conital	What is capital, need of capital types of capital					
	Capitai	Types of fixed capital, types of working capital					
		Meaning, Nature & scope of capital budgeting					
	Capital Budgeting	Capital budgeting procedure, capital					
		budgeting decisions, method of capital					
Unit V	Deckeels genied	Meaning, formula, advantages &					
	Раубаск репоц	disadvantages, simple problems					
	Accounting rate of return(ARR)	Meaning, formula, advantages &					
		disadvantages, simple problems					
	Net present value (NPV)	Meaning, formula, advantages &					
	Net present value (NT V)	disadvantages, simple problems					
	Drofitability index (DI)	Meaning, formula, advantages &					
	FIOILIZOTILY INDEX (FI)	disadvantages, simple problems					
	Internal rate of raturn (IPP)	Meaning, formula, advantages &					
	internal fate of fetulii (IKK)	disadvantages, simple problems					

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

CO1	1. The Learner is equipped with the knowledge of estimating the Demand and demand
	elasticity's for a product and Input-Output-Cost relationships.
CO2	2. The Learner is also ready to understand the nature of different markets and also to

	have the knowledge of Money & Banking.
CO3	3. The Learner will acquire the knowledge on management, HRM and Marketing.
CO4	4. The Learner will acquire the knowledge to prepare Financial Statements and the
	techniques of project management.
CO5	5. The Learner can able to evaluate various investment project proposals with the help of
	capital budgeting techniques for decision making.

# Text books:

1.	Engineering Economy and Management 1 Edition Pravin Kumar – Wiley
	Publication.
2.	Engineering Economics & Management- Dr. Vilas Kulkarni & HardikBavishi - Vikas
	Publishing.
3.	Aryasri: Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, 2/e, TMH, 2005. 2.
	Varshney&Maheswari: Managerial Economics, Sultan Chand, 2003.
4.	S A Siddhiqui&AS Siddhiqui , Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, New
	Age international publishers 2013.
5.	M. Kasi Reddy &Saraswathi, Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis ,PHI
	New Delhi 2012.
6.	Principles of Management by Tripathy and Reddy.
Referenc	e books:
	1. Management Fundamentals - Concepts, Application, Skill Development -
	RobersLusier - Thomson
	2. Basics of Engineering Economy, Leland Blank & Anthony Tarquin, McGraw
	Hill Publication (India) Private Limited
	3. Engineering Economics, R.Paneerselvam, PHI publication
	4. Fundamentals of Management: Essential Concepts and Applications, Pearson
	Education, Robbins S.P. and Decenzo David A.
	5. Economics: Principles of Economics, N Gregory Mankiw, Cengage Learning
	6. Modern Economic Theory, By Dr. K. K. Dewett& M. H. Navalur, S. Chand
	Publications
	7. Koontz & Weihrich: 'Essentials of management' TMH 2011
	8. Philip Kotler& Armstrong: Principles of Marketing, Pearson publications
	9. BiswajitPatnaik: Human Resource Management, PHI, 2011

 Anil Bhat&Arya Kumar: Principles of Management, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2015.

	PO											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
CO 1	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	2	-
CO 2	1	2	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	-	2	-
CO 3	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	2	-
CO 4	1	2	-	3	-	-	1	-	1	2	2	-
CO 5	1	2	-	3	-	-	1	1	1	2	2	-

# **CO-PO mapping Table with Justification**

CO/PSO	PSO 1	PSO 2
CO1	-	1
CO2	-	1
CO3	-	1
CO4	-	1
CO5	-	1

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III-Year II- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
PC3201	Design and Analysis of Algorithms	3	0	0	3
Prerequisites: Basic Math					

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To provide an introduction to formalisms to understand, analyse and denote time complexities of algorithms
- 2. To introduce the different algorithmic approaches for problem solving through numerous example problems
- 3. To provide some theoretical grounding in terms of finding the lower bounds of algorithms and the NP-completeness.

#### **UNIT-I:**

Introduction: Algorithm Definition, Algorithm Specification, Performance Analysis, Performance Measurement, Asymptotic notations.

Divide and Conquer: General Method, Binary Search, Finding the Maximum and Minimum, **Ouick Sort**.

#### **UNIT-II:**

The Greedy Method: The General Method, Knapsack Problem, Single Source Shortest Path Problem, Optimal Storage on Tapes Problem, Optimal Merge Patterns Problem.

## UNIT-III:

Dynamic Programming: The General Method, 0/1 Knapsack Problem, Single Source Shortest Path - General Weights, All Pairs-Shortest Paths Problem, Traveling Salesperson Problem, String Editing Problem.

#### **UNIT-IV:**

Backtracking: The General Method, The N-Queens Problem, Sum of Subsets Problem, Graph Colouring Problem, Hamiltonian Cycles Problem.

#### UNIT – V:

Branch and Bound: The General Method, FIFO Branch-and-Bound, LC Branch-and-Bound, 0/1 Knapsack Problem, Travelling Salesperson Problem.

NP-Hard and NP-Complete problems: Basic concepts, Cook's Theorem.

### **Textbooks:**

1. Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni, Sanguthevar Rajasekaran, "Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms", 2nd Edition, Universities Press

### **Reference Book:**

- 1. Harsh Bhasin, "Algorithms Design & Analysis", Oxford University Press.
- 2. S. Sridhar, "Design and Analysis of Algorithms", Oxford University Press.

### Web Resources:

- 1. https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/fundamentals-of-algorithms/
- 2. https://www.javatpoint.com/daa-tutorial

### **12 Hrs**

10 Hrs

9 Hrs

#### **10 Hrs**

#### 10 Hrs

- 3. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106106131</u>
- 4. <u>https://www.tutorialspoint.com/design\_and\_analysis\_of\_algorithms/index.htm</u>

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course student will be able to:

**CO1:** Infer the divide-and-conquer paradigm and its context. Recite algorithms that employ this paradigm. Apply this paradigm to design algorithms for apt problems. Derive and solve recurrences describing the performance of divide-and-conquer algorithms.

**CO2:** Infer the greedy paradigm and its context. Recite algorithms that employ this paradigm. Apply this paradigm to design algorithms for apt problems.

**CO3:** Infer the dynamic-programming paradigm and its context. Recite algorithms that employ this paradigm. Apply this paradigm to design algorithms for apt problems.

**CO4:** Infer the backtracking paradigm and its context. Recite algorithms that employ this paradigm. Apply this paradigm to design algorithms for apt problems.

**CO5:** Infer the branch and bound paradigm and its context. Recite algorithms that employ this paradigm. Apply this paradigm to design algorithms for apt problems.

	PO 1	<b>PO</b> 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	<b>PO</b> 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1 2	PSO 1	PSO 2
CO -1	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1
CO -2	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1
CO -3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1
CO -4	3	3	3	2	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1
CO -5	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1

## **CO-PO-PSO Mapping Matrix:**

### MICRO SYLLABUS

### UNIT-I:

Introduction: Algorithm Definition, Algorithm Specification, Performance Analysis, Performance Measurement, Asymptotic notations.

Divide and Conquer: General Method, Binary Search, Finding the Maximum and Minimum, Quick Sort.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
		Definition of Algorithm, Properties of algorithm	1
		Algorithm Specification – Pseudo code Conventions	1
	Algorithm Analysis	Performance Analysis – time and space complexity	1
		Performance Measurement – step count and frequency count	1
Ι		Asymptotic Notations – Big Oh, Omega, Theta	1
		General Method	1
		Binary Search – Procedure, Example, Algorithm and Computing Time Complexity	1
	Divide and conquer	Finding the Maximum and Minimum - Procedure, Example, Algorithm and Computing Time Complexity	1
		Quick Sort - Procedure, Example, Algorithm and Computing Time Complexity	1

# **UNIT-II:**

The Greedy Method: The General Method, Knapsack Problem, Optimal Storage on Tapes Problem, Single Source Shortest Path Problem, Optimal Merge Patterns Problem.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
		General Method	1
		Knapsack Problem - Description, Example, Algorithm.	2
п	The Greedy Method	Single Source Shortest Path Problem - Description, Example, Algorithm.	2
		Optimal Storage on Tapes Problem - Description, Example, Algorithm.	3
		Optimal Merge Patterns Problem - Description, Example, Algorithm.	2

### UNIT-III:

**Dynamic Programming:** The General Method, 0/1 Knapsack Problem, Traveling Salesperson Problem, All Pairs-Shortest Paths Problem, Traveling Salesperson Problem, String Editing Problem.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
		The General Method	1
ш	Dynamic Programming	0/1 Knapsack Problem - Description, Example.	2
		Single Source Shortest Path – General Weights - Description, Example.	2

All Pairs-Shortest Paths Problem - Description, Example.	2
Travelling Salesperson Problem - Description, Example.	2
String Editing Problem - Description, Example.	3

### **UNIT-IV:**

**Backtracking:** The General Method, The N-Queens Problem, Sum of Subsets Problem, Graph Colouring Problem, Hamiltonian cycles Problem.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs	
		The General Method	1	
		The N-Queens Problem - Description, State Space	C	
	Backtracking	Tree, Algorithm.	Z	
		Sum of Subsets Problem - Description, Example,	2	
IV		State Space Tree, Algorithm	Z	
		Graph Colouring Problem - Description, Example,	2	
		State Space Tree, Algorithm.	3	
		Hamiltonian Cycles Problem - Description,	2	
		Example, State Space Tree, Algorithm.	Ĺ	

#### **UNIT-V:**

**Branch and Bound:** The General Method, FIFO Branch-and-Bound, LC Branch-and-Bound, 0/1 Knapsack Problem, Traveling Salesperson Problem. NP-Hard and NP-Complete problems: Basic concepts, Cook's Theorem.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
		The General Method	1
V	Branch and bound	FIFO Branch and Bound	1
		LC Branch and Bound	2
		0/1 Knapsack Problem - Description, Example	2
		Traveling Salesperson Problem - Description, Example	2
	NP-Hard and NP	Basics Concepts	1
	Complete problems	Cook's Theorem	1

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III-Year II- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С		
PC3202	Cryptography and Network Security		0	0	3		
Prerequisites: Computer Networks, MFCS							

#### **Course Objectives:**

1.To understand and classify various security attacks, services mechanisms and classical cryptographic techniques

2. To analyse the design principles of block ciphers and their implementation.

3. To compute and analyse asymmetric key cryptographic algorithms

4. To evaluate Authentication, Hash Codes and verify the digital signatures

5.To impart the knowledge on Network security concepts.

#### **UNIT-I:** Introduction to Cryptography and Network Security **12 Hrs**

Introduction: Security attacks, services & mechanisms, Network Security Model, Symmetric Cipher Model, Mathematics of Cryptography, Substitution Ciphers, Transposition Ciphers Techniques, Steganography.

#### **UNIT-II: Symmetric Key Cryptography**

Mathematics of Symmetric Key Cryptography, Modern Block Ciphers, Modes of Block Ciphers, Design Principles of Block Ciphers, Feistel Cipher, Data Encryption Standard, Double DES, Triple DES, International Data Encryption Algorithm, CAST-128, Blowfish, Advanced Encryption Standard

#### **UNIT–III:** Asymmetric (Public) Key Cryptography

Mathematics of Asymmetric Key Cryptography: Prime Numbers, Modular Arithmetic, Fermat's and Euler's Theorem, Chinese Remainder Theorem, Primitive Roots, Discrete Logarithms, Principles of Public Key Cryptosystems, Applications, RSA, Key Management, Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange, Elliptic Curve Cryptography, El-Gammal Key Exchange.

#### **UNIT-IV: Data Integrity, Digital Signatures, Authentication Protocols 10 Hrs**

Requirements of Hash Functions and Message Authentication Codes, Hash Algorithms: MD5, SHA-160,256,512, RIPEMD, Properties of Digital Signatures, DSS, Authentication Applications: Kerberos Version4 and Version 5.

#### **UNIT – V: Network Security**

IP Security: IP Security Overview, Architecture, Authentication Header, Encapsulating Security Payload,

Web Security: Overview, Secure Socket Layer and Transport Layer Security, Secure Electronic Transaction.

Email Security: Pretty Good Privacy, S/MIME,

System Security: Intruders, Password Management, Viruses and Worms.

## 12 Hrs

10 Hrs

#### 14 Hrs

#### **Text Books:**

1. Cryptography and Network Security Principles and Practices: William Stallings, Pearson Education, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition

2. Cryptography and Network Security, Behrouz A Forouzan, Tata McGraw Hill, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition

### **Reference Book:**

1. Practical Cryptography, Bruce Schneier, Wiley, Deamtech India Pvt Ltd.

## Web Resources:

- 1. https://crypto.stanford.edu/~dabo/courses/OnlineCrypto/
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105162

# **Course Outcomes:**

By the end the of the course, the student will be able to

CO1: Classify various security attacks, services mechanisms and classical cryptographic techniques

**CO2:** Analyse the design principles of block ciphers and their implementation.

CO3: Computes and Analyse various Asymmetric Key Cryptographic techniques

**CO4**: Evaluates Authentication, Hash Codes and verify the digital signatures

**CO5:** Impart the knowledge on Network security concepts.

	P O 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1 2	PSO 1	PPO 2
CO -1	3	2	2					2			2	2	2	2
CO -2	3	2	2					2			2	2	2	2
CO -3	3	2	2					2			2	2	2	2
CO -4	-	2	2					2			2	2	2	2
CO -5	-	2	2					2			2	2	2	2

**CO-PO-PSO Mapping Matrix:** 

### MICRO SYLLABUS

# **UNIT-I: Introduction to Security**

Introduction: Security attacks, services & mechanisms, Network Security Model, Symmetric Cipher Model, Substitution Ciphers, Transposition Ciphers Techniques, Mathematics of Cryptography, Introduction to Mathematics of Symmetric Key Cryptography

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
Introduction to security	Introduction	What is security? Security Mechanisms and Services	2
	Security Attacks	Types of Attacks, Network Security Model	2
	Mathematics of Cryptography	Integer Arithmetic, Modular Arithmetic Operations, Finding GCD using Euclidian Algorithm, Extended Euclidian Algorithm, Linear Diophantine Equations	3
	Substitution Ciphers	Caeser, Brute force Cryptanalysis, Additive, Product, Affine, Playfair, Hill, Polyalphabetic ciphers: Vigenère, Vernam, OneTimePad	3
	Transposition Ciphers	Railfence, Columnar Transposition, Row Transposition, Rotor Machines	2
	Steganography	Types of Steganography	

# **UNIT-II: Symmetric Key Cryptography**

Mathematics of Symmetric Key Cryptography, Modern Block Ciphers, Modes of Block Ciphers, Design Principles of Block Ciphers, Feistel Cipher, Data Encryption Standard, Double DES, Triple DES, International Data Encryption Algorithm, CAST-128, Blowfish, Advanced Encryption Standard

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
Symmetric Key Cryptography	Mathematics of Symmetric Key Cryptography	Algebraic structures: Groups, Permutation Groups, Finite group, Order of a group, Subgroup, Cyclic Subgroup, Legranges Theorem, Order of an Element, Rings, Fields, Finite Fields, Galois Fields, Arithmetic operations on GF(2 <sup>n</sup> )	6
	Block Ciphers	Design Principles, Modes of Block Ciphers	2
	Modern Cryptographic Algorithms,	DES, Double DES, Triple DES, IDEA, CAST 128, Blowfish, AES	4

# UNIT-III: Asymmetric Key Cryptography

Mathematics of Asymmetric Key Cryptography: Prime Numbers, Modular Arithmetic, Fermat's and Euler's Theorem, Chinese Remainder Theorem, Primitive Roots, Discrete Logarithms, Principles of Public Key Cryptosystems, Applications, RSA, Key Management, Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange, Elliptic Curve Cryptography, El-Gammal Key Exchange.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
Asymmetric Key Cryptography	Mathematics of Asymmetric Key Cryptography	Number Theory, Prime Numbers, Fermats, Euler's, Chines Remainder Theorems, Primitive Roots, Discrete Logarithms	5
	Public key Cryptography	Introduction, RSA, Security of RSA, Diffie-Hellman, Elliptic Curve Cryptography, El- Gammal Encryption	5

## **UNIT-IV: Data Integrity, Digital Signatures and Authentication Protocols**

Requirements of Hash Functions and Message Authentication Codes, Hash Algorithms: MD5, SHA-160,256,512, RIPEMD, Properties of Digital Signatures, DSS, Authentication Applications: Kerberos Version4 and Version 5.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
Data Integrity,	Data Integrity	Requirements of Message Authentication Codes, Requirements of Hash Functions, Hash Algorithms: MD5, SHA	5
Authentication		160,256,512, RIPEMD	
Protocols	<b>5</b>	Introduction, Properties,	
	Digital Signatures	Types, Digital Signature	3
	Authentication	Introduction Kerberos	
	Protocols	Version 4 and 5	2

### **UNIT-V: Network Security**

IP Security: IP Security Overview, Architecture, Authentication Header, Encapsulating Security Payload,

Web Security: Overview, Secure Socket Layer and Transport Layer Security, Secure Electronic Transaction,

Email Security: Pretty Good Privacy, S/MIME,

System Security: Intruders, Password Management, Viruses and Worms.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs		
		Overview, Architecture,			
	ID Socurity	Authentication Header,	1		
	IF Security	Encapsulating Security	4		
		Payload Header			
		Overview, Secure Socket			
	Web Security	Layer, Transport Layer	4		
Network Security		Security, Secure	4		
		<b>Electronic Transaction</b>			
	Email Security	Introduction, PGP,	2		
	Eman Security	S/MIME	3		
		Intruders, Password			
	System Security	rity Management, Viruses and			
		Worms			

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III-Year II- Semester	ester Name of the Course		Т	Р	С
OE3201	Machine Learning Open Elective II/Job Oriented Course II	3	0	0	3

#### **Course Objectives:**

The student should be able to:

- 1. Recognize the importance and characteristics of machine learning.
- 2. Apply supervised machine learning techniques for data handling and to gain knowledge from it.
- 3. Apply advanced supervised machine learning and probabilistic models for classification problems.
- 4. Apply unsupervised machine learning models to real world problems.
- 5. Evaluate the performance of algorithms and to provide solution for various real-world applications using ensemble models.

#### **UNIT-I** Introduction to Machine Learning

Introduction, Components of Learning, Learning Models, Geometric Models, Probabilistic Models, Logic Models, Grouping and Grading, Designing a Learning System, Types of Learning, Supervised, Unsupervised, Reinforcement, Perspectives and Issues, Version Spaces, PAC Learning, VC Dimension.

#### **UNIT-II** Supervised Learning

Learning a Class from Examples, Linear, Non-linear, Multi-class and Multi-label classification, Decision Trees: ID3, Classification and Regression Trees (CART), Regression: Linear Regression, Multiple Linear Regression, Logistic Regression.

#### UNIT-III **Advanced Supervised Learning**

Neural Networks: Introduction, Perceptron, Multilayer Perceptron, Support vector machines: Linear and Non-Linear, Kernel Functions, K-Nearest Neighbors.

#### **Probabilistic Models**

Bayesian Learning, Bayes Optimal Classifier, Naïve Bayes Classifier, Bayesian Belief Networks.

#### **UNIT-IV: Unsupervised Learning**

Introduction to clustering, K-means clustering, K-Mode Clustering, Distance based clustering, Clustering around mediods, Silhouettes, Hierarchical Clustering.

### **UNIT-V: Ensemble Learning**

Ensemble Learning Model Combination Schemes, Voting, Error-Correcting Output Codes, Bagging: RandomForest Trees, Boosting: Adaboost, Stacking.

### **Text Books:**

- 1. EthemAlpaydin,"Introduction to Machine Learning", MIT Press, Prentice Hall of India, Third Edition 2014.
- 2. MehryarMohri, AfshinRostamizadeh, AmeetTalwalkar "Foundations of Machine Learning", MIT Press, 2012

### 11 Hrs

14 Hrs

12 Hrs

#### 11 Hrs

# 12 Hrs

3. Machine Learning: The art and Science of algorithms that make sense of data, Peter Flach, Cambridge University Press, 2012

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Chris Albon : Machine Learning with Python Cookbook , O'Reilly Media, Inc.2018.
- 2. Tom Mitchell, "Machine Learning", McGraw Hill, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 1997.
- Charu C. Aggarwal, "Data Classification Algorithms and Applications", CRC Press, 2014. Stephen Marsland, "Machine Learning – An Algorithmic Perspective", 2nd Edition, CRC Press, 2015.
- 4. Kevin P. Murphy "Machine Learning: A Probabilistic Perspective", The MIT Press, 2012 Jiawei Han and MichelineKambers and Jian Pei, "Data Mining –Concepts and Techniques", 3rd Edition,Morgan Kaufman Publications, 2012.
- 5. Marc Peter Deisenroth, A. Aldo Faisal, Cheng Soon Ong, "Mathematics for Machine Learning", Cambridge University Press, 2019.

### E- Resources & Other Digital Material:

- 1. Kevin Murphy, "Machine Learning: A Probabilistic Perspective", MIT Press, 2012, https://www.cs.ubc.ca/~murphyk/MLbook/pml-intro-5nov11.pdf.
- 2. Professor S. Sarkar , IIT Kharagpur "Introduction to machine learning", https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYihddLFCgYuWNL55Wg8ALkm6u8U7gps.
- 3. Professor Carl Gustaf Jansson, KTH, Video Course on Machine Learning https://nptel.ac.in/noc/individual\_course.php?id=noc19-cs35.
- 4. Tom Mitchell, "Machine Learning", http://www.cs.cmu.edu/~tom/10701\_sp11/lectures.shtml

**Course Outcomes:** Upon successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

CO1	<b>Recognize</b> the characteristics of machine learning.
	{Understand level, KL2} {Analyze level, KL4}
CO2	Apply various supervised learning methods to appropriate problems.
	{Understand level, KL2} {Apply level, KL3}
<b>CO3</b>	Identify and integrate more than one technique to enhance the performance of learning and Create
	probabilistic models for handling unknown pattern.
	{Understand level, KL2} {Apply level, KL3} {Evaluate level, KL5}
<b>CO4</b>	Apply unsupervised learning models e.g. clustering algorithms to handle the unknown labeled data.
	{Apply level, KL3} {Analyze level, KL4}
CO5	Apply Ensemble models to any real-world problem to Analyze its performance effectively.
	{Apply level, KL3} {Analyze level, KL4} {Evaluate level, KL5}

#### **Mapping Matrix:**

СО	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2
CO 1	2	1	1	1	2								2	2
СО	3	2	2	2	3								3	3

2										
CO 3	3	2	2	2	3	 	 	 	 3	3
CO 4	3	2	2	2	3	 	 	 	 3	3
CO 5	3	2	2	2	3	 	 	 	 3	3

### MICRO SYLLABUS

#### **UNIT-I Introduction to Machine Learning**

### 14 Hrs

Introduction, Components of Learning, Learning Models, Geometric Models, Probabilistic Models, Logic Models, Grouping and Grading, Designing a Learning System, Types of Learning, Supervised, Unsupervised, Reinforcement, Perspectives and Issues, Version Spaces, PAC Learning, VC Dimension.

Introduction, Components of	Unit
Introduction to Machine LearningIntroduction to Machine LearningLearningModels, GeometricModels, Probabilistic Models, Grouping and Grading, Designing a Learning14Introduction to Machine LearningIntroduction to Machine LearningIntroduction to Models, Logic Models, Grouping and Grading, Designing a Learning, Supervised, Unsupervised, Reinforcement, Perspectives and Issues, Version Spaces, PAC Learning, VC Dimension.14	Introduction to Machine Learning

### UNIT-II Supervised Learning

12 Hrs

Learning a Class from Examples, Linear, Non-linear, Multi-class and Multi-label classification, Decision Trees: ID3, Classification and Regression Trees (CART), Regression: Linear Regression, Multiple Linear Regression, Logistic Regression.

Unit	Module	Micro Content	No. of Hrs
Supervised Learning	Supervised Learning	Learning a Class from Examples, Linear, Non-linear, Multi-class and Multi-label classification, Decision Trees: ID3, Classification and Regression Trees (CART), Regression: Linear Regression, Multiple Linear Regression, Logistic Regression.	12

# UNIT-III Advanced Supervised Learning

#### 12 Hrs

Neural Networks: Introduction, Perceptron, Multilayer Perceptron, Support vector machines: Linear and Non-Linear, Kernel Functions, K-Nearest Neighbors. **Probabilistic Models** 

Unit	Module	Micro Content	No. of Hrs
Advanced Supervised	Advanced Supervised Learning	Neural Networks: Introduction, Perceptron, Multilayer Perceptron, Support vector machines: Linear and Non-Linear, Kernel Functions, K-Nearest Neighbors.	7
Probabilistic Models	Probabilistic Models	Bayesian Learning, Bayes Optimal Classifier, Naïve Bayes Classifier, Bayesian Belief Networks	5

Bayesian Learning, Bayes Optimal Classifier, Naïve Bayes Classifier, Bayesian Belief Networks.

### **UNIT-IV: Unsupervised Learning**

#### 11 Hrs

Introduction to clustering, K-means clustering, K-Mode Clustering, Distance based clustering, Clustering around mediods, Silhouettes, Hierarchical Clustering.

Unit	Module	Micro Content	No. of Hrs
Unsupervised Learning	Unsupervised Learning	Introduction to clustering, K- means clustering, K-Mode Clustering, Distance based clustering, Clustering around mediods, Silhouettes, Hierarchical Clustering.	11

### **UNIT-V: Ensemble Learning**

#### 11 Hrs

Ensemble Learning Model Combination Schemes, Voting, Error-Correcting Output Codes, Bagging: Random Forest Trees, Boosting: Adaboost, Stacking.

Unit	Module	Micro Content	No. of Hrs
Ensemble Learning	Ensemble Learning	Ensemble Learning Model Combination Schemes, Voting, Error-Correcting Output Codes, Bagging: RandomForest Trees, Boosting: Adaboost, Stacking.	11

III-Year II- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С						
PC3201L	Design and Analysis of Algorithms Lab	0	0	3	1.5						
Prerequisites: C Programming, Data Structures											

#### **Course objectives**:

The main objectives are

- 1. To learn fundamental algorithmic problems.
- 2. To understand methods of designing and analyzing algorithms.

#### **List of Programs**

- 1. Write a program to find the maximum and minimum element from the collection of elements using divide and conquer technique.
- 2. Write a program to find the optimal profit of a Knapsack using Greedy method.
- 3. Write a program for Optimal Merge Patterns problem using Greedy Method.
- 4. Write a program for Single Source Shortest Path for General Weights using Dynamic Programming.
- 5. Write a program to find all pair shortest path from any node to any other node within a graph.
- 6. Write a program to find the non-attacking positions of Queens in the chess board using backtracking.
- 7. Find a subset of a given set  $S = \{S_1, S_2, ..., S_n\}$  of n positive integers, whose sum is equal to a given positive integer d. For example, if  $S = \{1, 2, 5, 6, 8\}$  and d = 9, there are two solutions  $\{1, 2, 6\}$  and  $\{1, 8\}$ . A suitable message is to be displayed if the given problem instance doesn't have a solution.
- 8. Write a program to colour the nodes in the given graph such that no two adjacent can have the same colour using backtracking.
- 9. Design and implement to find all Hamiltonian Cycles in a connected undirected Graph G of n vertices using Backtracking principle.

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course student will be able to:

**CO1:** Identify and apply the suitable algorithm for the given problem.

**CO2:** Design and implement efficient algorithms for a specified application.

	PO -1	PO -2	PO -3	PO -4	PO -5	PO -6	PO -7	PO -8	PO -9	PO -10	PO -11	PO -12	PSO -1	PSO -2
CO -1	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	I	I	3	1
CO -2	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1

### **CO-PO mapping Matrix:**

III-Year II- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С						
PC3202L	Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning Lab	0	0	3	1.5						
Prerequisites: Python Programming											

#### **Course objectives**:

- 1. Understand various AI problem solving techniques
- 2. Understand various machine learning techniques
- 3. To work with machine learning tools

#### **List of Programs**

- 1. Write a program to solve travelling salesman problem.
- 2. Implement A\* Search algorithm.
- 3. Implement AO\* Search algorithm.
- 4. For a given set of training data examples stored in a .CSV file, implement and demonstrate the Candidate-Elimination algorithm to output a description of the set of all hypotheses consistent with the training examples.
- 5. Write a program to demonstrate the working of the decision tree-based ID3 algorithm. Use an appropriate data set for building the decision tree and apply this knowledge to classify a new sample.
- 6. Build an Artificial Neural Network by implementing the Backpropagation algorithm and test the same using appropriate data sets.
- 7. Write a program to implement the naïve Bayesian classifier for a sample training data set stored as a .CSV file. Compute the accuracy of the classifier, considering few test data sets.
- Apply EM algorithm to cluster a set of data stored in a .CSV file. Use the same data set for clustering using the k-Means algorithm. Compare the results of these two algorithms and comment on the quality of clustering. You can add Java/Python ML library classes/API in the program.
- Write a program to implement the k-Nearest Neighbour algorithm to classify the iris data set. Print both correct and wrong predictions. Java/Python ML library classes can be used for this problem.
- 10. Implement the non-parametric Locally Weighted Regression algorithm in order to fit data points. Select the appropriate data set for your experiment and draw gr

CO-1	Ap	plyir	ng the	proble	em-so	lving	techni	ques	of AI					
CO-2	Ur	derst	and a	nd im	pleme	nt the	proce	dures	for m	achine	learning	g algorit	hms	
CO-3	De	esign	Pytho	n prog	grams	for va	rious	machi	ine lea	arning	algorith	ms		
CO-4	Ap	ply a	pprop	oriate o	latase	ts to tl	he Ma	chine	Learr	ning alg	gorithms	3		
CO-5	Ar	nalyze	e the g	graphie	cal ou	tcome	s of le	earning	g algo	rithms	with sp	ecific da	atasets	
	P O 1	P O 2	P O 3	P O 4	P O 5	P O 6	P O 7	P O 8	P O 9	PO 10	PO1 1	PO1 2	PSO 1	PSO2
CO- 1	2	1										2		2
CO- 2		2	2		3									1
CO- 3		2												
CO- 4												2	1	
CO- 5	1	2			3								1	

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

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III-Year II- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
PC3202L	Cryptography Lab	0	0	3	1.5

#### **Course objectives**:

- 1. To provide deeper understanding into cryptography, its application to network security, threats/vulnerabilities to networks and countermeasures.
- 2. To explain various approaches to Encryption techniques, strengths of Traffic Confidentiality, Message Authentication Codes.
- 3. To familiarize symmetric and asymmetric cryptography

#### **List of Programs**

- 1. Breaking the Shift Cipher
- 2. Breaking the Mono-alphabetic Substitution Cipher
- 3. One-Time Pad and Perfect Secrecy
- 4. Message Authentication Codes
- 5. Cryptographic Hash Functions and Applications
- 6. Symmetric Key Encryption Standards (DES)
- 7. Symmetric Key Encryption Standards (AES)
- 8. Diffie-Hellman Key Establishment
- 9. Public-Key Cryptosystems (PKCSv1.5)
- 10. Digital Signatures

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

CO-1	Ide	Identify basic security attacks and services												
CO-2	Us	Use symmetric and asymmetric key algorithms for cryptography												
CO-3	Make use of Authentication functions													
	P 0 1	P O 2	P O 3	P O 4	P O 5	P O 6	P O 7	P O 8	P O 9	PO 10	PO1 1	PO1 2	PSO 1	PSO2
CO- 1	2	1										2		2
CO- 2		2	2		3									1
CO- 3		2												

III-Year II- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Τ	Р	С
SAC3201	Soft Skills	0	0	4	2

Soft Skills amount to talents for adaptive and optimistic behavior that alter humans to deal effectively with the stress and challenges of life. This notion is additionally termed as psychosocial proficiency. The subject varies greatly reckoning on social norms and community expectations however skills that operate for well-being and aid people to change into active and productive members of their communities' square measure thought-about as Soft Skills.

They exemplify innovativeness, significant thinking, problem-solving, decision-making, the supremacy to speak-up and team-up, in aggregation with personal and social responsibility that contribute to sensible citizenship – all essential skills for achievement within the twenty first century, each for healthy societies and for employable people.

The course of soft skills is introduced to boost the standard of learning and living by complementing scholastic records with skill-based coaching. Realizing that the dual purpose of education i.e. is to foster educational excellence among students and additionally guide them to transform themselves into responsible people and professionals.

Soft Skills are a unit, a crucial facet of having the ability to fulfill the strain of daily & professional lives in a very unendingly dynamical world. The big changes in international economies over the last 5 years have coincided with technological transformations, all of that area unit leaving an impression on education, the geographic point, and our personal lives. Students need dynamically guided soft skills and hands on exposure, like the power to face / tackle stress and frustration, to address the growing pace and alter recent life. Over the course of their careers, today's engineering aspirants can have various new professions, each one with its own set of constraints and necessities, with flexibility & adaptability in demand of learn ability.

#### **Objectives:**

By the end of the program students will be able to:

- > communicate clearly, confidently, concisely, and persuasively both written as well as orally.
- > rediscover and boost self-confidence, to the zenith, and solve issues with ease.
- recognize the results (change) of their behavior / conduct and teach them to take ownership of their acts rather than blaming others.
- > build confidence in their speaking / presentation skills and become industry-ready.
- > develop a stronger sense of consciousness and appreciation for others by analyzing prospects, and creating choices.
- > manage self-competence and self-confidence.

Preamble: Soft skills are character traits and interpersonal skills that portray a person's relationships with other people. In the workplace, soft skills are considered to be a balance to hard skills, which refer to a person's knowledge and professional skills.

#### Prerequisite: None

Course Outcomes: After completion of the course the students will be able to:

CO 1	master advanced nuances of both written and oral communication skills that are
	imperative for any professional to succeed coupled with being emphatic.
CO 2	confidently ace different competitive exams and develop writing skills.
CO 3	gain awareness of the industry expectations and craft CV / Résumé in lieu with
	desired job profiles.
CO 4	crack behavioral (HR) interview confidently and exhibit professional persona.
CO 5	make presentations effective and develop interview strategies while get rid of
	interview phobia.

- UNIT 1 Effective communication skills
  - ✓ Start with self and connect with others.
  - ✓ The art of narrating and storytelling.
  - ✓ Enhance teamwork and influence change.
- UNIT 2 Advanced verbal ability concepts practice and Professional writing skills
  - ✓ Nurture and enhance the verbal ability strength through practice.
    - ✓ Conducting mock verbal (ability) tests and their timely review.
    - ✓ List the steps of writing an email effectively & comprehend the importance of structuring an email.
    - Overview of various elements related to accuracy, brevity and correctness in our everyday writing at the workplace (Project proposals / covering letters / blogs / short essays).
- UNIT 3 Industry sneak and résumé / CV building strategies
  - ✓ Industry & aspirant career expectations and tailoring action learning plan aptly.
  - ✓ Crafting winning résumé(s) suiting to different profiles.
  - ✓ Framing responses to résumé based interview questions.
- UNIT 4 Behavioral competency building Part II and psychometric test (HR Round

Preparation)

- ✓ Listing personal characteristics and preparing blueprint to inculcate them.
- Assess the students' ability to fit into a specific work environment or with specific personality types.
- ✓ Determine basic characteristics of an individual.
- UNIT 5 Presentation skills & Mock interviews
  - Illustration of presentation structure via impromptu / free speech and essential criteria for an effective presentation
  - ✓ Importance of non-verbal communication (signposting)
  - ✓ Inciting the interview process by practicing a gamut of behavioral mock interviews.

#### UNIT 1-Tasks

- Listening & comprehension skills lessons from the corporate training videos / scenes in films.
- ✓ Role play story telling & anchoring
- ✓ Extempore students' experience with college/program.
- Listening & comprehension skills lessons from the corporate training videos / scenes in films

#### UNIT 2 -Tasks

- ✓ Story paraphrasing, peer introduction and monologue.
- ✓ Assignment on short essay and blog building/digital profile creation.

#### UNIT 3 -Tasks

- Overview & analysis of a Job Description(JD) and its reflection in resume / self introduction
- Crafting of resumes by mapping skills & competences to different profiles offered for engineering graduates.
- $\checkmark$  An act on one day in the life of an HR manager/ Project leader etc.

#### UNIT 4 -Tasks

- ✓ Case scenarios –to identify behavioral competencies and personality traits
- ✓ increase self-awareness and improve interactions with others

#### UNIT 5 -Tasks

- ✓ Pair & Group work debating / demonstration of product promotion, etc.
- ✓ Peer mock interview practice on selected profiles.

**Reference Books** 

- 1. The Ace of Soft Skills: Attitude, Communication and Etiquette for Success, PearsonEducation; 1 edition, 2013.
- 2. Barun K. Mitra, "Personality Development & Soft Skills", Oxford Publishers, Third impression,2017.
- 3. ICT Academy of Kerala, "Life Skills for Engineers", McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Ltd.,2016.
- 4. Caruso, D. R. and Salovey P, "The Emotionally Intelligent Manager: How to Develop and Usethe Four Key Emotional Skills of Leadership", John Wiley & Sons, 2004.
- 5. Kalyana, "Soft Skill for Managers"; First Edition; Wiley Publishing Ltd, 2015.
- 6. Larry James, "The First Book of Life Skills"; First Edition, Embassy Books, 2016.
- Shalini Verma, "Development of Life Skills and Professional Practice"; First Edition; Sultan Chand (G/L) & Company, 2014.
- 8. Daniel Goleman, "Emotional Intelligence"; Bantam, 2006.
- Remesh S., Vishnu R.G., "Life Skills for Engineers", Ridhima Publications, First Edition, 2016.
- Butterfield Jeff, "Soft Skills for Everyone", Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd; 1 edition, 2011.
- Training in Interpersonal Skills: Tips for Managing People at Work, Pearson Education, India; 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2015.

**Digital References** 

- 1. Infosys Springboard (<u>https://infyspringboard.uk.onwingspan.com/web/en/login</u>)
- 2. AICTE Digital Learning Portal (https://free.aicte-india.org/)
- 3. APSCHE LMS Bringing Learning to People (https://apschelms.e-pragati.in/#/)
- 4. Dale Carnegie Academy (<u>https://www.dalecarnegie.com/en</u>)
- 5. TedX Program (https://www.ted.com/about/programs-initiatives/tedx-program)
- 6. Toast Masters International (https://www.toastmasters.org/)
- 7. NPTEL (https://nptel.ac.in/)
- 8. Coursera / Udemy / Unacademy / Wikipedia (https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Main\_Page)

III-Year II- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	P	С
MC3201	Entrepreneurship Skill Development	3	0	0	3

#### **Course Objective:**

- 1. To impart the basic knowledge of entrepreneurship skills for better understanding of entrepreneurial scenario.
- 2. To understand the knowledge of theories of entrepreneurship and to motivate students to become entrepreneur.
- 3. To identify opportunities in starting own ventures.
- 4. To understand and plan business model for a start up.
- 5. To analyze the role of government and non government institutions in supporting entrepreneurial activities.

Course Outcomes: After completion of the course, students will be able to

- CO1: The basics of entrepreneurship skills for better understanding of entrepreneurial scenario are understood.
- CO2: Apply Knowledge of theories of entrepreneurship and to identify entrepreneurial opportunities for women.
- CO3: identify opportunities supporting entrepreneurship.
- CO4: analyze the milestones and related challenges in developing new venture.
- CO5: Understand government role supporting entrepreneurship.

#### Unit 1 Foundation of Entrepreneurship

Concept and Need of Entrepreneurship, Characteristics and types of Entrepreneurship, Charm of becoming Entrepreneur, Entrepreneurial decision process, Entrepreneurship as a career, Entrepreneurship as style of management, Changing role of Entrepreneur, Entrepreneurial traits, factors effecting Entrepreneur.

#### Unit 2

#### Theories of Entrepreneurship and Entrepreneurial motivation 12 Hrs

Influences of Entrepreneurship development, external Influences of Entrepreneurship development, Socio – cultural, political and economical, personal entrepreneurial success and failure, reason and remedies, women entrepreneurs, challenges and achievements of women entrepreneurs. Meaning of Entrepreneurial motivation, motivation cycle or process, theories of Entrepreneurial motivation, Entrepreneurial motivational factors, changes in Entrepreneurial motivation.

#### Unit 3 Opportunities Identification and Selection

Need for opportunities identification and selection, Environmental Dynamics and Changes, Business Opportunities in various sectors, Identification of Business opportunities, and Opportunity selection.

#### Unit 4 Business Planning Process

The business plan as an entrepreneurial tool, Elements of business planning, Objectives, Market analysis, Development of product/idea, Marketing, Finance, organization and management, Ownership, Critical risk contingencies of the proposal, Scheduling and milestones.

#### 10 hrs

#### 10 Hrs

### 10 Hrs

#### Unit 5 Entrepreneurial Development and Government

#### 10 Hrs

Role of Central Government and State Government in promoting entrepreneurship with various incentives, subsidies, grants, programmed schemes and challenges, Government initiatives and inclusive entrepreneurial growth.

#### TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Entrepreneurship Development and Small Business Enterprises, Poornima M. Charantimath, 2e, Pearson, 2014.
- 2. P.Narayana Reddy, Entreprenurship, Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 2010.
- 3. Steven Fisher, Ja-nae Duane, The startup equation A visual guide book for building your startup, Indian edition, McGraw Hill Education India Pvt. Ltd. 2016.
- 4. Arya Kumar: "Entrepreneurship", Pearson, Publishing House, New Delhi, 2012.
- 5. VSP Rao, Kuratko: "Entrepreneurship', Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 2011.
- 6. K.Ramachandran: "Entrepreneurship Development", TMH, New Delhi, 2012.
- 7. Robert Hisrich, & Michael Peters: Entrepreneurship, TMH, 2009.
- 8. Dollinger: Entrepreneurship, Pearson, 2009.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Entrepreneurship, Arya Kumar, 4 e, Pearson 2015.
- 2. Entrepreneurship, a South Asian Perspective, D.F. Kuratko and T. V. Rao, 3e, Cengage, 2012.
- 3. The Dynamics of Entrepreneurial Development and Management, Vasant Desai, Himalaya Publishing House, 2015.
- 4. AnajanRai Chaudhuri, Managing new ventures, concepts and cases, Prentice Hall International, 2010.
- 5. Rajeev Roy: Entrepreneurship, Oxford university press, New Delhi, 2010.

#### Web Resources:

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/110105067/50
- 2. <u>http://www.yourarticlelibrary.com/project-management/5-methods-of-project-appraisalexplained/40771</u>
- 3. <u>https://springhouse.in/government-schemes-every-entrepreneur/</u>
- 4. <u>http://nptel.ac.in/courses</u>
- 5. https://www.tutorialspoint.com/
- 6. https://www.ediindia.org/
- 7. http://www.quickmba.com/entre/

IV-Year I- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	C
HS4101	Universal Human Values -II Understanding Harmony	3	0	0	3

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

The objective of the course is fourfold:

1. To Development of a holistic perspective based on self-exploration about themselves (human being), family, society and nature/existence.

2.To Understanding (or developing clarity) of the harmony in the human being, family, society and nature/existence

3. To Strengthening of self-reflection.

4. To Development of commitment and courage to act.

## Unit 1: Course Introduction - Need, Basic Guidelines, Content and Process for Value Education 8Hrs

Purpose and motivation for the course, recapitulation from Universal Human Values-I

Self-Exploration–what is it? - Its content and process; 'Natural Acceptance' and Experiential Validation- as the process for self-exploration Continuous Happiness and Prosperity- A look at basic Human Aspirations 4. Right understanding, Relationship and Physical Facility- the basic requirements for fulfilment of aspirations of every human being with their correct priority Understanding Happiness and Prosperity correctly- A critical appraisal of the current scenario Method to fulfil the above human aspirations: understanding and living in harmony at various levels.

Include practice sessions to discuss natural acceptance in human being as the innate acceptance for living with responsibility (living in relationship, harmony and co-existence) rather than as arbitrariness in choice based on liking-disliking.

#### Unit 2: Understanding Harmony in the Human Being - Harmony in Myself! 8Hrs

Understanding human being as a co-existence of the sentient 'I' and the material 'Body' Understanding the needs of Self ('I') and 'Body' - happiness and physical facility

Understanding the Body as an instrument of 'I' (I being the doer, seer and enjoyer) Understanding the characteristics and activities of 'I' and harmony in 'I' Understanding the harmony of I with the Body: Sanyam and Health; correct appraisal of Physical needs, meaning of Prosperity in detail Programs to ensure Sanyam and Health. Include practice sessions to discuss the role others have played in making material goods available to me. Identifying from one's own life. Differentiate between prosperity and accumulation. Discuss program for ensuring health vs dealing with disease

## Unit 3: Understanding Harmony in the Family and Society- Harmony in Human-Human Relationship $8 \mathrm{Hrs}$

Understanding values in human-human relationship; meaning of Justice (nine universal values in relationships) and program for its fulfilment to ensure mutual happiness; Trust and Respect as the foundational values of relationship. Understanding the meaning of Trust; Difference between intention and competence. Understanding the meaning of Respect, Difference between respect and differentiation; the other salient values in relationship. Understanding the harmony in the society (society being an extension of family): Resolution, Prosperity, fearlessness (trust) and co-existence as comprehensive Human Goals. Visualizing a universal harmonious order in society- Undivided Society, Universal Order- from family to world family.

Include practice sessions to reflect on relationships in family, hostel and institute as extended family, real life examples, teacher-student relationship, goal of education etc. Gratitude as a universal value in relationships. Discuss with scenarios. Elicit examples from students' lives.

UNIT 4: UNDERSTANDING HARMONY IN THE NATURE AND EXISTENCE - WHOLE EXISTENCE AS COEXISTENCE 8HRS

Understanding the harmony in the Nature. Interconnectedness and mutual fulfilment among the four orders of nature- recyclability and self-regulation in nature. Understanding Existence as Co-existence of mutually interacting units in all- pervasive space Holistic perception of harmony at all levels of existence.

Include practice sessions to discuss human being as cause of imbalance in nature (film "Home" can be used), pollution, depletion of resources and role of technology etc.

# Unit 5: Implications of the above Holistic Understanding of Harmony on Professional Ethics 8Hrs

Natural acceptance of human values. Definitiveness of Ethical Human Conduct Basis for Humanistic Education, Humanistic Constitution and Humanistic Universal Order Competence in professional ethics: a. Ability to utilize the professional competence for augmenting universal human order b. Ability to identify the scope and characteristics of people friendly and eco-friendly production systems, c. Ability to identify and develop appropriate technologies and management patterns for above production systems. Case studies of typical holistic technologies, management models and production systems Strategy for transition from the present state to Universal Human Order: a. At the level of individual: as socially and ecologically responsible engineers, technologists and managers b. At the level of society: as mutually enriching institutions and organizations Sum up.

Include practice Exercises and Case Studies will be taken up in Practice (tutorial) Sessions eg. To discuss the conduct as an engineer or scientist etc.

#### **Text Book**

- 1. Human Values and Professional Ethics by R R Gaur, R Sangal, G P Bagaria, Excel Books, New Delhi, 2010
  - **Reference Books**
  - 1. Jeevan Vidya: Ek Parichaya, A Nagaraj, Jeevan Vidya Prakashan, Amarkantak, 1999.
  - 2. Human Values, A.N. Tripathi, New Age Intl. Publishers, New Delhi, 2004.
  - 3. The Story of Stuff (Book).
  - 4. The Story of My Experiments with Truth by Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi
  - 5. Small is Beautiful E. F Schumacher.
  - 6. Slow is Beautiful Cecile Andrews
  - 7. Economy of Permanence J C Kumarappa
  - 8. Bharat Mein Angreji Raj PanditSunderlal
  - 9. Rediscovering India by Dharampal
  - 10. Hind Swaraj or Indian Home Rule by Mohandas K. Gandhi
  - 11. India Wins Freedom Maulana Abdul Kalam Azad

#### COURSE OUTCOMES By the end of the course,

**CO1:** Understand and analyse the essentials of human values and skills, self exploration, happiness and prosperity.

**CO2:** Evaluate coexistence of the "I" with the body.

**CO3:** Identify and evaluate the role of harmony in family, society and universal order.

**CO4:** Understand and associate the holistic perception of harmony at all levels of existence.

**CO5:** Develop appropriate technologies and management patterns to create harmony in professional and personal lives.

CO-PO map	oping
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	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1								3				1
CO2							1					
CO3						2	1					
CO4						2	2					1
CO5						2	2	3				1

#### MICRO SYLLABUS

#### UNIT-I:

Course Introduction - Need, Basic Guidelines, Content and Process for ValueEducation

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
Need,BasicGuidelines/, Content and Process for ValueEducation	Introduction	Universal Human values-I Self-exploration Natural Acceptance Experiential validation Right Understanding Relationship and physical facility	8

### UNIT-II:

#### **Understanding Harmony in the Human Being - Harmony in Myself!**

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
Understanding Harmony in th HumanBeing Harmony i Myself!	e Harmony in - Human Being n and Myself	Understanding human being as a co- existence of the sentient 'I' and the material 'Body' Understanding the needs of Self ('I') and 'Body' - Understanding the Body as an instrument of 'I' Understanding the characteristics and activities of 'I' and harmony in 'I' Understanding the harmony of I with the Body	8

### UNIT-III:

Unit	Module	Module Micro content					
UNDERSTANDING HARMONY IN THE FAMILY AND SOCIETY- HARMONY IN HUMAN- HUMAN RELATIONSHIP	Harmony in Family, Society and relationships	Understanding values in human- human relationship. Understanding the meaning of Trust. Understanding the meaning of Respect. Understanding the harmony in the society.	8				

#### UNIT-IV:

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
UNDERSTANDING HARMONY IN THE NATURE AND EXISTENCE WHOLEEXISTENCE ASCOEXISTENCE	Harmony in the Nature and Existence	Understanding the harmony in the Nature. Understanding Existence as Co- existence	8

### UNIT-V:

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
Implications of the above Holistic Understanding of Harmony on Professional Ethics	Understanding of harmony in professional ethics`	Natural acceptance of human values. Universal Order Competence in professional ethics.	8

IV Year I- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
PE4101	Big Data Analytics Professional Elective IIIA	3	0	0	3

#### **Course Objectives:**

The student should be able to

- 1. Understand the Big Data Concepts and Big Data Technologies
- 2. Provide an overview of Apache Hadoop
- 3. Provide HDFS Concepts and Interfacing with HDFS
- 4. Understand Map Reduce Jobs
- 5. Provide hands on Hadoop Eco System (HDFS, MapReduce, Pig & Hive)

#### **UNIT-I: Introduction to Big Data and Hadoop** 14 hrs

#### **Introduction to Big Data:**

Big Data-definition, Characteristics of Big Data (Volume, Variety, Velocity), Data in the Warehouse and Data in Hadoop, Why is Big Data Important? Patterns for Big Data Development, Examples of Big Data Analytics.

#### **Introduction to Hadoop:**

Working with Big Data: Google File System, A Brief History of Hadoop, Apache Hadoop and the Hadoop Ecosystem, Hadoop Releases, Hadoop Installation Modes.

#### Hadoop Distributed File System:

HDFS, Building Blocks of Hadoop (Namenode, Datanode, Secondary Namenode, JobTracker, TaskTracker), Introducing and Configuring Hadoop cluster (Local, Pseudo distributed mode, Fully Distributed mode), Configuring XML files

#### **UNIT-II : Map Reduce**

A Weather Dataset, Understanding Hadoop API for MapReduce Framework (Old and New), Basic Concepts Hadoop MapReduce: Driver code, Mapper code, Reducer code, RecordReader, Combiner, Partitioner.

#### **UNIT-III: Hadoop IO**

The Writable Interface, WritableComparable and Comparators, Writable Classes: Writable wrappers for Java primitives, Text, BytesWritable, NullWritable, ObjectWritable and GenericWritable, Writable collections, Implementing a Custom Writable: Implementing a RawComparator for speed, Custom Comparators.

#### **UNIT-IV: PIG**

Admiring the Pig Architecture, Going with the Pig Latin Application Flow, Installation and Running of Pig, Execution Types, Evaluating Local and Distributed Modes, Pig Latin Editors,

#### 12 hrs

11Hrs

12 hrs

Comparison with databases, Pig Latin, Functions, Data Processing Operators, Checking out the Pig Script Interfaces, Scripting with Pig Latin, Running Pig Programs.

#### UNIT – V: Hive

#### 11 hrs

Installing Hive, Comparison with Traditional Databases, Running Hive, Applying Structure to Hadoop Data with Hive: Saying Hello to Hive, Seeing How the Hive is Put Together, Getting Started with Apache Hive, Examining the Hive Clients, Working with Hive Data Types, Creating and Managing Databases and Tables, Seeing How the Hive Data Manipulation Language Works, Querying and Analyzing Data.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

By the end the of the course, the student will be able to

#### **Text Books:**

1. Big Java 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Cay Horstmann, Wiley John Wiley & Sons, INC.

- 2. Hadoop: The Definitive Guide by Tom White, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, O'reilly.
- 3. Hadoop in Action by Chuck Lam, MANNING Publ.

4. Hadoop for Dummies by Dirk deRoos, Paul C. Zikopoulos, Roman B. Melnyk, Bruce Brown, Rafael Coss.

#### **References:**

1. Hadoop in Practice by Alex Holmes, MANNING Publ.

2. Hadoop MapReduce Cookbook, Srinath Perera, Thilina Gunarathne

#### Software Links:

1. Hadoop: <u>http://hadoop</u>.apache.org/

2. Hive: https://cwiki.apache.org/confluence/display/Hive/Home

Pig Latin: http://pig.apache.org/docs/r0.7.0/tutorial.html

#### CO-PO-PSO

#### **Course Outcomes:**

By the end the of the course, the student will be able to

**CO1: Understand** the concepts of Big Data Analytics, **Master** the concepts of Hadoop Distributed File System and Hadoop Architecture {Understand level, KL2} {Apply level, KL3} {Analyze level, KL4}

CO2: Acquire knowledge on Map Reduce Framework. { Evaluate level, KL5}

CO3: Understand the concepts of Hadoop IO formats and methods. {Understand level, KL2}

**CO4:** Apply Pig concepts for Data Processing. {Evaluate level, KL5}

**CO5:** Apply Hive concepts for Data Processing. {Evaluate level, KL5}

**CO-PO Mapping Matrix:** 

со	P 0 1	P O 2	P O 3	P O 4	P O 5	Р Об	Р 07	P 08	Р О9	P 01 0	P 01 1	P 01 2	PS O1	PS O2
C01	2	2						-					2	2
CO2	2	2	2	-									2	2
CO3	2	2	2									2	2	2
CO4	1	2	2									2	2	2
CO5	2	2	2									2	2	2

#### MICRO SYLLABUS

#### UNIT-I: Introduction to Big Data and Hadoop

#### 14hrs

#### **Introduction to Big Data**

Big Data-definition, Characteristics of Big Data (Volume, Variety, Velocity), Data in the Warehouse and Data in Hadoop, Why is Big Data Important? Patterns for Big Data Development, Examples of Big Data Analytics.

#### **Introduction to Hadoop**

Working with Big Data: Google File System, A Brief History of Hadoop, Apache Hadoop and the Hadoop Ecosystem, Hadoop Releases, Hadoop Installation Modes.

#### Introduction to Hadoop

HDFS, Building Blocks of Hadoop (Namenode, Datanode, Secondary Namenode, JobTracker, TaskTracker), Introducing and Configuring Hadoop cluster (Local, Pseudo distributed mode, Fully Distributed mode), Configuring XML files

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
Introduction to Big Data and Hadoop	Introduction to Big Data	Big Data-definition, Characteristics of Big Data (Volume, Variety, Velocity), Data in the Warehouse and Data in Hadoop, Why is Big Data Important? Patterns for Big Data Development, Examples of Big Data Analytics.	4

		Working with Big	
	Introduction to	Data: Google File	
		System, A Brief	
		History of Hadoop,	
		Apache Hadoop and	4
	Hadoop	the Hadoop	
		Ecosystem, Hadoop	
		Releases. Hadoop	
		Installation Modes.	
		HDFS, Building	
		Blocks of Hadoop	
		(Namenode,	
		Datanode,	
		Secondary	
		Namenode,	
		JobTracker,	
	Introduction to	TaskTracker),	
	Hadoop	Introducing and	0
1	-	Configuring Hadoop	
		cluster (Local,	
		Pseudo distributed	
		mode, Fully	
		Distributed mode),	
		Configuring XML	
		files	

#### **UNIT-II: Map Reduce**

#### 12 hrs

A Weather Dataset, Understanding Hadoop API for MapReduce Framework (Old and New), Basic Concepts of Hadoop MapReduce: Driver code, Mapper code, Reducer code, RecordReader, Combiner, Partitioner.

Unit	Module	No of hrs	
	MapReduce Framework	A Weather Dataset, Understanding Hadoop API for MapReduce Framework (Old and New)	6
Map Reduce	Basic Concepts Hadoop MapReduce	Basic Concepts of Hadoop MapReduce: Driver code, Mapper code, Reducer code, RecordReader, Combiner, Partitioner.	6

#### UNIT-III: Hadoop IO

#### 12 hrs

The Writable Interface, WritableComparable and Comparators, Writable Classes: Writable wrappers for Java primitives, Text, BytesWritable, NullWritable, ObjectWritable and GenericWritable, Writable collections, Implementing a Custom Writable: Implementing a RawComparator for speed, Custom Comparators.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
Hadoop IO	Writable Classes	TheWritableInterface,WritableComparableandComparators,WritableClasses:WritableVritablewrappersforJavaprimitives,Text,BytesWritable,NullWritable,ObjectWritableandGenericWritable,WritableWritableWritable	9
	Custom Comparators	Implementing a RawComparator for speed, Custom Comparators.	3

#### **UNIT-IV: PIG**

#### 11Hrs

Admiring the Pig Architecture, Going with the Pig Latin Application Flow, Installation and Running of Pig, Execution Types, Evaluating Local and Distributed Modes, Pig Latin Editors, Comparison with databases, Pig Latin, Functions, Data Processing Operators, Checking out the Pig Script Interfaces, Scripting with Pig Latin, Running Pig Programs.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
PIG	Introduction to PIG	Admiring the Pig Architecture, Going with the Pig Latin Application Flow, Installation and Running of Pig, Execution Types, Evaluating Local and Distributed Modes, Pig Latin Editors, Comparison with databases	5

Work PIG	ng with	Pig Latin, Functions, Data Processing Operators, Checking out the Pig Script Interfaces, Scripting with Pig Latin Running	6
		with Pig Latin, Running	
		Pig Programs.	

#### **UNIT-V: Hive**

#### 11hrs

Installing Hive, Comparison with Traditional Databases, Running Hive, Applying Structure to Hadoop Data with Hive: Saying Hello to Hive, Seeing How the Hive is Put Together, Getting Started with Apache Hive, Examining the Hive Clients, Working with Hive Data Types, Creating and Managing Databases and Tables, Seeing How the Hive Data Manipulation Language Works, Querying and Analyzing Data.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
HIVE	Introduction to HIVE	Installing Hive, Comparison with Traditional Databases, Running Hive, Applying Structure to Hadoop Data with Hive: Saying Hello to Hive, Seeing How the Hive is Put Together, Getting Started with Apache Hive, Examining the Hive Clients	6
	Working with HIVE	Data Types, Creating and Managing Databases and Tables, Seeing How the Hive Data Manipulation Language Works, Querying and Analyzing Data.	5

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IV Year I- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С	
PE4101	Software Testing Methodologies Professional Elective IIIB	3	0	0	3	
Prerequisites: Software Engineering						

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To study fundamental concepts in software testing and discuss Various Software testing issues and solutions
- 2. To learn how to plan a test project, design test cases and data, Conduct Testing, manage Software problems and defects, and generate a test report
- 3. To expose the advanced software testing concepts such as object-oriented Software testing methods, web-based and component-based software testing
- 4. To understand software test automation problems and solutions
- 5. To learn how to write software test documents and communicate with Engineers in various forms

#### **UNIT – I:** Software Testing

Introduction, Evolution, Myths & Facts, Goals, Psychology, definition, Model for testing, Effective Vs Exhaustive Software Testing. Software Testing Terminology and Methodology: Software Testing Terminology, Software Testing Life Cycle, Software Testing Methodology.

Verification and Validation: Verification & Validation Activities, Verification, Verification of Requirements, High level and low level designs, verifying code, Validation.

#### **UNIT – II: Dynamic Testing-Black Box testing techniques**

Boundary Value Analysis, Equivalence class Testing, State Table based testing, Decision table based testing, Cause-Effect Graphing based testing, Error guessing.

White-Box Testing: need, Logic Coverage criteria, Basis Path testing, Graph matrices, Loop testing, data flow testing, mutation testing.

#### **UNIT – III: Static Testing**

Inspections, Structured Walkthroughs, Technical Reviews. Validation activities: Unit testing, Integration Testing, Function testing, system testing, acceptance testing. Regression testing: Progressives Vs regressive testing, Regression test ability, Objectives of regression testing, Regression testing types, Regression testing techniques.

#### **UNIT – IV: Efficient Test Suite Management**

Growing nature of test suite, Minimizing the test suite and its benefits, test suite prioritization, Types of test case prioritization, prioritization techniques, measuring the effectiveness of a prioritized test suite Software Quality Management: Software Quality metrics, SQA models. Debugging: process, techniques, correcting bugs.

#### **UNIT – V: Automation and Testing Tools**

need for automation, categorization of testing tools, selection of testing tools, Cost incurred, Guidelines for automated testing, overview of some commercial testing tools such as Win Runner, Load Runner, Jmeter and Junit.

Test Automation using Selenium tool. Testing Object Oriented Software: basics, Object oriented testing Testing Web based Systems: Challenges in testing for web based software, quality aspects, web engineering, testing of web based systems, Testing mobile systems

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Software Testing, Principles and Practices, Naresh Chauhan, Oxford
- 2. Software Testing, Yogesh Singh, CAMBRIDGE

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Foundations of Software testing, Aditya P Mathur, 2ed, Pearson
- 2. Software testing techniques Baris Beizer, Dreamtech, second edition.
- 3. Software Testing, Principles, techniques and Tools, M G Limaye, TMH
- 4. Effective Methods for Software testing, Willian E Perry, 3ed, Wiley

Course Outcomes: After completing this course, Students will be able to-

**CO1:** Identify and understand various software testing problems, apply software testing knowledge and engineering methods and solve these problems by designing and selecting software test models, criteria, strategies, and methods

**CO2:** Design and conduct a software test process for a software project

**CO3:** Analyze the needs of software test automation

**CO4:** Use various communication methods and skills to communicate with their teammates to conduct their practice-oriented software testing projects

**CO5:** Write test cases for given software to test it before delivery to the customer and write test scripts for both desktop and web based applications

Cos	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6 PSO1	PO7 PSO2	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO	1 3	_	_	_	_	_	_	—	_	_	—	_
СО	2 3	2	_	_	_			_	_	_	_	_
CO	3 3	2	2	2	—	$\frac{-}{2}$	-3	—	—	—		—

#### **CO – PO Mapping:**

CO4	3	2	2	2	—	$\frac{-}{2}$	-3	—	—	—	—	—
CO5	3	2	2	2	_	- 2	_	_	_	_	_	—

### Micro-Syllabus of SOFTWARE TESTING METHODOLOGIES

### UNIT I

**Introduction:** Introduction, Evolution, Myths & Facts, Goals, Psychology, definition, Model for testing, Effective Vs Exhaustive Software Testing. Software Testing Terminology and Methodology: Software Testing Terminology, Software Testing Life Cycle, Software Testing Methodology.

Verification and Validation: Verification & Validation Activities, Verification, Verification of Requirements, High level and low level designs, verifying code, Validation.

Unit	Module	Micro content
		Introduction to software testing
		Evolution
		Myths and Facts
		Goals of Testing
	Introduction	Model for Testing
Introduction to		Effective and Exhaustive Software Testing
		Software Testing Terminology
Software Testing		Software Testing Life Cycle
		Software Testing Methodology
		Verification and Validation Activities
	Verification and	Verification of Requirements
	Validation	High level and low level designs
		Verifying code
		Validation
UNIT IL Drug and	a Tasting Dlash Day tog	ting to shrigues

**UNIT – II: Dynamic Testing-Black Box testing techniques** 

Boundary Value Analysis, Equivalence class Testing, State Table based testing, Decision table based testing, Cause-Effect Graphing based testing, Error guessing.

**White-Box Testing**: need, Logic Coverage criteria, Basis Path testing, Graph matrices, Loop testing, data flow testing, mutation testing.

Unit	Module	Micro content
Unit	Wibuule	where content

		Boundary Value Analysis
		Equivalence class Testing
	Dynamic Testing	State Table based testing
		Decision Table Based Testing
Dynamic Testing- Black Box testing techniques		Cause-Effect Graphing based testing
	White Box Testing	Need for White Box Testing
		Logic Coverage Criteria
		Basis Path Testing
		Comprehensions

#### **UNIT – III: Static Testing**

Inspections, Structured Walkthroughs, Technical Reviews. Validation activities: Unit testing, Integration Testing, Function testing, system testing, acceptance testing. Regression testing: Progressives Vs regressive testing, Regression test ability, Objectives of regression testing, Regression testing types, Regression testing techniques.

Unit	Module	Micro content
		Inspections
		Structured Walkthroughs
	Static	Technical Reviews
Static Testing	Testing	Validation activities: Unit testing, Integration Testing, Function testing, system testing, and acceptance testing.
	Regression testing	Progressives Vs regressive testing
		Regression test ability
		Objectives of regression testing
		Regression testing types
		Regression testing techniques.

#### **UNIT – IV: Efficient Test Suite Management**

Growing nature of test suite, Minimizing the test suite and its benefits, test suite prioritization, Types of test case prioritization, prioritization techniques, measuring the effectiveness of a prioritized test suite Software Quality Management: Software Quality metrics, SQA models. Debugging: process, techniques, correcting bugs.

Unit Module		Module	Micro content			
Efficient	Test		Growing nature of test suite			
Suite		Test Suite Management	Minimizing the test suite and its benefits			

Management		Test suite prioritization, Types of test case prioritization exception
		prioritization techniques
		measuring the effectiveness of a prioritized test suite
		Software Quality metrics
	Software Quality Management	SQA models
		Debugging: process, techniques, correcting bugs.

#### **UNIT – V: Automation and Testing Tools**

Need for automation, categorization of testing tools, selection of testing tools, Cost incurred, Guidelines for automated testing, overview of some commercial testing tools such as Win Runner, Load Runner, Jmeter and Junit.

Test Automation using Selenium tool. Testing Object Oriented Software: basics, Object oriented Testing Web based Systems: Challenges in testing for web based software, quality aspects, web engineering, testing of web based systems, Testing mobile systems

Unit	Module	Micro content		
		Need for automation		
		categorization of testing tools		
		selection of testing tools		
Need for	Automated Testing Object oriented Testing	Guidelines for automated testing		
Automation and		overview of some commercial testing tools such		
Testing Tools		as Win Runner, Load Runner, Jmeter and Junit		
		Test Automation using Selenium tool		
		Challenges in Testing Web Based Software		
	Web based Systems	quality aspects, web engineering		
		testing of web based systems		
		Testing mobile systems		

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IV Year I- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С	
PE4101	Image Processing Professional Elective IIIC	3	0	0	3	
Prerequisites: Computer Graphics						

#### **Course Objectives**:

Students undergoing this course are expected to:

- 1. Familiarize with basic concepts of digital image processing
- 2. Learn various image processing techniques like image enhancement
- 3. Understand Color fundamentals and different Color models
- 4. Understand Image Compression & Morphological Image Processing

#### **UNIT – I: Introduction**

Fundamental Steps in Digital Image Processing, Components of an Image Processing System, Sampling and Quantization, Representing Digital Images (Data structure), Some Basic Relationships Between Pixels- Neighbors and Connectivity of pixels in image, Applications of Image Processing: Medical imaging, Robot vision, Character recognition, Remote Sensing.

#### **UNIT – II: Image Enhancement in The Spatial Domain:**

Some Basic Gray Level Transformations, Histogram Processing, Enhancement Using Arithmetic/Logic Operations, Basics of Spatial Filtering, Smoothing Spatial Filters, Sharpening Spatial Filters, Combining Spatial Enhancement Methods

#### **UNIT – III: Color Image Processing**

Color Fundamentals, Color Models, Pseudo color image processing, Color transformation, Smoothing and sharpening, Image segmentation based on Color, Noise in Color images

#### UNIT – IV: Image Compression & Morphological Image Processing

Image Compression – Fundamentals, Some basic compression methods, Digital Image water marking.

Morphological Image Processing – Erosion and Dilation, Opening and Closing, Hit-or-Miss Transformation, Some basic morphological algorithms, Gray-scale morphology.

#### **UNIT – V: Image Segmentation:**

Introduction, Detection of isolated points, line detection, Edge detection, Edge linking, Region based segmentation- Region growing, split and merge technique, local processing, regional processing, Hough transform, Segmentation using Threshold.

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

1. Digital Image Processing, Third Edition, Rafael C Gonzalez, Richard E Wood

#### **Reference Books:**

- 2. Milan Sonka "Image Processing, analysis and Machine Vision", Thomson Press India Ltd, Fourth Edition.
- 3. Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing- Anil K. Jain, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Prentice Hall of India.
- 4. S. Sridhar, Digital Image Processing, Oxford University Press, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed, 2016.

Course Outcomes: After completing this course, Students will be able to-

- **CO1:** Understand Digital Image Fundamentals
- **CO2:** Perform various Image enhancement techniques
- **CO3:** Analyze pseudo and full color image processing methods
- CO4: Use various compression techniques and morphological operations.
- **CO5:** Use various Image segmentation methods

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	2	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	2	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

#### **CO – PO Mapping:**

CO5	1	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

**Micro-Syllabus** 

#### **IV B.Tech I Semester**

#### UNIT I

#### Introduction:

Fundamental Steps in Digital Image Processing, Components of an Image Processing System, Sampling and Quantization, Representing Digital Images (Data structure), Some Basic Relationships Between Pixels- Neighbors and Connectivity of pixels in image, Applications of Image Processing: Medical imaging, Robot vision, Character recognition, Remote Sensing

Unit	Module	Micro content
		Fundamental Steps in Digital Image Processing
		Components of an Image Processing System
Introduction		Sampling and Quantization,
	Fundamentals	Representing Digital Images (Data structure)
		Some Basic Relationships Between Pixels
		Neighbors and Connectivity of pixels in image
		Applications of Image Processing: Medical imaging,
		Robot vision, Character recognition, Remote Sensing

#### UNIT – II

Some Basic Gray Level Transformations, Histogram Processing, Enhancement Using Arithmetic/Logic Operations, Basics of Spatial Filtering, Smoothing Spatial Filters, Sharpening Spatial Filters, Combining Spatial Enhancement Methods

Unit	Module	Micro content
Transformations & filtering		Basic Gray Level Transformations
	Transformations	Histogram Processing
		Enhancement Using Arithmetic/Logic Operations
	Filtering	Basics of Spatial Filtering

	Smoothing Filters	Spatial	Filters,	Sharpening	Spatial
	Combining	Spatial E	Enhancen	nent Methods	

**UNIT III** Color Fundamentals, Color Models, Pseudo color image processing, Color transformation, Smoothing and sharpening, Image segmentation based on Color, Noise in Color images

Unit	Module	Micro content
	Color Fundamentals &	Color Fundamentals
Color Image	Models	Color Models
	WIOdels	Pseudo color image processing
Processing		Color transformation,
8		Smoothing and sharpening
		Image segmentation based on Color
		Noise in Color images

#### **UNIT IV Image Compression & Morphological Image Processing**

Image Compression – Fundamentals, Some basic compression methods, Digital Image water marking. Morphological Image Processing – Erosion and Dilation, Opening and Closing, Hit-or-Miss Transformation, Some basic morphological algorithms, Gray-scale morphology.

Unit	Module	Micro content
		Fundamentals
	Image Compression	Basic Compression methods
Image		Digital Image Water marking
Compression & Morphological		Erosion and Dilation
Image Processing		Opening and closing
	Morphological operations	Hit-or-Miss Transformation
		Some basic morphological algorithms
		Gray-scale morphology

#### **UNIT V Image Segmentation**

Introduction, Detection of isolated points, line detection, Edge detection, Edge linking, Region based segmentation- Region growing, split and merge technique, local processing, regional processing, Hough transform, Segmentation using Threshold.

Unit	Module	Micro content
		Introduction
		Detection of isolated points
		Line detection
		Edge Detection
		Edge linking
Image Segmentation	Image Segmentation	Region based segmentation
		Region growing, Split and merge techniques
		Local Processing
		Regional processing
		Hough Transform
		Segmentation using threshold

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IV Year I- Semester	Name of the Course		Т	Р	С	
PE4101	Devops Professional Elective IIID	3	0	0	3	
Prerequisites: Software Engineering						

#### **Course Objectives:**

• DevOps improves collaboration and productivity by automating infrastructure and workflows and

continuously measuring applications performance

#### **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, student will be able to

- Enumerate the principles of continuous development and deployment, automation of configuration management, inter-team collaboration, and IT service agility
- Describe DevOps & DevSecOps methodologies and their key concepts
- Illustrate the types of version control systems, continuous integration tools, continuous monitoring tools and cloud models
- Set up complete private infrastructure using version control systems and CI/CD tools

### UNIT I

Phases of Software Development life cycle, Values and principles of agile software development,

#### UNIT II

Fundamentals of DevOps: Architecture, Deployments, Orchestration, Need, Instance of applications,

DevOps delivery pipeline, DevOps eco system.

#### UNIT III

DevOps adoption in projects: Technology aspects, Agiling capabilities, Tool stack implementation,

People aspect, processes

### UNIT IV

CI/CD: Introduction to Continuous Integration, Continuous Delivery and Deployment , Benefits of CI/CD,

Metrics to track CI/CD practices

### UNIT V

Devops Maturity Model: Key factors of DevOps maturity model, stages of Devops maturity model,

DevOps maturity Assessment

#### **Text Books:**

 The DevOps Handbook: How to Create World-Class Agility, Reliability, and Security in Technology Organizations, Gene Kim, John Willis, Patrick Debois, Jez Humb,1<sup>st</sup> Edition,

O'Reilly publications, 2016.

2. What is Devops? Infrastructure as code, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Mike Loukides ,O'Reilly publications, 2012.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Building a DevOps Culture, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Mandi Walls, O'Reilly publications, 2013.
- The DevOps 2.0 Toolkit: Automating the Continuous Deployment Pipeline With Containerized Microservices, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Viktor Farcic, CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform publications, 2016
- 3. Continuous Delivery: Reliable Software Releases Through Build, Test, and Deployment Automation, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Jez Humble and David Farley, 2010.
- 4. Achieving DevOps: A Novel About Delivering the Best of Agile, DevOps, and microservices, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Dave Harrison, Knox Lively, Apress publications, 2019

#### e-Resources:

- 1. <u>https://www.javatpoint.com/devops</u>
- 2. https://github.com/nkatre/Free-DevOps-Books-1/blob

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IV Year I- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
PE4102	Mobile Computing Professional Elective IVA	3	0	0	3
Prerequisites: Computer Networks					

#### **Course Objectives:**

1.To make the student understand the cncept of mobile computing paradigm, its novel applications and limitations.

2.To understand the typical mobile networking infrastructure through a popular GSM protocol. 3.To understand the issues and solutions of various layers of mobile networks, namely MAC layer, Network Layer & Transport Layer

4.To understand the database issues in mobile environments & data delivery models.

5.To understand the ad hoc networks and related concepts.

6.To understand the platforms and protocols used in mobile environment.

#### UNIT-I

Introduction: Mobile Communications, Mobile Computing - Paradigm, Promises/Novel Applications and Impediments and Architecture; Mobile and Handheld Devices, Limitations of Mobile and Handheld Devices. GSM - Services, System Architecture, Radio Interfaces, Protocols, Localization, Calling, Handover, Security, New Data Services, GPRS.

#### UNIT –II

(Wireless) Medium Access Control (MAC) : Motivation for a specialized MAC (Hidden and exposed terminals, Near and far terminals), SDMA, FDMA, TDMA, CDMA, Wireless LAN/(IEEE 802.11)

#### **UNIT –III**

Mobile Network Layer: IP and Mobile IP Network Layers, Packet Delivery and Handover Management, Location Management, Registration, Tunneling and Encapsulation, Route Optimization, DHCP.

#### UNIT –IV

10Hrs

Mobile Transport Layer: Conventional TCP/IP Protocols, Indirect TCP, Snooping TCP, Mobile TCP. Other Transport Mobile Layer Protocols for Networks. Database Issues: Database Hoarding & Caching Techniques, Client-Server Computing & Adaptation, Transactional Models, Query processing, Data Recovery Process & QoS Issues. UNIT-V 13Hrs

Data Dissemination and Synchronization : Communications Asymmetry, Classification of Data Delivery Mechanisms, Data Dissemination, Data Synchronization - Introduction, Software, and Protocols.

Mobile Ad hoc Networks (MANETs) : Introduction, Applications & Challenges of a MANET, Routing, Classification of Routing Algorithms, Algorithms such as DSR, AODV, DSDV, etc.

Protocols and Platforms for Mobile Computing : WAP, Bluetooth, XML, J2ME, Windows CE, Linux for Mobile Devices, Android.

### 8Hrs

11Hrs

#### 8Hrs

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

Jochen Schiller, "Mobile Communications", Addison-Wesley, Second Edition, 2009.
 Raj Kamal, "Mobile Computing", Oxford University Press, 2007, ISBN: 01956867

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1.ASOKE K T ALUKDER, HASAN AHMED, ROOP A R Y A V AGAL, "Mobile Computing, Technology Applications and Service Creation" Second Edition, Mc Graw Hill.

2.UWE Hansmann, Lother Merk, Martin S. Nocklous, Thomas Stober, "Principles of Mobile Computing," Second Edition, Springer.

#### Web Resources:

1.http://nptel.ac.in/courses/106106147/1

2.http://nptel.ac.in/courses/106106147/2

3.https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OxdUs9E8Aps&list=PLcp8IgxOPM4LATpwQ6qxbItS22w T3UEau

4.https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mssEMMvbL\_Q&list=PLcp8IgxOPM4LATpwQ6qxbItS22 wT3Ueau&in dex=12

5.https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7tbia3T7S0A&list=PLcp8IgxOPM4LATpwQ6qxbItS22wT 3Ueau&index =21

#### **Course Outcomes:**

By the end the of the course, the student will be able to

**CO1**:Interpret various mobile communication and computing terminologies, paradigms and architectures.

CO2: Analyze problems in wireless MAC and infer different multiplexing techniques.

CO3: Interpret the working of mobile network layer, based on Mobile IP.

CO4: Analyze the working of conventional TCP/IP and infer different protocols for mobile transport layer.

**CO5**: Should be able to analyze data synchronization, data hoarding issues and interpret the working of MANETs and technologies in mobile computing environment.

	Р О 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1 2	PSO1	PSO2
CO- 1	2													2
CO- 2	2	3											2	
CO- 3	2	2	2											2
CO- 4	2	2	2	3									2	2
CO- 5	2	2	2	2								2	2	2

#### **CO-PO-PSO Mapping Matrix:**

MICRO SYLLABUS

#### **UNIT-I:Introduction**

Mobile Communications, Mobile Computing – Paradigm, Promises/Novel Applications and Impediments and Architecture; Mobile and Handheld Devices, Limitations of Mobile and Handheld Devices. GSM – Services, System Architecture, Radio Interfaces, Protocols, Localization, Calling, Handover, Security, New Data Services, GPRS.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
Introduction	Introduction	Mobile Communications,Mobile Computing- Paradigm,Promises/Novel Applications and Impediments and Architecture	3
	Mobile Devices	Mobile and Handheld Devices,Limitations of Mobile and Handheld Devices	2
	GSM	Services, System Architecture, Radio Interfaces, Protocols, Localization, Calling, Handover, Security	4
	New Data Services	HSCD,GPRS	2

#### UNIT-II Wireless Medium Access Control (MAC)

Motivation for a specialized MAC (Hidden and exposed terminals, Near and far terminals), SDMA, FDMA, TDMA, CDMA, Wireless LAN/(IEEE 802.11)

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
Medium Access Control	MAC	Motivation for a specialized MAC (Hidden and exposed terminals, Near and far terminals)	2
	Multiplexing	SDMA, FDMA, TDMA, CDMA	1
	TDMA	Fixed TDM,Classical Aloha,Slotted Aloha,Carrier Sense Multiple	2

	Access:1-Persistent CSMA,Non- persistent CSMA,P-Persistent CSMA,Demand Assigned Multiple Access,Packet Reservation Multiple Access,Reservation TDMA	
CDMA	Spread Aloha Multiple Access	1
Wireless LAN/(IEEE 802.11	System Architecture,Protocol Architecture,Physical Layer,Medium Access Control Layer,MAC Management,802.11b,802.11a,New er Developments	2

#### UNIT –III:Mobile Network Layer

IP and Mobile IP Network Layers, Packet Delivery and Handover Management, Location Management, Registration, Tunneling and Encapsulation, Route Optimization, DHCP.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
Network Layer	IP and Mobile IP	Need for Mobile IP,Entities and terminology	1
	IP Packet Delivery	Working of MobileIP and Handover management	1
	Registration	Registration of a mobile node, Registration request	2
	Tunneling and encapsulation	IP-in-IP encapsulation,Minimal Encapsulation,Generic Routing encapsulation,Optimization	3
	DHCP	Client initialization	1

#### **UNIT –IV:Mobile Transport Layer**

Conventional TCP/IP Protocols, Indirect TCP, Snooping TCP, Mobile TCP, Other Transport<br/>Layer Protocols for Mobile Networks.Database Issues:Database Hoarding & Caching Techniques, Client-Server Computing &<br/>Adaptation, Transactional Models, Query processing, Data Recovery Process & QoS Issues.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
	Conventional TCP/IP	Congestion control,Slow Start,Fast retransmit/fast recovery,Implications of mobility	1
Mobile Transport Layer	Classical TCP	Indirect TCP,Snooping TCP,Snooping TCP,Mobile TCP	2
	Other transport layer protocols	Fast retransmit/fast recovery,Transmission/time out freezing,Selective retransmission,Transaction oriented TCP	2
	Database Hoarding & Caching Techniques	Caching Invalidation Mechanisms	1
	Client-Server Computing & Adaptation	Two-tier client-server architecture,Three-tier client- server architecture,N-tier client-server architecture	1
	Transactional models	ACID rules	1
	Query Processing	Query decomposition,Query Optimization	1
	Data Recovery Process & QoS Issues	Recovery management architecture	1

#### **UNIT-V: Data Dissemination and Synchronization**

Communications Asymmetry, Classification of Data Delivery Mechanisms, Data Dissemination, Data Synchronization – Introduction, Software, and Protocols.

**Mobile Ad hoc Networks (MANETs) :** Introduction, Applications & Challenges of a MANET, Routing, Classification of Routing Algorithms, Algorithms such as DSR, AODV, DSDV, etc.

**Protocols and Platforms for Mobile Computing :** WAP, Bluetooth, XML, J2ME, Windows CE, Linux for Mobile Devices, Android.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
	Communications Asymmetry	Introduction, Characteristics	2
Data Dissemination and	Classification of Data Delivery Mechanism	Push-based mechanism,Pull- based mechanism,Hybrid mechanism,Data dissemination	2
Synchronization	Data Synchronization	Introduction, Software, and Protocols	1
	MANETs	Introduction, Applications & Challenges of a MANET	2
	Routing	Classification of Routing Algorithms, Algorithms such as DSR, AODV, DSDV, etc.	4
	Protocols and Platforms for Mobile Computing	WAP, Bluetooth, XML, J2ME, Windows CE, Linux for Mobile Devices, Android.	2

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IV Year I- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
PE4102	Deep Learning Professional Elective IVB	3	0	0	3
Prerequisites: Machine Learning					

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To understand basic concepts of neural networks.
- 2. To emphasize on learning, optimization techniques.
- 3. To learn CNN, RNN, Autoencoder models.
- 4. To learn deep learning algorithms to solve real world problems.

Course Outcomes: by the end of the course the student will be able to

- Demonstrate basic neural network models
- Perform optimization and evaluate performance of the neural network Model.
- Able to implement mathematical model of neural network.
- Design convolutional neural network for solving problems.
- Design RNN's, Auto encoders.

**Unit-1:** Introduction to Deep learning, machine learning vs deep learning Artificial Neural Network:

Biological Model of a Neuron, Models of a Neuron, Perceptron, Activation functions, Realizing

logic gates using perceptron, Network Architectures.

Unit-2: Single Layer Perceptron: Adaptive filtering problem, unconstrained optimization techniques,

Least Mean Square algorithm, Perceptron as a classifier, Proof of Convergence. Multilayer Perceptron- Preliminaries, functionality of neurons in different layers.

**Unit-3:** Back propagation algorithm-training and convergence, Practical and design issues, Linear and logistic regression using MLP.Convolution Neural Networks: the convolution operation, Motivation, Pooling.

Unit-4: Variants of the basic convolution function, Data types, efficient convolution algorithms,

Neuro scientific basis for convolution neural networks.Recurrent

Neural Networks: recurrent neural networks, Bidirectional RNNs, Encoder and Decoder sequence to sequence architectures.

**Unit-5:** Recurrent Neural Networks: Deep Recurrent Networks, Recursive Neural Networks, The long short-term memory and other gated RNNs. Autoencoders: Under complete Autoencoders,

Regularized Autoencoders, Stochastic Encoders and Decoders, Denoising Autoencoders,
Contractive Autoencoders.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Simon Haykin, "Neural Networks: A comprehensive foundation", Second Edition, Pearson Education Asia.
- 2. Goodfellow I, BengioY, and Courville A, Deep Learning, MIT Press, 2016.

#### **References:**

- 1. Artificial Neural Networks, Yegna 28arayana, B., PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd, 2009.
- 2. Aurélien Géron, Neural networks and deep learning, O'Reilly Media, 2018.

#### Web Resources:

https://www.deeplearningbook.org/contents/convnets.html https://www.deeplearningbook.org/contents/rnn.html https://www.deeplearningbook.org/contents/autoencoders.html

# **Micro Syllabus**

**Unit-1:** Introduction to Deep learning, machine learning vs deep learning Artificial Neural Network: Biological Model of a Neuron, Models of a Neuron, Perceptron, Activation functions, Realizing logic gates using perceptron, Network Architectures.

Unit No.	Торіс	Sub Topic
	Deem Leemine	Deep learning introduction.
	Deep Learning	Deep learning, Machine learning comparison.
		High level functionality of Biological Neuron.
		Model of a Neuron.
_	Artificial Neural Network	Perceptron Mathematical Model.
I		Types of activation functions.
		Linear, Threshold, sigmoid , Tanh, Relu, Leaky Relu,
		Soft Max activation functions.
		Realizing OR AND, XOR gates using perceptron.
		Single Layer Feed forward, Multilayer Feed forward
		and Recurrent Networks.
Unit-2: Single La	yer Perceptron: Adaptive filt	tering problem, unconstrained optimization techniques,
Least Mean Squar	e algorithm, Perceptron as a	classifier, Proof of Convergence.

Multilayer Perceptron- Preliminaries, functionality of neurons in different layers.

		Adaptive filtering problem.
		Unconstrained optimization techniques-Steepest
	Single Lever Demonstron	Descent method
II	Single Layer Perceptron	Least Mean Square algorithm.
		Percptron as a classifier.
		Perceptron convergence and its proof.
	Multi Layer Perceptron	Architecture

Functionality of each layer neurons.

Unit-3: Back propagation algorithm-training and convergence, Practical and design issues, Linear and logistic regression using MLP.

Convolution Neural Networks: the convolution operation, Motivation, Pooling.

Unit No.	Торіс	Sub Topic
		Back Propagation algorithm-preliminaries, derivations and algorithm.
	Multi Layer Perceptron	Design issues of back propagation algorithm.
III		Linear regression using MLP.
		Logistic regression using MLP.
	Convolution Neural	Introduction.
		Convolution operation and its basics.
	Networks	Motivations.
		Polling.

**Unit-4**: Variants of the basic convolution function, Data types, efficient convolution algorithms, Neuro scientific basis for convolution neural networks.

Recurrent Neural Networks: recurrent neural networks, Bidirectional RNNs, Encoder and Decoder sequence to sequence architectures.

Unit No.	Торіс	Sub Topic
		Variants of the basic convolution function.
	Convolution Neural	Data Types.
		Efficient convolution algorithms.
IV	1 COLWOINS	Neuro scientific basis for convolution neural
1 V		networks.
	Recurrent Neural Networks	Introduction.
		Bidirectional RNN
		Encoder and Decoder sequence architectures.

**Unit-5:** RNN: Deep Recurrent Networks, Recursive Neural Networks, The long short term memory and other gated RNNs. Auto encoders: Under complete Auto encoders, Regularized Auto encoders, Stochastic Encoders and Decoders, De noising Auto encoders, Contractive Auto encoders.

Unit No.	Торіс	Sub Topic
		Deep Recurrent Networks
	Recurrent Neural Networks	Recursive Neural Networks and its structure
		The long short term memory and other gated RNNs.
		Introduction.
$\mathbf{V}$		Under complete auto encoders.
	Auto encoders	Regularized auto encoders.
		Stochastic Encoders and Decoders.
		De noising Auto encoders.
		Contractive Auto encoders.

IV Year I- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
PE4102	Multimedia and Animation Professional Elective IVC	3	0	0	3
Prerequisites: Compute	er Graphics				

#### **Course Objectives:**

This course aims to further develop students' competency in:

- To Produce dynamic and creative graphic solutions for multimedia productions.
- To Introduce basic concepts and techniques of interactive authoring.
- To introduce the advanced scripting skills necessary for implementing highly interactive, rich internet applications using multimedia technologies and authoring tools.
- To develop aesthetic value and competencies in multimedia authoring.
- To learn about Artistic visual style and layout design are stressed, as well as the editing and integration of graphic images, animation, video and audio files.
- To master industry-wide software and technologies to create highly interactive, rich internet applications.

**UNIT** – **I:** Fundamental concepts in Text and Image: Multimedia and hypermedia, World Wide Web, overview of multimedia software tools. Graphics and image data representation graphics/image data types, file formats, Color in image and video: color science, color models in images, color models in video.

**UNIT** – **II:** Fundamental concepts in video and digital audio: Types of video signals, analog video, digital video, digitization of sound, MIDI, quantization and transmission of audio. Multimedia Data Compression: Lossless compression algorithms, Lossy compression algorithms, Image compression standards.

**UNIT** – **III:** Basic Video compression techniques, Case study: MPEG Video Coding I, Basic Audio compression techniques, Case study: MPEG Audio compression. Web 2.0: What is web 2.0, Search, Content Networks, User Generated Content, Blogging, Social Networking, social media, Tagging, Social Marking.

**UNIT** – **IV:** Rich Internet Applications (RIAs) with Adobe Flash: Adobe Flash- Introduction, Flash Movie Development, Learning Flash with Hands-on Examples, publish your flash movie, creating special effects with Flash, Creating a website splash screen, simple Action script.

Rich Internet Applications (RIAs) with Flex 3 - Introduction, Developing with Flex 3, Working with Components, Advanced Component Development, Visual Effects and Multimedia.

UNIT – V

Action scripts – Tools for action script code, Flash programs, Expressions, Event based execution model, classes, objects and packages, constructors, Instance methods, loops, Constructors, Inheritance, simple scripts.

# **Text Books:**

- 1. Fundamentals of Multimedia by Ze-Nian Li and Mark S. Drew PHI Learning, 2004 (UNITS 1, 2, 3.)
- 2. Action scripts 3.0, O Reilly publications (Unit 5)

# **Reference Books:**

1. Professional Adobe Flex 3, Joseph Balderson, Peter Ent, et al, Wrox Publications, Wiley India, 2009. (For unit 4)

2. Multimedia Communications: Applications, Networks, Protocols and Standards, Fred Halsall, Pearson Education, 2001, RP 2005.

3. Multimedia making it work, Tay Vaughan, 7th edition, TMH, 2008.

Course Outcomes: After completing this course, Students will be able to-

**CO-1:** Understand development of Multimedia & Color models

CO-2: Work with Image, audio and compression techniques

CO-3: Understand Video compression techniques.

CO-4: Summarize Rich application development through Flash & Flex

CO-5: Build action scripts for animation

# **CO – PO Mapping:**

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	-	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	-	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

CO4	-	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	-	2	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	

[1-Slight (low), 2-Moderate (Medium), 3-Substantial (High)]

# **Micro-Syllabus**

# UNIT I

Fundamental concepts in Text and Image: Multimedia and hypermedia, World Wide Web, overview of multimedia software tools. Graphics and image data representation graphics/image data types, file formats, Color in image and video: color science, color models in images, color models in video.

Unit	Module	Micro content
		What is multimedia
	Introduction	Components of Multimedia
		Hyper media, WWW and Internet
Introduction to		Digital audio
Multimedia	Software Tools	Graphic and Image Editing
		Video editing, authoring
		file formats
	Graphics & Image	Color in image and video: color science
	Data types	color models in images
		color models in video

# UNIT – II

Fundamental concepts in video and digital audio: Types of video signals, analog video, digital video, digitization of sound, MIDI, quantization and transmission of audio. Multimedia Data Compression: Lossless compression algorithms, Lossy compression algorithms, Image compression standards.

Unit	Module	Micro content
	Video and Audio	Types of video signals, analog video, digital video
	Video and Audio	digitization of sound
Fundamental		MIDI, quantization and transmission of audio
concepts in Video and audio		Lossless compression algorithms -Run length, variable length, lossless image compression
	Multimedia Data	Lossy compression algorithms – Transform
	Compression	coung, wavelet based coung, 51 mm
		Image compression standards – JPEG, JPEG 2000

# UNIT III

Basic Video compression techniques, Case study: MPEG Video Coding I, Basic Audio compression techniques, Case study: MPEG Audio compression. Web 2.0: What is web 2.0, Search, Content Networks, User Generated Content, Blogging, Social Networking, social media, Tagging, Social Marking, Rich Internet Applications

Unit	Module	Micro content
Video	Basic Video Compression	Introduction to video compression Motion compensation Search for motion vectors H261 – Intra frame and Interframe coding
Compression and Case study	Case study	MPEG Video Coding I Basic Audio compression techniques, Case study: MPEG Audio compression. Web 2.0: What is web 2.0, Search, Content Networks User Generated Content, Blogging

Rich Internet Applications
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# UNIT IV

Rich Internet Applications (RIAs) with Adobe Flash: Adobe Flash- Introduction, Flash Movie Development, Learning Flash with Hands-on Examples, publish your flash movie, creating special effects with Flash, Creating a website splash screen, simple Action script.

Rich Internet Applications (RIAs) with Flex 3 - Introduction, Developing with Flex 3, Working with Components, Advanced Component Development, Visual Effects and Multimedia.

Unit	Module	Micro content						
	Adobe Flash	Adobe Flash- Introduction, Flash Movie Development						
		Introduction to Flash, Creating Special effects, Splash screen						
Rich Internet		Simple Action Scripts						
rippileurons		Introduction						
	Flex 3	Working with components						
		Advanced Component Development, Visual Effects and Multimedia.						

# UNIT V

Action scripts – Tools for action script code, Flash programs, Expressions, Event based execution model, Time frames, classes, objects and packages, constructors, Instance methods, loops, Constructors, Inheritance, simple scripts

Unit	Module	Micro content
		Tools for action script code
		Flash programs, Expressions
Action Scripts		Event based execution model, Time frames
Ĩ		classes, objects and packages
		constructors, Instance methods, loops
		Constructors, Inheritance, simple scripts

IV- Year I- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
PE4101	Cyber Security and Forensics Professional Elective IVD	3	0	0	3
Prerequisites: Cryptography and basics of security					

#### COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Able to identify security risks and take preventive steps
- To understand the forensics fundamentals
- To understand the evidence capturing process
- To understand the preservation of digital evidence

#### COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, student will be able to

- Enumerate the computer forensics fundamentals
- Describe the types of computer forensics technology
- Analyze various computer forensics systems
- Illustrate the methods for data recovery, evidence collection and data seizure
- Identify the Role of CERT-In Security

#### UNITI

Introduction to Cybercrime: Introduction, Cybercrime: Definition and Origins of the Word, Cybercrime and Information Security, Cybercriminals, Classifications of Cybercrime, Cyberstalking, Cybercafe and Cybercrimes, Botnets. Attack Vector, Proliferation of Mobile and Wireless Devices, Security Challenges Posed by Mobile Devices, Attacks on Mobile/Cell Phones, Network and Computer Attacks.

#### UNIT II

Tools and Methods : Proxy Servers and Anonymizers, Phishing, Password Cracking, Keyloggers and Spywares, Virus and Worms, Trojan Horses and Backdoors, Steganography, Sniffers, Spoofing, Session Hijacking Buffer over flow, DoS and DDoS Attacks, SQL Injection, Buffer Overflow, Attacks on Wireless Networks, Identity Theft (ID Theft), Foot Printing and Social Engineering, Port Scanning, Enumeration.

#### UNIT III

Cyber Crime Investigation: Introduction, Investigation Tools, eDiscovery, Digital Evidence Collection, Evidence Preservation, E-Mail Investigation, E-Mail Tracking, IP Tracking, E-Mail Recovery, Hands on Case Studies. Encryption and Decryption Methods, Search and Seizure of Computers, Recovering Deleted Evidences, Password Cracking.

#### UNITIV

Computer Forensics and Investigations: Understanding Computer Forensics, Preparing for Computer Investigations. Current Computer Forensics Tools: Evaluating Computer Forensics Tools, Computer Forensics Software Tools, Computer Forensics Hardware Tools, Validating and Testing Forensics Software, Face, Iris and Fingerprint Recognition, Audio Video Analysis, Windows System Forensics, Linux System Forensics, Graphics and Network Forensics, E-mail Investigations, Cell Phone and Mobile Device Forensics.

#### UNIT V

Cyber Crime Legal Perspectives: Introduction, Cybercrime and the Legal Landscape around the World, The Indian IT Act, Challenges to Indian Law and Cybercrime Scenario in India, Consequences of Not Addressing the Weakness in Information Technology Act, DigitalSignatures and the Indian IT Act, Amendments to the Indian IT Act, Cybercrime andPunishment, Cyberlaw, Technology and Students: Indian Scenario.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1) Sunit Belapure Nina Godbole "Cyber Security: Understanding Cyber Crimes, Computer Forensics and Legal Perspectives", WILEY, 2011.
- 2) Nelson Phillips and Enfinger Steuart, "Computer Forensics and Investigations", Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 2009.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1) Michael T. Simpson, Kent Backman and James E. Corley, "Hands on Ethical Hacking and Network Defence", Cengage, 2019.
- 2) Computer Forensics, Computer Crime Investigation by John R. Vacca, Firewall Media, New Delhi.
- 3) Alfred Basta, Nadine Basta, Mary Brown and Ravinder Kumar "Cyber Security and Cyber Laws", Cengage, 2018.

#### e-Resources:

- 1) CERT-In Guidelines- <u>http://www.cert-in.org.in/</u>
- 2) <u>https://www.coursera.org/learn/introduction-cybersecurity-cyber-attacks</u> [ Online Course]
- 3) <u>https://computersecurity.stanford.edu/free-online-videos</u> [Free Online Videos]
- Nickolai Zeldovich. 6.858 Computer Systems Security. Fall 2014. Massachusetts Institute of Technology: MIT OpenCourseWare, <u>https://ocw.mit.edu</u>. License: <u>Creative Commons BY-NC-SA</u>.

**UNIT I:** Introduction to Cybercrime: Introduction, Cybercrime: Definition and Origins of the Word, Cybercrime and Information Security, Cybercriminals, Classifications of Cybercrime, Cyberstalking, Cybercafe and Cybercrimes, Botnets. Attack Vector, Proliferation of Mobile and Wireless Devices, Security Challenges Posed by Mobile Devices, Attacks on Mobile/Cell Phones, Network and Computer Attacks.

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Unit	Module	Micro Content				
	Introduction to	Definition and Origins of the Word, Cybercrime and				
	Cybercrime	Information Security				
	Cybercriminals	Who are Cybercriminals?				
	Classifications of	E-Mail spoofing, spamming, cyber defamation,				
	Cybercrime	internet time theft, salami attack, data diddling,				
		forgery, web jacking, hacking, online frauds, password				
	Cyberstalking	Types of stalkers, cases reported on Cyberstalking				
		how stalking woks?, real life incident of Cyberstalking				
	Cybercafe and	About Cybercafe and Cybercrimes				
	Cybercrimes					
UNIT I	Botnets	The fuel for Cybercrimes				
	Attack Vector	Define Attack Vector				
	Proliferation of Mobile and Wireless Devices	About Proliferation of Mobile and Wireless Devices				
	Security Challenges	lenges How Security Challenges Posed by Mobile Devices				
	Posed by Mobile Devices	enges now security Chanenges Posed by Mobile Devices				
	Attacks on Mobile/Cell Phones	Mobile phone theft, mobile viruses, mishing, vishing, smishing, hacking bluetooth, Network and Computer				
UNIT II:		Attacks				
Tools and	Methods : Proxy Server	s and Anonymizers. Phishing, Password Cracking,				
Keylogger	s and Spywares. Virus and V	Worms, Troian Horses and Backdoors, Steganography,				
Sniffers, S	spoofing, Session Hijacking	g Buffer over flow, DoS and DDoS Attacks, SOL				
Injection,	Buffer Overflow, Attacks o	n Wireless Networks, Identity Theft (ID Theft), Foot				
Printing an	d Social Engineering, Port S	Scanning, Enumeration.				
Unit	Module	Micro Content				
	Tools and Methods	Introduction, Proxy Servers, and Anonymizers				
	Phishing	How does phishing works?				
	Password Cracking	Online attacks, offline attacks, strong, weak and random passwords.				
	Keyloggersand Spywares	Software/hardware keyloggers, Anti keyloggers,				
	Virus and Warma	spywarts				
	Troion Horses and	Packdoor how to protoct from Train Horses and				
	i norses and	backuool, now to protect from frogan Horses and				

J	• • • • • • • • •		· ,		r	•		·J	
Backdoors		Backdo	ors						
Steganography		stegana	lysi	is					
Sniffers,	Spoofing,	Types	of	buffer	overflow,	how	to	minimise	buffer
Session Hijacki	ng Buffer	overflo	W						
	Backdoors Steganography Sniffers, Session Hijacki	Backdoors Steganography Sniffers, Spoofing, Session Hijacking Buffer	BackdoorsBackdoorsSteganographysteganaSniffers,Spoofing,Session Hijacking Bufferoverflo	BackdoorsBackdoorsSteganographysteganalysSniffers,Spoofing,Session Hijacking Bufferoverflow	BackdoorsBackdoorsSteganographysteganalysisSniffers,Spoofing,Session Hijacking Bufferoverflow	BackdoorsBackdoorsSteganographysteganalysisSniffers,Spoofing,Session Hijacking Bufferoverflow	BackdoorsBackdoorsSteganographysteganalysisSniffers,Spoofing,Types of buffer overflow, howSession Hijacking Bufferoverflow	BackdoorsBackdoorsSteganographysteganalysisSniffers,Spoofing,Types of buffer overflow, how toSession Hijacking Buffer	BackdoorsBackdoorsSteganographysteganalysisSniffers,Spoofing,Session Hijacking Bufferoverflow

	over flow	
UNIT II	DoS and DDoS Attacks	DoS attacks, classification, types or levels, tools used
		to launch DoS attacks, DDoS Attacks, how to protect
		from DoS and DDoS Attacks
	SQL Injection, Buffer	Steps for SQL Injection attack, how to prevent SQL
	Overflow	Injection attacks
	Attacks on Wireless	Traditional techniques of attacks on Wireless
	Networks	Networks, Theft of internet hours and Wi-Fi-based
		frauds and misuses, how to secure the Wireless
		Networks
	Identity Theft (ID Theft)	Personally identifiable information, types and
		techniques of ID Theft,
	Foot Printing and Social	Definition, advantages
	Port Scanning	About backing technique
	Fort Scalling Enumeration	About flacking technique
LINITT III.	Enumeration.	Filases of flacking
Cyber	Crime Investigation: Intr	oduction Investigation Tools eDiscovery Digital
Eviden	ce Collection. Evidence Pre	eservation, E-Mail Investigation, E-Mail Tracking, IP
Trackin	ng. E-Mail Recovery, Hands	on Case Studies. Encryption and Decryption Methods.
Search	and Seizure of Computers, I	Recovering Deleted Evidences, Password Cracking.
Unit	Module	Micro Content
	Cyber Crime	Introduction, Investigation Tools, eDiscovery, Digital
1		
	Investigation	Evidence Collection, Evidence Preservation
	Investigation E-mail considerations	Evidence Collection, Evidence Preservation E-Mail Investigation, E-Mail Tracking, IP Tracking, E-
	Investigation E-mail considerations	Evidence Collection, Evidence Preservation E-Mail Investigation, E-Mail Tracking, IP Tracking, E- Mail Recovery, Hands-on Case Studies
UNIT III	Investigation E-mail considerations Cryptographic methods	Evidence Collection, Evidence Preservation E-Mail Investigation, E-Mail Tracking, IP Tracking, E- Mail Recovery, Hands-on Case Studies Encryption and Decryption Methods
UNIT III	Investigation E-mail considerations Cryptographic methods Applications	Evidence Collection, Evidence Preservation E-Mail Investigation, E-Mail Tracking, IP Tracking, E- Mail Recovery, Hands-on Case Studies Encryption and Decryption Methods Search and Seizure of Computers, Recovering Deleted
UNIT III	Investigation E-mail considerations Cryptographic methods Applications	Evidence Collection, Evidence Preservation E-Mail Investigation, E-Mail Tracking, IP Tracking, E- Mail Recovery, Hands-on Case Studies Encryption and Decryption Methods Search and Seizure of Computers, Recovering Deleted Evidences, Password Cracking.
UNIT III	Investigation E-mail considerations Cryptographic methods Applications	Evidence Collection, Evidence Preservation E-Mail Investigation, E-Mail Tracking, IP Tracking, E- Mail Recovery, Hands-on Case Studies Encryption and Decryption Methods Search and Seizure of Computers, Recovering Deleted Evidences, Password Cracking.
UNIT III UNIT IV	Investigation E-mail considerations Cryptographic methods Applications : Computer Forensics and	Evidence Collection, Evidence Preservation E-Mail Investigation, E-Mail Tracking, IP Tracking, E- Mail Recovery, Hands-on Case Studies Encryption and Decryption Methods Search and Seizure of Computers, Recovering Deleted Evidences, Password Cracking.
UNIT III UNIT IV Preparing	Investigation E-mail considerations Cryptographic methods Applications : Computer Forensics and for Computer Investigatio	Evidence Collection, Evidence Preservation E-Mail Investigation, E-Mail Tracking, IP Tracking, E- Mail Recovery, Hands-on Case Studies Encryption and Decryption Methods Search and Seizure of Computers, Recovering Deleted Evidences, Password Cracking. Investigations: Understanding Computer Forensics, ns. Current Computer Forensics Tools: Evaluating
UNIT III UNIT IV Preparing Computer	Investigation E-mail considerations Cryptographic methods Applications : Computer Forensics and for Computer Investigatio Forensics Tools, Comput	Evidence Collection, Evidence Preservation E-Mail Investigation, E-Mail Tracking, IP Tracking, E- Mail Recovery, Hands-on Case Studies Encryption and Decryption Methods Search and Seizure of Computers, Recovering Deleted Evidences, Password Cracking. Investigations: Understanding Computer Forensics, ns. Current Computer Forensics Tools: Evaluating er Forensics Software Tools, Computer Forensics
UNIT III UNIT IV Preparing Computer Hardware	Investigation E-mail considerations Cryptographic methods Applications : Computer Forensics and for Computer Investigatio Forensics Tools, Comput Tools, Validating and Tes	Evidence Collection, Evidence Preservation E-Mail Investigation, E-Mail Tracking, IP Tracking, E- Mail Recovery, Hands-on Case Studies Encryption and Decryption Methods Search and Seizure of Computers, Recovering Deleted Evidences, Password Cracking. Investigations: Understanding Computer Forensics, ns. Current Computer Forensics Tools: Evaluating er Forensics Software Tools, Computer Forensics ting Forensics Software, Face, Iris and Fingerprint
UNIT III UNIT IV Preparing Computer Hardware Recognitio	Investigation E-mail considerations Cryptographic methods Applications : Computer Forensics and for Computer Investigatio Forensics Tools, Comput Tools, Validating and Tess n, Audio Video Analysis, V	Evidence Collection, Evidence Preservation E-Mail Investigation, E-Mail Tracking, IP Tracking, E- Mail Recovery, Hands-on Case Studies Encryption and Decryption Methods Search and Seizure of Computers, Recovering Deleted Evidences, Password Cracking. Investigations: Understanding Computer Forensics, ns. Current Computer Forensics Tools: Evaluating er Forensics Software Tools, Computer Forensics ting Forensics Software, Face, Iris and Fingerprint Windows System Forensics, Linux System Forensics,
UNIT III UNIT IV Preparing Computer Hardware Recognitio Graphics a	Investigation E-mail considerations Cryptographic methods Applications : Computer Forensics and for Computer Investigatio Forensics Tools, Comput Tools, Validating and Tes n, Audio Video Analysis, V and Network Forensics, E-	Evidence Collection, Evidence Preservation E-Mail Investigation, E-Mail Tracking, IP Tracking, E- Mail Recovery, Hands-on Case Studies Encryption and Decryption Methods Search and Seizure of Computers, Recovering Deleted Evidences, Password Cracking. Investigations: Understanding Computer Forensics, ns. Current Computer Forensics Tools: Evaluating er Forensics Software Tools, Computer Forensics ting Forensics Software, Face, Iris and Fingerprint Windows System Forensics, Linux System Forensics, mail Investigations, Cell Phone and Mobile Device
UNIT III UNIT IV Preparing Computer Hardware Recognitio Graphics a Forensics.	Investigation E-mail considerations Cryptographic methods Applications : Computer Forensics and for Computer Investigatio Forensics Tools, Comput Tools, Validating and Tes n, Audio Video Analysis, V and Network Forensics, E-	Evidence Collection, Evidence Preservation E-Mail Investigation, E-Mail Tracking, IP Tracking, E- Mail Recovery, Hands-on Case Studies Encryption and Decryption Methods Search and Seizure of Computers, Recovering Deleted Evidences, Password Cracking. Investigations: Understanding Computer Forensics, ns. Current Computer Forensics Tools: Evaluating er Forensics Software Tools, Computer Forensics ting Forensics Software, Face, Iris and Fingerprint Windows System Forensics, Linux System Forensics, mail Investigations, Cell Phone and Mobile Device
UNIT III UNIT IV Preparing Computer Hardware Recognitio Graphics a Forensics. Unit	Investigation E-mail considerations Cryptographic methods Applications : Computer Forensics and for Computer Investigatio Forensics Tools, Comput Tools, Validating and Tes n, Audio Video Analysis, V and Network Forensics, E- Module	Evidence Collection, Evidence Preservation E-Mail Investigation, E-Mail Tracking, IP Tracking, E- Mail Recovery, Hands-on Case Studies Encryption and Decryption Methods Search and Seizure of Computers, Recovering Deleted Evidences, Password Cracking. Investigations: Understanding Computer Forensics, ns. Current Computer Forensics Tools: Evaluating er Forensics Software Tools, Computer Forensics ting Forensics Software, Face, Iris and Fingerprint Windows System Forensics, Linux System Forensics, mail Investigations, Cell Phone and Mobile Device <u>Micro Content</u>
UNIT III UNIT IV Preparing Computer Hardware Recognitio Graphics a Forensics. Unit	Investigation E-mail considerations Cryptographic methods Applications : Computer Forensics and for Computer Investigatio Forensics Tools, Comput Tools, Validating and Tes n, Audio Video Analysis, V and Network Forensics, E- Module Understanding Computer Forensics	Evidence Collection, Evidence Preservation E-Mail Investigation, E-Mail Tracking, IP Tracking, E- Mail Recovery, Hands-on Case Studies Encryption and Decryption Methods Search and Seizure of Computers, Recovering Deleted Evidences, Password Cracking. Investigations: Understanding Computer Forensics, ns. Current Computer Forensics Tools: Evaluating er Forensics Software Tools, Computer Forensics ting Forensics Software, Face, Iris and Fingerprint Windows System Forensics, Linux System Forensics, mail Investigations, Cell Phone and Mobile Device <u>Micro Content</u> Computer Forensics versus other related disciplines, understanding case laws developing computer
UNIT III UNIT IV Preparing Computer Hardware Recognitio Graphics a Forensics. Unit	Investigation E-mail considerations Cryptographic methods Applications : Computer Forensics and for Computer Investigatio Forensics Tools, Comput Tools, Validating and Tes n, Audio Video Analysis, V and Network Forensics, E- <u>Module</u> Understanding Computer Forensics	Evidence Collection, Evidence Preservation E-Mail Investigation, E-Mail Tracking, IP Tracking, E- Mail Recovery, Hands-on Case Studies Encryption and Decryption Methods Search and Seizure of Computers, Recovering Deleted Evidences, Password Cracking. Investigations: Understanding Computer Forensics, ns. Current Computer Forensics Tools: Evaluating er Forensics Software Tools, Computer Forensics ting Forensics Software, Face, Iris and Fingerprint Windows System Forensics, Linux System Forensics, mail Investigations, Cell Phone and Mobile Device <u>Micro Content</u> Computer Forensics versus other related disciplines, understanding case laws, developing computer forensics resources
UNIT III UNIT IV Preparing Computer Hardware Recognitio Graphics a Forensics. Unit	Investigation E-mail considerations Cryptographic methods Applications : Computer Forensics and for Computer Investigatio Forensics Tools, Comput Tools, Validating and Tes n, Audio Video Analysis, V and Network Forensics, E- Module Understanding Computer Forensics	Evidence Collection, Evidence Preservation E-Mail Investigation, E-Mail Tracking, IP Tracking, E- Mail Recovery, Hands-on Case Studies Encryption and Decryption Methods Search and Seizure of Computers, Recovering Deleted Evidences, Password Cracking. Investigations: Understanding Computer Forensics, ns. Current Computer Forensics Tools: Evaluating er Forensics Software Tools, Computer Forensics ting Forensics Software, Face, Iris and Fingerprint Windows System Forensics, Linux System Forensics, mail Investigations, Cell Phone and Mobile Device <u>Micro Content</u> Computer Forensics versus other related disciplines, understanding case laws, developing computer forensics resources
UNIT III UNIT IV Preparing Computer Hardware Recognitio Graphics a Forensics. Unit	Investigation E-mail considerations Cryptographic methods Applications : Computer Forensics and for Computer Investigatio Forensics Tools, Comput Tools, Validating and Tes n, Audio Video Analysis, V and Network Forensics, E- <u>Module</u> Understanding Computer Forensics Preparing for Computer Investigations	Evidence Collection, Evidence Preservation E-Mail Investigation, E-Mail Tracking, IP Tracking, E- Mail Recovery, Hands-on Case Studies Encryption and Decryption Methods Search and Seizure of Computers, Recovering Deleted Evidences, Password Cracking. Investigations: Understanding Computer Forensics, ns. Current Computer Forensics Tools: Evaluating er Forensics Software Tools, Computer Forensics ting Forensics Software, Face, Iris and Fingerprint Windows System Forensics, Linux System Forensics, mail Investigations, Cell Phone and Mobile Device <u>Micro Content</u> Computer Forensics versus other related disciplines, understanding case laws, developing computer forensics resources Understanding law enforcement agency investigation, following legal processes understanding corporate
UNIT III UNIT IV Preparing Computer Hardware Recognitio Graphics a Forensics. Unit	Investigation E-mail considerations Cryptographic methods Applications : Computer Forensics and for Computer Investigatio Forensics Tools, Comput Tools, Validating and Tes n, Audio Video Analysis, V and Network Forensics, E- <u>Module</u> Understanding Computer Forensics Preparing for Computer Investigations	Evidence Collection, Evidence Preservation E-Mail Investigation, E-Mail Tracking, IP Tracking, E- Mail Recovery, Hands-on Case Studies Encryption and Decryption Methods Search and Seizure of Computers, Recovering Deleted Evidences, Password Cracking. Investigations: Understanding Computer Forensics, ns. Current Computer Forensics Tools: Evaluating er Forensics Software Tools, Computer Forensics ting Forensics Software, Face, Iris and Fingerprint Windows System Forensics, Linux System Forensics, mail Investigations, Cell Phone and Mobile Device <u>Micro Content</u> Computer Forensics versus other related disciplines, understanding case laws, developing computer forensics resources Understanding law enforcement agency investigation, following legal processes, understanding corporate investigations, establishing company policies, etc.
UNIT III UNIT IV Preparing Computer Hardware Recognitio Graphics a Forensics. Unit	Investigation E-mail considerations Cryptographic methods Applications : Computer Forensics and for Computer Investigatio Forensics Tools, Comput Tools, Validating and Tes n, Audio Video Analysis, V and Network Forensics, E- <u>Module</u> Understanding Computer Forensics Preparing for Computer Investigations Current Computer	Evidence Collection, Evidence Preservation E-Mail Investigation, E-Mail Tracking, IP Tracking, E- Mail Recovery, Hands-on Case Studies Encryption and Decryption Methods Search and Seizure of Computers, Recovering Deleted Evidences, Password Cracking. Investigations: Understanding Computer Forensics, ns. Current Computer Forensics Tools: Evaluating er Forensics Software Tools, Computer Forensics ting Forensics Software, Face, Iris and Fingerprint Windows System Forensics, Linux System Forensics, mail Investigations, Cell Phone and Mobile Device <u>Micro Content</u> Computer Forensics versus other related disciplines, understanding case laws, developing computer forensics resources Understanding law enforcement agency investigation, following legal processes, understanding corporate investigations, establishing company policies, etc Evaluation of software/ hardware tools, validation, and

techniques	Face, Iris and Fingerprint Recognition, Audio Video Analysis
Windows System Forensics	About Windows System Forensics
Linux System Forensics, Graphics and Network Forensics	Advantages of networking, E-mail Investigations, Cell Phone, and Mobile Device Forensics.

**UNIT V:**Cyber Crime Legal Perspectives: Introduction, Cybercrime and the Legal Landscape around the World, The Indian IT Act, Challenges to Indian Law and Cybercrime Scenario in India, Consequences of Not Addressing the Weakness in Information Technology Act, Digital Signatures and the Indian IT Act, Amendments to the Indian IT Act, Cybercrime and Punishment, Cyberlaw, Technology, and Students: Indian Scenario.

Unit	Module	Micro Content			
	Cyber Crime Legal	Introduction			
	Perspectives				
	Cybercrime and the	A broad view on cybercrime law scenario in the Asian-			
	Legal Landscape around	Pacific Region, online safety and cybercrime laws: a			
	the World	detailed perspective on the Asian-Pacific scenario,			
		Anti-spam laws in Canada, cybercrimes and federal			
UNIT V		laws in the US			
	The Indian IT Act	Admissibility of electronic records, positive aspects of			
		the ITA 2000, weak areas of the ITA 2000			
	, Challenges to Indian	Consequences of Not Addressing the Weakness in			
	Law and Cybercrime	Information Technology Act			
	Scenario in India				
	Digital Signatures and	Public-key certificate, representation of digital			
	the Indian IT Act	signatures in the ITA 2000, impact of oversights in			
		ITA 2000 regarding Digital signatures, implications for			
		certifying authorities, current scenario, cryptographic			
		perspective			
	Amendments to the	Overview of change made to the Indian IT Act,			
	Indian IT Act	cybercafé-related matters/state government powers.			
	Cybercrime and	Cyberlaw, Technology, and Students: Indian Scenario.			
	Punishment				

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IV Year I- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С	
PE4103	Ui/Ux Design Professional Elective VA	3	0	0	3	
Prerequisites: Basic Web Programming						

**Course Objectives:** 

- Learning UI/UX importance
- Exploring building blocks of UI
- Exploring UI/UX Design common web features
- Exploring UI/UX Design from real life applications
- A case study with some of the best web sites

#### **UNIT-I:**

**12 hrs** 

What is User Interface Design (UI) -The Relationship Between UI and UX, Roles in UI/UX, A Brief Historical Overview of Interface Design, Interface Conventions, Approaches to Screen Based UI, Template vs Content, Formal Elements of Interface Design, Active Elements of Interface Design, Composing the Elements of Interface Design, UI Design Process, Visual Communication design component in Interface Design

# **UNIT-II:**

# 10 hrs

12 hrs

THE ANATOMY OF THE ELEMENTS: GRID AND LAYOUT, TYPOGRAPHY, COLOR, GRADIENTS,

SHADOWS, BUTTONS, FORMS, ICONS, IMAGES, ILLUSTRATIONS, NAVIGATIONS

# Unit – III:

An Eye for UI/UX Design: Navbars, Headers, Features, Cards, Content, Teams, Logo Areas, Stats, Charts, Tables, Maps, Widgets, Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ), Contact Us, Footers, Sidebars, Wizards, Timelines, Reviews

#### **UNIT-IV:**

# 10 hrs

Real Life Applications: About Us, Profile Page, Blog Post Page, E-commerce Page, Sign Up Page, Sign In Page, Policies Page, Chats & Messages Page, Categories Page, Admin Templates

# **UNIT-V:**

Great Website Designs\_A Case Study: apple.com, airbnb.com, about.instagram.com, stripe.com,

# revolut.com

# **OUTCOMES:**

- Learn UI/UX importance and history
- Explore basic building blocks of UI
- Explore UI/UX Design common web features
- Explore UI/UX Design from real life applications
- Learn best design of UI/UX with case studies

# 8 hrs

Text Books:

- 1. "FUNDAMENTALS OF CREATING A GREAT UI/UX" BY CREATIVE TIM
- 2. "REFACTORING UI" BY STEVE SCHOGER & ADAM WATHAN

# Reference Books

- 1. "THE PRINCIPLES OF BEAUTIFUL WEB DESIGN" BY JASON BEAIRD
- 2. "DESIGNING INTERFACES: PATTERNS FOR EFFECTIVE INTERACTION DESIGN" BY JENIFER

TIDWELL, CHARLES BREWER, AYNNE VALENCIA

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IV Year I- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
PE4103	No SQL Databases Professional Elective VB	3	0	0	3
Prerequisites: DBMS					

#### COURSE OBJECTIVES:

 To make student understand about NoSQL, its characteristics and history, and the primary benefits

for using NoSQL data

- To explore students about various types of NO-SQL databases (wide-column, document, key-value,
- graph and object-oriented) in adding content and running queries
- To make students in understanding the NoSQL data architecture patterns

#### **UNIT-I: Introduction to No-SQL**

What is No-SQL?, NoSQL Overview, features of NoSQL, Benefits and drawbacks of NoSQL,

NoSQL vs SQL, Distributed Models, Consistency, Scalability, ACID and BASE for reliable database

transactions, Brewers CAP theorem.

# **UNIT-II: Column-Oriented Databases**

Overview of column-oriented databases, features and drawbacks of column-oriented databases,

Apache Cassandra-architecture, data modeling, Cassandra Query Language-CQL.

#### Unit – III: Key Value Databases

Overview of key-value databases, features and drawbacks of Key-Value databases, Redis-

Architecture of Redis, Features of Redis, Redis commands

# **UNIT-IV: Document based Databases**

12 hrs

12 hrs

**12 hrs** 

12 hrs

Overview of document-based databases, features and drawbacks of document-based databases,

MangoDB-CRUD operations, sorting, indexing

# **UNIT-V: Graph Databases**

Overview of Graph Database, features and drawbacks of Graph databases, Neo4J-<u>Neo4j - Data Model</u>, <u>Neo4j - Building Blocks</u>, Neo4j CQL

#### **Text Books:**

1. NoSQL Distilled: A Brief Guide to the Emerging World of Polyglot Persistence , Author: Sadalage, P. & Fowler, Publication: Pearson Education

#### **Reference Books**

1. Name: Redmond, E. &Wilson, Author: Seven Databases in Seven Weeks: A Guide to Modern Databases and the NoSQL Movement Edition: 1st Edition.

# Micro Syllabus of NoSQL Databases

# **UNIT I: Introduction to No-SQL**

What is No-SQL?, NoSQL Overview, features of NoSQL, Benefits and drawbacks of NoSQL, NoSQL vs SQL, Distributed Models, Consistency, Scalability, ACID and BASE for reliable database transactions, Brewers CAP theorem.

Unit	Module	Micro Content			
		Introduction to NoSQL			
UNIT I		What is NoSQL			
		Need for NOSQL			
		NoSQL Overview			
	Introduction to NoSQL	features of NoSQL Databases			
		Benefits to using NoSQL DB			
		Drawbacks to Using NoSQL DB			
		NoSQL vs. SQL			
		Data Models			
		Distribution Models			
		Consistency			

#### 12 hrs

	NoSQL	L Scala	ability			
	ACID	and	BASE	for	reliable	database
	transac	tions				
	Brewer	s CAl	P theorem	n.		

# $\mathbf{UNIT}-\mathbf{II}$

**Column-Oriented Databases:** Overview of column-oriented databases, features and drawbacks of column-oriented databases, Apache Cassandra-architecture, data modeling, Cassandra Query Language-CQL.

Unit	Module	Micro Content							
	Column-Oriented	Overview of column-oriented databases							
	Databases	features and drawbacks of column-							
		oriented databases							
		Architecture of Cassandra							
		Features of Cassandra							
		Cassandra Query Language-CQL							
		Definitions							
	Apache Cassandra	Data types							
UNIT II		Data definition (DDL)							
		Data manipulation (DML)							
		<u>Operators</u>							
		Secondary indexes							
		Materialized views							
		Functions							
		JSON							

# UNIT-III

**Key Value Databases:** Overview of key-value databases, features and drawbacks of Key-Value databases, Redis- Architecture of Redis, Features of Redis, Redis commands

Unit	Module	Micro Content				
	Key Value	Overview of key-value databases				
UNIT III	Databases	features and drawbacks of Key-Value databases				

	Architecture of Redis
	Features of Redis
	Redis - Commands
	Redis - Keys
	Redis - Strings
	Redis - Hashes
	Redis - Lists
Redis	<u>Redis - Sets</u>
	Redis - Sorted Sets
	Redis - HyperLogLog
	Redis - Publish Subscribe
	Redis - Transactions
	Redis - Scripting

# UNIT – IV

**Document based Databases:** Overview of document based databases, features and drawbacks of document based databases, MangoDB-CRUD operations, sorting, indexing

Unit	Module Micro Content						
		Overview of document based databases					
	Document based	features and drawbacks of document based					
	Databases	databases					
UNIT IV		MongoDB - Data Modeling					
		MongoDB - Create Database					
	MongoDB	MongoDB - Drop Database					
		MongoDB - Create Collection					
		MongoDB - Drop Collection					

MongoDB - Data Types
MongoDB - Insert Document
MongoDB - Query Document
MongoDB - Update Document
MongoDB - Delete Document
MongoDB - Projection
MongoDB - Limiting Records
MongoDB - Sorting Records
MongoDB - Indexing
MongoDB - Aggregation
MongoDB - Replication
MongoDB - Sharding

# UNIT V

**Graph Databases: Overview of** Graph Database, features and drawbacks of Graph databases, Neo4J-<u>Neo4j - Data Model, Neo4j - Building Blocks</u>, Neo4j CQL

Unit	Module	Micro Content				
		Overview of key-value databases				
LINUT V	Graph Databases	features and drawbacks of Graph				
UNII V		databases				
	Neo4J	<u>Neo4j - Data Model</u>				
		Neo4j - Building Blocks				
		Neo4j CQL				
		<ul> <li><u>Neo4j CQL - Introduction</u></li> <li><u>Neo4j CQL - Creating Nodes</u></li> <li><u>Neo4j CQL - Creating a</u> <u>Relationship</u></li> </ul>				
		Neo4j CQL Write Clauses				
		<ul> <li><u>Neo4j - Merge Command</u></li> <li><u>Neo4j - Set Clause</u></li> <li><u>Neo4j - Delete Clause</u></li> <li><u>Neo4j - Remove Clause</u></li> </ul>				

<ul> <li><u>Neo4j</u> - Foreach Clause</li> </ul>
Neo4j CQL Read Clause
• Neo4j - Match Clause
<ul> <li><u>Neo4j</u> - Optional Match Clause</li> </ul>
<ul> <li><u>Neo4j - Where Clause</u></li> </ul>
<ul> <li><u>Neo4j - Count Function</u></li> </ul>
Neo4j CQL General Clauses
• <u>Neo4j - Return Clause</u>
• <u>Neo4j</u> - <u>Order By Clause</u>
• <u>Neo4j - Limit Clause</u>
<ul> <li><u>Neo4j - Skip Clause</u></li> </ul>
<ul> <li><u>Neo4j - With Clause</u></li> </ul>
<ul> <li><u>Neo4j - Unwind Clause</u></li> </ul>
Neo4j CQL Functions
<ul> <li><u>Neo4j - String Functions</u></li> </ul>
<ul> <li><u>Neo4j - Aggregation Function</u></li> </ul>

IV Year I- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С		
PE4103	Human Computer Interaction Professional Elective VC	3	0	0	3		
Prerequisites: Basic Computer Fundamentals							

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To Explain the capabilities of both humans and computers from the viewpoint of humaninformation processing.
- To Describe typical human–computer interaction (HCI) models, styles, and various historic To HCIparadigms.
- To Apply an interactive design process and universal design principles to designing HCIsystems.
- To Describe and use HCI design principles, standards, and guidelines.
- To Analyze and identify user models, user support, socio-organizational issues, and stakeholderrequirements of HCI systems.

# UNIT I:

**Introduction:** Usability of Interactive Systems- introduction, usability goals and measures, usability motivations, universal usability, goals for our profession Managing **Design Processes:** Introduction, Organizational design to support usability, Four pillars of design, development methodologies, Ethnographic observation, Participatory design, Scenario Development, Social impact statement for early design review, legal issues, Usability Testing and Laboratories

# UNIT II:

Menu Selection, Form Fill-In and Dialog Boxes: Introduction, Task- Related Menu Organization, Single menus, Combinations of Multiple Menus, Content Organization, Fast Movement Through Menus, Data entry with Menus: Form Fill-in, dialog Boxes, and alternatives, Audio Menus and menus for Small Displays

# UNIT III:

**Command and Natural Languages**:Introduction, Command organization Functionality, Strategies and Structure, Naming and Abbreviations, Natural Language in Computing Interaction Devices: Introduction, Keyboards and Keypads, Pointing Devices, Speech and Auditory Interfaces, Displays- Small and large.

# UNIT IV:

**Quality of Service:**Introduction, Models of Response-Time impacts, Expectations and attitudes, User Productivity, Variability in Response Time, Frustrating Experiences Balancing Function and Fashion: Introduction, Error Messages, Nonanthropomorphic Design, Display Design, Web Page Design, Window Design, Color.

#### UNIT V:

#### **User Documentation and Online Help:**

Introduction, Online Vs Paper Documentation, Reading from paper Vs from Displays, Shaping the content of the Documentation, Accessing the Documentation, Online tutorials and animated documentation, Online communities for User Assistance, The Development Process.

**Information Search:**Introduction, Searching in Textual Documents and Database Querying, Multimedia Document Searches, Advanced Filtering and Searching Interfaces Information Visualization: Introduction, Data Type by Task Taxonomy, Challenges for Information Visualization

**TEXT BOOKS:** 

- 1. Designing the User Interface, Strategies for Effective Human Computer Interaction, 5ed, BenShneiderman, Catherine Plaisant, Maxine Cohen, Steven M Jacobs, Pearson
- 2. The Essential guide to user interface design,2/e, Wilbert O Galitz, Wiley DreamaTech.

**REFERENCES:** 

- 1. Human Computer, Interaction Dan R.Olsan, Cengage ,2010.
- 2. Designing the user interface. 4/e, Ben Shneidermann, PEA.
- 3. User Interface Design, Soren Lauesen, PEA.
- 4. Interaction Design PRECE, ROGERS, SHARPS, Wiley.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Explain the capabilities of both humans and computers from the viewpoint of humaninformation processing.

CO2: Describe typical human-computer interaction (HCI) models, styles, and various historic HCIparadigms.

CO3: Apply an interactive design process and universal design principles to designing HCIsystems.

CO4: Describe and use HCI design principles, standards, and guidelines.

CO5: Analyze and identify user models, user support, socio-organizational issues, and stakeholderrequirements of HCI systems.

	PO 1	<b>PO</b> 2	PO 3	<b>PO</b> 4	PO 5	PO 6	<b>PO</b> 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1 2	PSO 1
CO 1	2	1	1	2	1	1		1					
CO 2	3	1		2	1		1						
CO 3	1	3		1	1	1		1					
CO 4	2	1		1		2	1						
CO 5	1	2		2	1	2		1					

#### MICRO SYLLABUS

#### **UNIT-I:**

**Introduction:** Usability of Interactive Systems- introduction, usability goals and measures, usability motivations, universal usability, goals for our profession Managing **Design Processes:** Introduction, Organizational design to support usability, Four pillars of design, development methodologies, Ethnographic observation, Participatory design, Scenario Development, Social impact statement for early design review, legal issues, Usability Testing and Laboratories

Unit	Module	le Micro content		
	Introduction	Usability Goals.	2	
	milouuetion	Usability motivations.	-	
	Design Process	Organizational design		
Introduction and		Four pillars of design		
Design Process		Development methodologies		
Design Process.		Ethnographic observation	2	
		Scenario development		
		Early design review		
		Usability Testing		

#### **UNIT-II:**

Menu Selection, Form Fill-In and Dialog Boxes: Introduction, Task- Related Menu Organization,

Single menus, Combinations of Multiple Menus, Content Organization, Fast Movement Through Menus, Data entry with Menus: Form Fill-in, dialog Boxes, and alternatives, Audio Menus and menus for Small Displays

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
Menu Selection,	Menu Selection		
Form Fill-In and Dialog Boxes	Form Fill-In		
8 _ 005	Dialog Boxex		

# **UNIT-III: Command and Natural Languages**

Introduction, Command organization Functionality, Strategies and Structure, Naming and Abbreviations, Natural Language in Computing Interaction Devices: Introduction, Keyboards and Keypads, Pointing Devices, Speech and Auditory Interfaces, Displays- Small and large.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
Command and Natural Languages	Command Languages	Command organization Functionality Strategies and Structure, Naming and Abbreviations	1
	Natural Languages	Natural Language in Computing Interaction Devices.	2

**UNIT-IV: Quality of Service:** Introduction, Models of Response-Time impacts, Expectations and attitudes, User Productivity, Variability in Response Time, Frustrating Experiences Balancing Function and Fashion: Introduction, Error Messages, Nonanthropomorphic Design, Display Design, Web Page Design, Window Design, Color.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
		Introduction	
		Models of Response time.	
		User productivity.	
		Error Messages	
	Quality of service	Nonanthropomorphic	
Quality of Service	Balancing Function	Design.	1
	and Fashion.	Display Design.	
		Webpage design	
		Window design	
		color	

# **UNIT-V: User Documentation and Online Help:**

Introduction, Online Vs Paper Documentation, Reading from paper Vs from Displays, Shaping the content of the Documentation, Accessing the Documentation, Online tutorials and animated

documentation, Online communities for User Assistance, The Development Process.

**Information Search:** Introduction, Searching in Textual Documents and Database Querying, Multimedia Document Searches, Advanced Filtering and Searching Interfaces Information Visualization: Introduction, Data Type by Task Taxonomy, Challenges for Information Visualization

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
	User Documentation and online help	Introduction Online vs paper documentation. Accessing the Documentation Animated documentation User Assistance.	1
User Documentation and online help	Information Search	Introduction Searching in Textual Documents. Database querying. Multimedia document search Advanced Filtering and searching Interfaces. Visualization.	1

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IV- Year II- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С		
PE4103	Network Programming Professional Elective VD	3	0	0	3		
Prerequisites: Computer Networks							

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To summarize OSI model, Unix standards, TCP, connection establishment, UDP
- 2. To understand socket API and its basic functions .
- 3. To gain knowledge on TCP Services and related unix system calls
- 4. To understand UD Services and related unix system calls
- 5. To gain the understanding of remote procedure calls and inter process communication, implementation of different forms of IPC in client-server environment

**UNIT-I: Introduction to Network Programming:** OSI model, Unix standards, TCP and UDP & TCP connection establishment and Format, Buffer sizes and limitation, standard internet services, Protocol usage by common internet application.

**UNIT-II : Sockets:** Address structures, value – result arguments, Byte ordering and manipulation function and related functions Elementary TCP sockets – Socket, connect, bind, listen, accept, forkand exec function, concurrent servers. Close function and related function

**UNIT– III: TCP client server:** Introduction, TCP Echo server functions, Normal startup, terminate and signal handling server process termination, Crashing and Rebooting of server host shutdown of server host. **I/O Multiplexing and socket options:** I/O Models, select function, Batch input, shutdown function, poll function, TCP Echo server, get-sockopt and set-sockopt functions. Socket states, Generic socket option IPV6 socket option ICMPV6 socket option IPV6 socket option and TCP socket options

**UNIT-IV: Elementary UDP sockets**: Introduction UDP Echo server function, lost datagram, summary of UDP example, Lack of flow control with UDP, determining outgoing interface with UDP. **Elementary name and Address conversions:** DNS, get-host by Name function, Resolver option, Function and IPV6 support, uname function, other networking

**UNIT** – V: IPC- Introduction, File and record locking, Pipes, FIFOs streams and messages, Name spaces, system IPC, Message queues, Semaphores. **Remote Login:** Terminal line disciplines, Pseudo-Terminals, Terminal modes, Control Terminals, rlogin Overview, RPC Transparency Issues.

# **Text Books:**

1. UNIX Network Programming, Vol. I, Sockets API, 2nd Edition. - W.Richard Stevens, Pearson Edn. Asia

2. UNIX Network Programming, 1st Edition, - W.Richard Stevens. PHI

# **Reference Book:**

1.UNIX for Programmers and Users, 3rd Edition Graham GLASS, King

abls,Pearson Education 2.Advanced UNIX Programming 2nd Edition M. J. ROCHKIND, Pearson Education

#### **Course Outcomes:**

By the end the of the course, the student will be able to

CO1: Summarize OSI model, Unix standards, TCP connection establishment, UDP

CO2: Understand socket API and its basic functions

CO3: Gain knowledge on TCP Services and related unix system calls

CO4: Understand UDP services and related unix system calls.

**CO5**: Gain the understanding of remote procedure calls and inter process communication, implementation of different forms of IPC in client-server environment

#### **CO-PO-PSO Mapping Matrix:**

	PO 1	<b>PO</b> 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	<b>PO</b> 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1 2	PSO 1	PPO 2
CO -1	2										2		2	2
CO -2	2	2									2		2	2
CO -3	2	2	2								2	2	2	2
CO -4	_		2								2	2	2	2
CO -5	-		2								2	2	2	2

# MICRO SYLLABUS

**UNIT-I: Introduction to Network Programming:** OSI model, Unix standards, TCP and UDP & TCP connection establishment and Format, Buffer sizes and limitation, standard internet services, Protocol usage by common internet

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
Introduction to	OSI model	Layers in OSI model and internet protocol suite	1
Network		Posix, The Open group, Internet	1
Programming	Unix standards	versions and portability	1

TCP &UDP	The Big Picture, Overview of TCP/IP protocols, TCP, UDP	1
TCP connection establishment and Termination	Three-way handshake,TCP options,TCP connection termination,TCP state transition diagram,	2
Buffer sizes and limitation	TCP and UDP output	1
standard internet services, Protocol usage by common internet	Standard TCP/IP services provided by most implementations, Ping,Traceroute,OSPF,RIP,BGP	1

**UNIT-II:** Sockets: Address structures, value – result arguments, Byte ordering and manipulation function and related functions Elementary TCP sockets – Socket, connect, bind, listen, accept, forkand exec function, concurrent servers. Close function and related function

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
	Address structures	IPv4 Socket Address Structure,Generic socket address structure,IPv6 socket address structure	1
	value – result arguments	Socket address structure passed from process to kernel and from Kernel to process	1
Sockets	Byte ordering and manipulation function	Little-endian byte order and Big-endian byte order ,bzero,bcopy,bcmp,memset,memcpy,memcmp	1
	Elementary TCP sockets	Socket, connect, bind, listen, accept, forkand exec function, close function	2
	concurrent servers	Outline for typical concurrent server	1

**UNIT-III: TCP client server:** Introduction, TCP Echo server functions, Normal startup, terminate and signal handling server process termination, Crashing and Rebooting of server host shutdownof server host

**Multiplexing and socket options:** I/O Models, select function, Batch input, shutdown function, poll function, TCP Echo server, get-sockopt and set-sockopt functions. Socket states, Generic socket option IPV4 socket option ICMPV6 socket option IPV6 socket option and TCP socket options

UnitModuleMicro contentNo	of hrs
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		Simple echo client and server, TCP echo		
		server: main function,str_echo		
	ICP Echo server	function, TCP echo clent: main	2	
	functions	function.str cli function,normal startup		
TCP client		and terminate		
server	~	Signal function.SIGCHLD.wait and		
	Signal handling	waitpid functions	2	
		Normal termination, Crashing of server		
	Termination of	host.Crashing and rebooting of server	1	
	server process	host		
		Blocking I/O model.Non-Blocking I/O		
		model, I/O multiplexing model, Signal	2	
	I/O models	driven model.Asynchronous I/O	2	
		model, Comparison of I/O		
	_	Syntax, description of arguments, max no		
	Select function	of descriptors for select, Batch	1	
		input, shutdown function		
	Poll function	Syntax, description of arguments, TCP	1	
		echo server	1	
	Socket options	Getsockopt and setsockopt, socket states	1	
	Generic socket	So_broadcast,so_debug,so_dontroute,so_	1	
Multiplexing	option	error,so_keepalive	1	
and Socket		IPV6_ADDRFORM,		
options	Inve SOCKET	IPV6_CHECKSUM,IPV6_DSTOPTS,IP		
	IPVO SOCKE I	V6_HOPLIMIT,IPV6_HOPOPTS,IPV6_	1	
	OPTIONS	NEXTHOP, IPV6_PKTINFO, IPV6_PKT		
		OPTIONS, IPV6_RTHDR		
		TCP_KEEPALIVE,		
	ICP Socket	TCP_MAXRT,TCP_MAXSEG,TCP_N	1	
	options	ODELAY		
	ICMPV6	ICMP6_FILTER	1	
		IP_HDRINCL, IP_OPTIONS, IP_RECV		
	IPV4	DSTADDR,IP_RECVIF,IP_TOS,IP_TT	1	
		L		

**UNIT-IV: Elementary UDP sockets**: Introduction UDP Echo server function, lost datagram, summary of UDP example, Lack of flow control with UDP, determining outgoing interface with UDP, **Elementary name and Address conversions**: DNS, get-host by Name function, Resolver option, Function and IPV6 support, uname function, other networking.

Unit		Module	Micro content	No of hrs
Elementary Sockets	UDP	UDP Echo server function	UDP echo server and client : main function,dg_echo,dg_cli,lost datagram	2

	summary of UDP example	Summary of UDP client-server from clent's perspective and server's perspective,lack of flow control with UDP	1
	determining outgoing interface with UDP	UDP socket that uses connect to determine outgoing interface	1
	DNS	Resource Records, Resolvers, Name servers, DNS alternatives	
Elementary name	gethostbynamefunction	Hostent structure and information it contains, changes in information returned in hostent structure with IPV6 address	
and Address conversions	Resolver option	Ways of using resolver option, gethostname2 function,IPV6 support	
	Uname	Syntax and description of arguments	
	Other networking information	Four types of network related information	

**UNIT-V: IPC-** Introduction, File and record locking, Pipes, FIFOs streams and messages, Name spaces, system IPC, Message queues, Semaphores. **Remote Login:** Terminal line disciplines, Pseudo-Terminals, Terminal modes, Control Terminals, rlogin Overview, RPC Transparency Issues

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs	
	File and record locking	Advisory and mandatory locks	1	
IPC	Pipes	pipe(),popen() and pclose()	1	
	FIFO	fifo(), client server communication using FIFO	1	
	Message queue	Msgget(),msgctl()msgsnd(),msgrcv()	1	
	Semaphores	<pre>Semget(),semctl(),semop(),</pre>	1	
	Terminal line	Discipline module, old discipline, new	1	
	disciplines	discipline,Berknet discipline	1	
	Terminal modes	Cooked mode, raw mode, Cbreak mode	1	
Domoto	rlogin quarviou	Process involved in remote login client and	1	
Login	nogin overview	server		
Login	<b>PDC</b> and its	Steps in normal RPC, Transparency issues:		
	transparancy	Parameter passing, binding, transport protocol,	2	
	issues	exception handling, call semantics, data		
	issues	representation, performance, security		

IV Year I- Semester	IV Year I- Semester Name of the Course		Т	Р	С
OE4101	Data Science	3	0	0	3

	Open Elective III/Job Oriented Course III				
Prerequisites: DBMS, Data Mining, Python Programming					

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To gain knowledge in the basic concepts of Data Analysis
- 2. To acquire skills in data preparatory and preprocessing steps
- 3. To learn the tools and packages in Python for data science
- 4. To gain understanding in classification and Regression Model
- 5. To acquire knowledge in data interpretation and visualization techniques

# **UNIT I**

Introduction: Need for data science - benefits and uses - facets of data - data science process - setting their search goal - retrieving data - cleansing, integrating, and transforming data – exploratory data analysis – build the models – presenting and building applications.

# **UNIT II**

**Describing Data I:** Frequency distributions – Outliers – relative frequency distributions – cumulative frequency distributions - frequency distributions for nominal data - interpreting distributions - graphs - averages - mode - median - mean - averages for qualitative and ranked data - describing variability - range - variance - standard deviation - degrees of freedom – inter quartile range –variability for qualitative and ranked data.

# **UNIT III**

Python for Data Handling: Basics of Numpy arrays - aggregations - computations on arrays - comparisons, masks, Boolean logic - fancy indexing - structured arrays - Data manipulation with Pandas - data indexing and selection - operating on data - missing data hierarchical indexing – combining datasets –aggregation and grouping – pivot tables.

# **UNIT IV**

**Describing Data II:** Normal distributions – z scores – normal curve problems– finding proportions – finding scores –more about z scores – correlation – scatter plots correlation coefficient for quantitative data -computational formula for correlation coefficient - regression - regression line - least squares regression line - standard error of estimate – interpretation of r2– multiple regression equations –regression toward the mean.

# UNIT V

Python for Data Visualization: Visualization with matplotlib - line plots - scatter plots visualizing errors - density and contour plots - histograms, binnings, and density - three dimensional plotting - geographic data - data analysis using state models and seaborn - graph plotting using Plotly – interactive data visualization using Bokeh.

# **Text Books**

- 1. David Cielen, Arno D. B. Meysman, and Mohamed Ali, "Introducing Data Science", Manning Publications, 2016. (first two chapters for Unit I)
- 2. Robert S. Witte and John S. Witte, "Statistics", Eleventh Edition, Wiley Publications,

# 6hrs

8hrs

# 8hrs

# 10hrs

# 8hrs

2017. (Chapters 1–7 for Units II and III)

3. Jake VanderPlas, "Python Data Science Handbook", O'Reilly, 2016. (Chapters 2– 4 for Units IV and V)

# **Reference Books:**

1. Allen B. Downey, "Think Stats: Exploratory Data Analysis in Python", Green Tea Press, 2014.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

By the end the of the course, the student will be able to

**CO1:** Gain knowledge in the basic concepts of Data Analysis

CO2: Acquire skills in data preparatory and preprocessing steps

CO3: Learn the tools and packages in Python for data science

**CO4:** Gain understanding in classification and Regression Model

**CO5:** Acquire knowledge in data interpretation and visualization techniques

# **CO-PO-PSO Mapping Matrix:**

	P O 1	P 02	Р О3	P O4	Р О5	Р Об	Р О7	Р 08	Р О9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PSO 1	PSO 2
CO -1	2										2		1	2
CO -2	2	2									2		1	1
CO -3	2	2	2								1	2	2	2
CO -4	-		1								2	2	2	2
CO -5	-		2								2	2	2	2

#### MICRO SYLLABUS

**UNIT-I: Introduction:** Need for data science – benefits and uses – facets of data – data science process – setting their search goal – retrieving data – cleansing, integrating, and transforming data – exploratory data analysis – build the models – presenting and building applications.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
Introduction to	Introduction to	Scalars, Vectors, Matrices and	2
Data Science	Data Science	Tensors, Matrix operations, types	Z

	of matrices, Norms, Eigen decomposition, Singular Value Decomposition, Principal Components Analysis.	
Data Operations	retrieving data – cleansing, integrating, and transforming data – exploratory data analysis	2
Building Models	build the models – presenting and building applications.	2

**UNIT-II: Describing Data I:** Frequency distributions – Outliers – relative frequency distributions – cumulative frequency distributions – frequency distributions for nominal data – interpreting distributions – graphs –averages – mode – median – mean – averages for qualitative and ranked data – describing variability – range – variance – standard deviation – degrees of freedom – inter quartile range –variability for qualitative and ranked data.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
	Frequency distributions	Outliers – relative frequency distributions – cumulative frequency distributions – frequency distributions for nominal data – interpreting distributions	5
Describing Data I	Numerical methods	graphs –averages – mode – median – mean – averages for qualitative and ranked data – describing variability – range – variance – standard deviation – degrees of freedom – inter quartile range –variability for qualitative and ranked data.	3

**UNIT-III:** Python for Data Handling: Basics of Numpy arrays – aggregations – computations on arrays – comparisons, masks, Boolean logic – fancy indexing – structured arrays – Data manipulation with Pandas – data indexing and selection – operating on data – missing data – hierarchical indexing – combining datasets –aggregation and grouping – pivot tables.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
Python for Data Handling	Basics of Numpy arrays	Basics of Numpy arrays – aggregations – computations on arrays – comparisons, masks, Boolean logic – fancy indexing – structured	3

	arrays	
Data manipulation with Pandas	Data manipulation with Pandas – data indexing and selection – operating on data – missing data – hierarchical indexing	3
combining datasets	combining datasets – aggregation and grouping – pivot tables	2

**UNIT-IV: Describing Data II:** Normal distributions -z scores - normal curve problemsfinding proportions - finding scores - more about z scores - correlation - scatter plots - correlation coefficient for quantitative data - computational formula for correlation coefficient - regression - regression line - least squares regression line - standard error of estimate - interpretation of r2- multiple regression equations - regression toward the mean.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
Describing Data II	Normal distributions	Normal distributions – z scores – normal curve problems– finding proportions – finding scores –more about z scores	3
	Correlation	correlation – scatter plots – correlation coefficient for quantitative data – computational formula for correlation coefficient	3
	Regression	regression – regression line – least squares regression line – standard error of estimate – interpretation of r2– multiple regression equations –regression toward the mean	4

**UNIT-V**: **Python for Data Visualization:** Visualization with matplotlib – line plots – scatter plots – visualizing errors – density and contour plots – histograms, binnings, and density – three dimensional plotting – geographic data – data analysis using state models and seaborn – graph plotting using Plotly – interactive data visualization using Bokeh

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
Python for Data Visualization	Visualization	Visualization with matplotlib – line plots – scatter plots – visualizing errors – density and contour plots – histograms, binnings, and density	3
	Three-dimensional plotting	three-dimensional plotting – geographic data	2
	Data Analysis Models	data analysis using state models and seaborn – graph plotting using Plotly – interactive data visualization using Bokeh	3

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IV Year I- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
OE4102	Blockchain Applications using Solidity Open Elective IV/Job Oriented Course IV	3	0	0	3
Prerequisites: Crytography, Java Programming					

# **COURSE OUTCOMES**

CO1: Infer and explore the working of Blockchain technology (Understanding)

CO2: Differentiate the working of Smart Contracts (Analyze)

CO3: identifies and illustrates the working of Hyperledger (Analyze).

CO4: Demonstrates the learning of solidity and de-centralized apps on Ethereum (Apply).

CO5: Interprets various applications

### UNIT -1

Introduction of Cryptography and Blockchain: What is Blockchain, Blockchain Technology Mechanisms & Networks, Blockchain Origins, Objective of Blockchain, Blockchain Challenges, Transactions and Blocks, P2P Systems, Keys as Identity, Digital Signatures, Hashing, and public key cryptosystems, private vs. public Blockchain

# UNIT -2

BitCoin and Cryptocurrency: What is Bitcoin, The Bitcoin Network, The Bitcoin Mining Process, Mining Developments, Bitcoin Wallets, Decentralization and Hard Forks, Ethereum Virtual Machine (EVM), Merkle Tree, Double-Spend Problem, Blockchain and Digital Currency, Transactional Blocks, Impact of Blockchain Technology on Cryptocurrency

# UNIT -3

Introduction to Ethereum: What is Ethereum, Introduction to Ethereum, Consensus Mechanisms, How Smart Contracts Work, Meta mask Setup, Ethereum Accounts, Receiving Ether's What's a Transaction? Smart Contracts

# UNIT -4

Solidity Programming: Solidity – Language of Smart Contracts, Installing Solidity & Ethereum Wallet, Basics of Solidity, Layout of a Solidity Source File & Structure of Smart Contracts, General Value Types (Int, Real, String, Bytes, Arrays, Mapping, Enum, address)

### UNIT -5

Blockchain Applications: Internet of Things, Medical Record Management System, Domain Name Service and Future of Blockchain, Alt Coins.

**TEXT Books:** 

1. Mastering Blockchain: Deeper insights into decentralization, cryptography, Bitcoin, and popular

Blockchain frameworks by Bashir, Imran, 2017.

2. Arvind Narayanan, Joseph Bonneau, Edward Felten, Andrew Miller, and Steven Goldfeder.

Bitcoin and cryptocurrency technologies: a comprehensive introduction. Princeton University

Press, 2016.

3. Joseph Bonneau et al, SoK: Research perspectives and challenges for Bitcoin and

cryptocurrency, IEEE Symposium on security and Privacy, 2015.

### MICRO SYLLABUS

Introduction to Blockchain: What is Blockchain, Blockchain Technology Mechanisms & Networks, Blockchain Origins, Objective of Blockchain, Blockchain Challenges, Transactions and Blocks, P2P Systems, Keys as Identity, Digital Signatures, Hashing, and public key cryptosystems, private vs. public Blockchain.

Unit No.	Торіс	Sub Topic				
Ι		What is Blockchain				
		Blockchain Technology Mechanisms				
		Networks, Blockchain Origins				
	INTRODUCTION TO BLOCKCHAIN	Objective of Blockchain Blockchain Challenges Transactions and Blocks				
					P2P Systems	
						Keys as Identity
			Digital Signatures			
	Hashing, and public key cryptosystems					
	private vs. public Blockchain					

BitCoin and Cryptocurrency: What is Bitcoin, The Bitcoin Network, The Bitcoin Mining Process, Mining Developments, Bitcoin Wallets, Decentralization and Hard Forks, Ethereum Virtual Machine (EVM), Merkle Tree, Double-Spend Problem, Blockchain and Digital Currency, Transactional Blocks, Impact of Blockchain Technology on Cryptocurrency.

п	BITCOIN AND CRYPTOCURRENCY	What is Bitcoin, The Bitcoin Network, The Bitcoin Mining Process					
		Mining Developments, Bitcoin Wallets, Decentralization and Hard Forks					
		Decentralization and Hard Forks					

Ethereum Virtual Machine (EVM), Merk
Tree
Double-Spend Problem, Blockchain an
Digital Currency
Transactional Blocks
Impact of Blockchain Technology of
Cryptocurrency.

Introduction to Ethereum: What is Ethereum, Introduction to Ethereum, Consensus Mechanisms, How Smart Contracts Work, Meta mask Setup, Ethereum Accounts, Receiving Ether's What's a Transaction? Smart Contracts

Unit No.	Торіс	Sub Topic				
III I		What is Ethereum, Introduction to Ethereum				
		Consensus Mechanisms				
		How Smart Contracts Work				
	INTRODUCTION TO ETHEREUM	UMMeta mask Setup				
		Ethereum Accounts				
		Receiving Ether's What's a Transaction?				
		Smart Contracts				

Solidity Programming: Solidity – Language of Smart Contracts, Installing Solidity & Ethereum Wallet, Basics of Solidity, Layout of a Solidity Source File & Structure of Smart Contracts, General Value Types (Int, Real, String, Bytes, Arrays, Mapping, Enum, address)

Unit No.	Торіс	Sub Topic				
IV	SOLIDITY PROGRAMMING	Solidity – Language of Smart Contracts, Installing Solidity & Ethereum Wallet Basics of Solidity, Layout of a Solidity Source File				
		Structure of Smart Contracts General Value Types (Int, Real, String, Bytes, Arrays, Mapping, Enum, address)				

Blockchain Applications: Internet of Things, Medical Record Management System, Domain Name Service and Future of Blockchain, Alt Coins.

Unit No.	Торіс	Sub Topic						
V	BLOCKCHAIN APPLICATIONS	Internet of Things						
		Medical Record Management System						
		Domain Name Service and Future of						
		Blockchain						
			Alt Coins.					

IV Year I- Semester	Name of the Course	L	Т	Р	С
SAC4101	Selenium /Salesforce Automation/PowerBI	0	0	4	2
Prerequisites: Software Engineering, Software Testing Methodologies					